## Berea College

## Fact Book 2004-2005



## INTRODUCTION

## To Our Readers:

We are pleased to present this year's Berea College Fact Book. Its purpose is to provide current and accurate information pertaining to the College, its students, faculty, programs, facilities, and activities.

Most of the information included in the Fact Book is provided by various College offices. The assistance and cooperation we receive from individuals in these offices is very much appreciated.

We hope that you find this year's Fact Book both informative and useful. Please let us know how we can improve it. For more details, please visit our website at www.berea.edu/ira/campusinfo.htm.

Judith Weckman, Director

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## THE GREAT COMMITMENTS OF BEREA COLLEGE

Berea College, founded by ardent abolitionists and radical reformers, continues today as an educational institution still firmly rooted in its historic purpose "to promote the cause of Christ." Adherence to the College's scriptural foundation, "God has made of one blood all peoples of the earth," shapes the College's culture and programs so that students and staff alike can work toward both personal goals and a vision of a world shaped by Christian values, such as the power of love over hate, human dignity and equality, and peace with justice. This environment frees persons to be active learners, workers, and servers as members of the academic community and as citizens of the world. The Berea experience nurtures intellectual, physical, aesthetic, emotional, and spiritual potentials and with those the power to make meaningful commitments and translate them into action.

To achieve this purpose, Berea College commits itself:

- To provide an educational opportunity primarily for students from Appalachia, black and white, who have great promise and limited economic resources.
- To provide an education of high quality with a liberal arts foundation and outlook.
- To stimulate understanding of the Christian faith and its many expressions and to emphasize the Christian ethic and the motive of service to others.
- To provide for all students through the labor program experiences for learning and serving in community, and to demonstrate that labor, mental and manual, has dignity as well as utility.
- To assert the kinship of all people and to provide interracial education with a particular emphasis on understanding and equality among blacks and whites.
- To create a democratic community dedicated to education and equality for women and men.
- To maintain a residential campus and to encourage in all members of the community a way of life characterized by plain living, pride in labor well done, zest for learning, high personal standards, and concern for the welfare of others.
- To serve the Appalachian region primarily through education but also by other appropriate services.

For more details, please visit
[http://www.berea.edu/catalog/bereasstory.asp\#greatcommitments](http://www.berea.edu/catalog/bereasstory.asp%5C#greatcommitments)
Source: Office of the President, April 1993

## A BRIEF HISTORY OF BEREA COLLEGE

Berea owes its beginning to the abolitionist movements of the last century. The founders were men and women of uncommon faith and courage. The Rev. John G. Fee, ardently supporting the cause of freedom through his preaching against slavery, attracted the attention of Cassius M. Clay, a leader in the movement for gradual emancipation. Mr. Clay had noted that the people in the mountains were the natural supporters of freedom because they owned land but did not own slaves, and he invited Mr. Fee in 1853 to establish a settlement on the edge of the mountains where free speech could be maintained.

In the old Glade Church House Mr. Fee organized an anti-slavery church, "a union of all spirit-born followers of Jesus Christ," and out of this grew the village and college named by him Berea because the people "received the word with all readiness of mind." -Acts 17:11. The motto of the new school revealed the inclusive character of its mission - "God has made of one blood all peoples of the earth."

In 1855 the community built a one-room district school of which Mr. Fee was a trustee. Under his direction two pre-ministerial Oberlin College students taught this school, William E. Lincoln for two terms and Otis B. Waters for one term. In 1858, the Rev. J. A. R. Rogers was added to this preaching mission and because of his great skill as a teacher, his subscription school at once became very popular, while the district school continued to function as a part of the county system.

Mr. Fee urged the establishment of a higher school where young people might absorb anti-slavery ideas while preparing for teaching, preaching, and work in agriculture. While working with other leaders of the community to draw up a constitution for the new school, Fee and Rogers firmly insisted that the constitution should ensure its interracial character. It was also agreed that the college would furnish labor for as many students as possible, not only to help them pay their expenses, but also to dignify labor in a southern state where slavery tended to degrade manual labor. The first articles of incorporation of Berea College were adopted in July 1859, but because of interruptions resulting from the Civil War, they were not recorded at the county seat until April 5, 1866. The title page of the first catalog for 1866-67 uses the corporate name Berea College, while the cover bears the title Berea Literary Institution, "as more in consonance with the present character of the school." The divisions of the school for the year were Primary, Intermediate, and Academic, including college preparatory, shorter course, and teachers' course. In 1869-70 five freshmen were admitted to the College Department and in 1873 the first B.A. degrees were granted.

The institution was coeducational from the beginning, Christian but nonsectarian in its teaching, and true to the purpose of its founding it was open to all regardless of race until 1904, when the Kentucky Legislature prohibited the education of black students with white in private schools. The Kentucky Constitution of 1890 had imposed segregation in public schools. As a result of the 1904 decision, Berea College set aside funds to assist in the establishment of Lincoln Institute, a school for black youth, near Louisville, Kentucky. In 1950, however, the Kentucky Legislature amended the law, and in the fall of 1950 Berea College was able to return to its historic position and again admitted students without regard to race.

Although curricular offerings have varied to meet changing needs and the administrative or "school" units within the college have been reorganized many times, the general character of the institution remained, with elementary and secondary work continuing along with an expanding college curriculum. In 1968, the college discontinued all work on the secondary and elementary school level.

John G. Fee was the first President of the Board of Trustees, 1858-92; and John A. R. Rogers was the first principal of the college, 1858-69. Since then there have been the following presidents: Edward Henry Fairchild, 1869-89; William B. Stewart, 1890-92; William Goodell Frost, 1892-1920; William J. Hutchins, 1920-39; Francis S. Hutchins, 1939-67; Willis D. Weatherford, 1967-84; John B. Stephenson, 1984-94; and Larry D. Shinn, 1994 to the present.

Source: Berea College Catalog, 2004 - 2005.[http://www.berea.edu/catalog/bereasstory.asp](http://www.berea.edu/catalog/bereasstory.asp)

## ACCREDITATION

Berea College is accredited in its awarding of baccalaureate degrees by the Commission on Colleges of the Southern Association of Colleges and Schools. The College is also accredited by the National League for Nursing, and by the National Council for the Accreditation of Teacher Education for the preparation of elementary and secondary school teachers with the bachelor's degree as the highest degree approved. The Didactic Program in Dietetics (DPD) is approved by the American Dietetics Association.

## INSTITUTIONAL MEMBERSHIPS

Berea College is an institutional member of:

- American Association for Higher Education
- American Association of Colleges and Universities
- American Association of Colleges for Teacher Education
- American Council on Education
- The Annapolis Group
- Appalachian College Association
- Association of Governing Boards of Universities and Colleges
- Association of Independent Kentucky Colleges and Universities
- Campus Compact
- Council of Independent Colleges
- Council on Undergraduate Research
- Greater Cincinnati Council on World Affairs
- Kentucky Institute of International Studies
- National Association of Independent Colleges and Universities
- National Council for the Accreditation of Teacher Education
- Project Periclese
- Southern Association of Colleges and Schools
- Southern University Conference

NOTE: Alumnae are eligible for membership in the American Association of University Women.

Source: Berea College Catalog, 2004 - 2005, [http://www.berea.edu/catalog/distinctivefeatures.asp\#accreditation](http://www.berea.edu/catalog/distinctivefeatures.asp%5C#accreditation) Office of the Academic Vice President and Provost, October 2004
Office of the President, October 2004

## ACADEMIC INFORMATION

## Programs of Study

Berea's curriculum offers the advantage of interdisciplinary general study combined with intensive study within a major field. The academic program is organized within the 41-4 calendar system. Students normally enroll in four courses for each of the Fall and Spring terms and one course in the January term. Students may enroll in up to 2.25 courses in the Summer term. Berea courses are equivalent to four semester hours (6 quarter hours).

All degree programs require a minimum of 33 courses, some require more.
Students obtain either a Bachelor of Arts degree or a Bachelor of Science degree. The College offers the following majors for a Bachelor of Arts degree:

| Art | Elementary Education | Philosophy | Sociology |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Biology | English | Physical Education | Spanish |
| Chemistry | French | Physics | Speech |
| Child and Family Studies | German | Political Science | Communication |
| Classical Languages | History | Psychology | Theatre |
| Economics | Mathematics | Religion | Women's Studies |
| Education Studies | Music |  |  |
| Teacher Education Programs Offered: |  |  |  |
| Interdisciplinary Early Childhood Education |  |  |  |
| Elementary |  |  |  |
| Middle Grades |  |  |  |
| Secondary Programs in: |  |  |  |
| Art | Family/Consumer Sciences | Industrial Technology | Physical Education |
| Biology | French | Mathematics | Social Studies |
| Chemistry | German | Music | Spanish |
| English | Health | Physics |  |

The following majors for a Bachelor of Science degree are offered:

| Agriculture and Natural Resources | Nursing |
| :--- | :--- |
| Business Administration | Technology and Industrial Arts |

Opportunities also exist for the student who wishes to pursue an independent major. These majors, designed by students, must be approved by the Academic Program Council. Possible areas include Asian Studies, Biochemistry, Black Studies, Comparative Literature, and Environmental Conservation.

The following minors are offered:

- Agriculture and Natural Resources
- French
- Religion
- Appalachian Studies*
- German
- Sociology
- Asian Studies*
- Health
- Spanish
- Black Studies*
- History
- Sustainability and
- Latin
- Business Administration
- Music
Environmental Studies*
- Communication
- Philosophy
- Computer Science
- Political Science
- Dance
*Interdisciplinary Minors
Source: Berea College Catalog, 2003-2004.
[http://www.berea.edu/catalog/academicregulations.asp\#degreesofstudy](http://www.berea.edu/catalog/academicregulations.asp%5C#degreesofstudy)


## THE STUDENT LABOR PROGRAM

The Student Labor Program, a central component of the Berea experience, requires that all students work for at least 10 hours each week. The program is conceived as student and learning centered; as service to the College and broader community; and as providing necessary work (i.e., work that needs to be done) being done well. This program teaches students the necessity of time management and instills a strong work ethic. It develops in them an appreciation for all types of work and teaches them how to work effectively with others. It gives them an opportunity to explore possible career paths and helps them to apply what they have learned in the classroom. Through the Labor Program, students can absorb knowledge, gain valuable insights, and render service to others -thereby realizing the College's three fundamental principles of learning, labor, and service to others.

Student work is essential to most aspects of the operation of Berea College, including its financial aid program. Students are credited with a labor grant of $\$ 2,800$ per year in exchange for their participation in the Student Labor Program. Additionally, students earn an hourly wage, ranging from $\$ 3.25$ to $\$ 5.30$, as a means of financial aid to help meet the costs of room, board, books, and personal expenses. Most students work ten to fifteen hours per week. Additional work hours may be contracted with the approval of the academic, labor, and financial aid offices. First year students are assigned to labor positions, while upper-class students seek positions in more than 130 Berea College offices, departments, and programs. In all positions, labor coaches provide training, direction, and guidance. Students are expected to seek positions of increasing skill and responsibility as they progress through their years at Berea.

The Labor Program provides students with a keen sense of workplace accountability, as it holds them responsible for scheduled work hours and creates performance standards as exacting as academic standards.

For a complete list of all labor departments in which students work, see pages 97 and 98 .

## THE CONVOCATION SERIES

The Convocation Series is a vital component of Berea's General Education Program. Through the Convocation Series, notable speakers, scholars, performers, and authorities on a variety of subjects, both historic and contemporary, address and enrich the campus community. Convocation topics are often related to substance that students are considering in their classes.

All students will automatically be enrolled in a one-quarter-credit convocation course during each of their regular terms of enrollment, with the exception of the final term of enrollment, for a maximum of eight such terms. For each term of enrollment, the student will earn the grade of CA (which is calculated as an A in the GPA) for attending at least seven convocations. The grade of CF (which is calculated as an F in the GPA) will be awarded for attendance at fewer than seven convocations. Enrollment in this course is optional during the final term at Berea (or is prohibited if the student has already enrolled in this course for eight terms).

To see the Academic Year 2004-05 convocation calendar, please visit[http://www.berea.edu/convo/](http://www.berea.edu/convo/).

Source: Berea College Catalog, 2004-2005,
[http://www.berea.edu/catalog/academicregulations.asp\#convocations](http://www.berea.edu/catalog/academicregulations.asp%5C#convocations)

## CLUBS AND ORGANIZATIONS ACADEMIC YEAR 2004-2005

African Student Association (ASA)
Agriculture Union
Alcohol Education Resource Organization (AERO) Club
Alpha Psi Omega
Alpha Rho Tau
American Chemical Society (ACS)
Amnesty International
Asian Student Union
Association of Student Nurses
Awareness, Communication, and Equality (ACE) League
Baha'i Club
Ballroom Dancing
Baptist Student Union (BSU)
Berea Cheerleaders
Berea College Republicans
Berea Entrepreneurs Club (BEC)
Berea Martial Arts Club
Bereans for Life
Biology Club
Black Music Ensemble
Black Student Union
Board of Residents
Buddhist Student Association (BSA)
Campus Activities Board (CAB)
Campus Christian Council
Chi Alpha
Child and Family Studies Club
Chimes Yearbook
Collegiate Music Educators National Conference
Concert Choir, Concert Band, and Women's Chorus
Cosmopolitan Club
Country Dancers
Dance Club
Danish Gymnastics
Debate and Speech Team
Delta Tau Alpha
Fellowship of Christian Athletes (FCS)
Geology Club
German Club
Habitat for Humanity
Hispanic Student Association
History and Political Science Club
Industrial Technology Club
A

INSIGHT
Inter-Varsity Christian Fellowship
Intramurals
Kappa Omicron Nu
Le Cercle Francais
Math and Computer Science Club
Modern Dance Troupe
Mortar Board
Muslim Student Association
Newman Club
Non-Traditional Student Group
Orientation Team (O Team)
People Who Care
Pep Squad
Phi Alpha Theta
Phi Mu Epsilon
Physical Education Majors Club (PEM)
Physics Club
Pinnacle
Pre-Medical/Dental Club
Psychology/Psi Chi
Saddle Club
Society for Advancement of Management (SAM)
Student Alumni Relations Council (SARC)
Students for a Free Tibet
Student Government Association (SGA)
Freshman Class
Sophomore Class
Junior Class
Senior Class
Students for Appalachia (SFA) Programs:
Berea Buddies
Healing Earth and Learning (HEAL)
One-on-One Tutoring
Adopt-a-Grandparent
Students in Free Enterprise (SIFE)
Teen Mentoring
Tri Beta Honor Society
Ultimate Frisbee Club
Unlimited Athletics Track Club
Upward Bound
Wellness Activities for Lifelong Choices (WALC)
Women Uniting for Peace

Note: For more information on each of the clubs and organizations, please visit:
<www.berea.edu/laborandstudentlife/studenthandbook/clubsorganizations.asp>

Source: Campus Life Office, November 2004
Berea College Student Handbook, January 2005

## BOARD OF TRUSTEES*

M. Elizabeth Culbreth, Chairperson

| James T. Bartlett Ohio | William R. Gruver Pennsylvania | Thomas H. Oliver South Carolina |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Vance Blade Kentucky | Heather Sturt Haaga California | Charles Ward Seabury, II California |
| Nancy E. Blair, Esq. Connecticut | Donna S. Hall Kentucky | David E. Shelton North Carolina |
| Ann Bowling Connecticut | Marian L. Heard Massachusetts | Larry D. Shinn Kentucky |
| Robert N. Compton Tennessee | Geneva Bolton Johnson Wisconsin | Mark Stitzer Connecticut |
| Martin A. Coyle South Carolina | Brenda T. Larsen South Carolina | David S. Swanson Maine |
| Jan Crase Kentucky | Lucinda R. Laird Kentucky | Tyler S. Thompson Kentucky |
| M. Elizabeth Culbreth North Carolina | Eugene Y. Lowe, Jr. Illinois | David O. Welch Kentucky |
| Frederic L. Dupree, Jr. Kentucky | Elissa May-Plattner Kentucky | R. Elton White Florida |
| Eugene V. Fife Virginia | Harold L. Moses Tennessee | Dawneda F. Williams Virginia |
| Glenn R. Fuhrman New York | James E. Nevels Pennsylvania | Robert T. Yahng California |
| Jim Gray Kentucky | Honorary Trustees |  |
| Alice Manicur Maryland | Jack Buchanan Kentucky | Juanita M. Kreps North Carolina |
| Alberta Wood Allen Maryland | Wilma Dykeman North Carolina | Kroger Pettengill Ohio |
| John Alden Auxier Tennessee | Kate Ireland Florida | Alfred J. Stokely Indiana |
| Barry Bingham, Jr. Kentucky |  |  |

*Current as of January 2005. Changes in Board composition will be recorded on the following web page, [http://www.berea.edu/ira/campusinfo.htm](http://www.berea.edu/ira/campusinfo.htm).

Source: Office of the President.


NOTE: The Secretary of the Corporation is a separate officer position of the Corporation and is currently held by the Berea College General Counsel.
Source: Office of the President, January 2005

## CENTRAL ADMINISTRATIVE OFFICERS

## Larry D. Shinn

President

David B. Porter<br>Academic Vice President and Provost<br>Stephanie P. Browner<br>Dean of the Faculty<br>William A. Laramee<br>Vice President for Alumni and College Relations<br>E. Diane Kerby<br>Vice President for Business and Administration<br>Jeff Amburgey<br>Acting Vice President for Finance<br>Gail W. Wolford<br>Vice President for Labor and Student Life

## ACADEMIC DEPARTMENTAL CHAIRPERSONS ACADEMIC YEAR 2004-2005



## GENERAL AND COLLEGE FACULTY MEMBERSHIPS

ACADEMIC YEAR 2004-2005

The General Faculty is the central legislative body of the institution. It concerns itself with nonacademic affairs affecting the general welfare of the College and the fulfillment of its purposes. The College Faculty acts on both academic program matters and recommendations dealing with College Faculty personnel policies. The General Faculty and the College Faculty meet jointly. The Provost is the presiding officer.

## Memberships

| General Faculty | 258 Members |
| :---: | ---: |
| College Faculty <br> with voting privileges* <br> without voting privileges | 193 Members <br> 160 members <br> 33 members |
| Members of General Faculty Only | 117 |
| Members of College Faculty Only | 52 |
| Members of Both General and College Faculties | 141 |
| Total Number of Individuals Involved | 310 |

*On matters to be voted on by the College Faculty only.

## FACULTY COUNCIL AND COMMITTEE STRUCTURE

The College and General Faculties are organized to conduct their affairs primarily through five program councils and their subordinate committees. Each of these councils is responsible to either the College or General Faculty, and any recommendations for substantive changes in policy are subject to approval by one or the other body. The councils are: Academic Program, Faculty Affairs, General Affairs, Labor Forum, and Student Life. Coordinating and overseeing all elements of the structure is an Executive Council. The functions and composition of the Executive Council and the five program councils and their related committees are described below.

## EXECUTIVE COUNCIL

The Executive Council coordinates the efforts of the various program councils and is generally responsible for the effective functioning of campus governance.

## ACADEMIC PROGRAM COUNCIL

The Academic Program Council has comprehensive responsibility for the academic program, with specific responsibilities for curriculum planning, continual review of current programs, policy development, and general supervision of practices, requirements, and services affecting academic affairs.

## Athletic Affairs Committee

The Athletic Affairs Committee has within its purview both intercollegiate and intramural competition.

## Campus Information Resources Committee (CIRC)

The Campus Information Resources Committee is charged with creating and maintaining a supportive environment for information resources (including but not limited to library, audio visual, and computing resources).

## Committee on General Education (COGE)

The Committee on General Education, guided by the aims of the General Education curriculum, is charged with acting as the steering committee for the General Education curriculum.

## Convocation Committee

The Convocation Committee is primarily concerned with annual program planning. It selects events and presentations that advance the College's educational purpose and enriches the life of the campus and community.

## Student Admissions and Academic Standing Committee (SAAS)

The Student Admissions and Academic Standing Committee monitors current policies and practices with regard to admission, scholarship, probation and suspension, and formulates policy recommendations.

## Teacher Education Committee

The Teacher Education Committee engages in curriculum development, selects students for the teacher education program, and provides liaison between that program and the rest of the campus.

## Faculty Council and Committee Structure (continued)

## FACULTY STATUS COUNCIL (FSC)

The Faculty Status Council deals with questions of faculty status. The Council is responsible for policy review and recommendation to the College Faculty on College Faculty personnel matters.

## Professional Growth Committee

The Professional Growth Committee promotes and supports faculty development in teaching and research.

## GENERAL AFFAIRS COUNCIL

The General Affairs Council deals with a variety of matters affecting the campus community, but which are not directly part of educational programming. Areas of concerns are: fair employment policies and practices (including some non-student labor grievances), salary and benefits, and the physical environment of the campus, relating to health, safety, comfort and aesthetics.

## Campus Environment Policy Committee

The Campus Environment Policy Committee monitors the progress of Berea College toward ecological sustainability-the ability to meet current needs without degrading the natural systems and resources required to meet future needs-and recommends policies and actions which will promote progress toward ecological sustainability.

## Employment and Compensation Policy Committee

The Employment and Compensation Policy Committee gathers and disseminates information, and reviews and recommends policy on salary and benefits for College workers who are not students or members of the College Faculty, and on recruitment, hiring and promotion practices for non-student workers.

## LABOR FORUM

The Labor Forum has as its principal concern interpreting and applying the vision for the Student Labor Program.

## STUDENT LIFE COUNCIL

The Student Life Council develops policy with respect to rules for student conduct, and policy for nonacademic aspects of campus life affecting students.

## Campus Life Committee

The Campus Life Committee reviews general policy regarding student-initiated campus activities and Student Life Program matters including: residence hall matters and rules, campus activities, clubs and organizations, student publications, event schedule development, and nontraditional and international student concerns.

## Student Conduct Committee

The Student Conduct Committee hears nonacademic cases of student misconduct, including violations of the Student Conduct Code and misconduct arising in the student labor program or financial aid.

## Faculty Council and Committee Structure (continued)

## ADDITIONAL COMMITTEES

In addition to those listed above, there are committees and elected representatives that operate outside the purview of any council. The functions and composition of these groups ae described below.

## Administrative Committee

The Administrative Committee is responsible to the Board of Trustees and the President of the College for matters of finance, physical properties, and internal management of the College. All instructional and operating departments of the institution are organized under a member of this committee.

## Budget Committee

The Budget Committee serves as an advisory body to the President in the preparation of the annual budget.

## Campus Committee on Hearings

The Committee serves as a pool of persons from which panels are selected to hold formal hearings on matters presented to it. These matters may include individual complaints of discrimination, sexual harassment, or other employment-related grievances which apply to all employees of the College. The Committee is also charged with ongoing review of procedures for reporting, investigating and acting on charges of sexual harassment, and with recommending to the President and the Executive Council any needed changes in those procedures.

## Dean's Advisory Council

The council advises the Dean of Faculty on matters related to the future of tenure-track faculty positions that are vacated.

## Faculty Appeals Committee

The Committee hears appeals of tenure and promotion recommendations, cases involving termination for cause of tenured members of the faculty, and cases involving alleged violations of academic freedom. In its functions, the Committee encourages and maintains good working relationships among members of the College community.

## Faculty Liaison to the Board of Trustees

The Faculty Liaison to the Board of Trustees attends the meetings of the full Board, participating with voice but not vote. The Faculty Liaison reports on the Board meetings to the College and General Faculties.

## Faculty Council and Committee Structure (continued)

## Provost's Committee

The Provost's Committee is primarily concerned with matters of enrollment management and related procedural matters. It sets goals each year for freshman, transfer, and returning student admissions, monitors retention and graduation rates, rules on student requests for leaves of absence, and coordinates planning among the offices represented on the Committee.

## Safety Committee

The Safety Committee is responsible for coordinating and directing safety efforts on campus.

## Strategic Planning Committee

The Strategic Planning Committee conducts continuous planning for institutional change based on the mission of the College, interpreted in light of opportunities and constraints created by changing internal and external circumstances.

## NUMBER OF TEACHING FACULTY BY RANK AND STATUS

|  | Academic Year $\underline{2003-2004}$ | Academic Year 2004-2005 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Tenure Appointments* | 122 | 124 |
| Full-time Teaching Appointments** | 130 | 131 |
| Professor | ( 43) | ( 45) |
| Associate | ( 46 ) | ( 43) |
| Assistant | ( 36 ) | ( 37 ) |
| Instructor | ( 5) | ( 6) |
| Part-Time | 31 | 29 |
| Full-Time Employees Teaching Part-Time | 9 | 13 |
| Full-Time Equated | 146 | 149 |

*Includes all tenure-track and tenured faculty, including 5 teaching less than full-time in 2003-2004 and 4 teaching less than full-time in 2004-2005. Beginning in 2004-2005, this category includes all tenure appointments (not just those who are teaching), and so includes 4 administrators who are not included in the 2003-2004 data.
**Includes only full-time teaching faculty, both tenure- and non tenure-track positions.

## FULL-TIME TEACHING FACULTY* LENGTH OF SERVICE AT BEREA BY GENDER ACADEMIC YEAR 2004-2005

|  | Male | Female |
| :--- | ---: | ---: |
|  |  |  |
| 0 to 5 years | 29 | 24 |
| 6 to 10 years | 8 | 7 |
| 11 to 20 years | 14 | 13 |
| 21 to 30 years | 15 | 8 |
| Over 30 years | 12 | -1 |
| TOTAL | 78 | 53 |

*Includes only full-time faculty whose duties are primarily teaching. Does not include sabbatical replacements.

## STUDENT/FACULTY RATIO

|  | Academic Year <br> $\underline{2003-2004}$ | Academic Year <br> $\underline{2004-2005}$ |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
| Student/Faculty Ratio* (FTE) | $11 / 1$ | $10 / 1$ |

[^0]
## FULL-TIME TEACHING FACULTY* BY AGE

 ACADEMIC YEARS 1995-1996 THROUGH 2004-2003| Age** | $\begin{gathered} 1995-1996 \\ \mathrm{~N} \quad \% \end{gathered}$ |  | $\stackrel{199}{\mathrm{~N}}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 6-1997 \\ \% \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\stackrel{199}{\mathrm{~N}}$ | $\begin{gathered} 7-1998 \\ \% \end{gathered}$ | 199 $N$ | $\begin{gathered} 8-1999 \\ \% \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 1999-2000 \\ & \mathrm{~N} \quad \% \end{aligned}$ |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Less than 25 years old | 0 | (0\%) | 0 | (0\%) |  | (0\%) | 0 | (0\%) | 0 | (0\%) |
| 25-29 years old | 4 | (4\%) | 5 | (4\%) | 3 | (3\%) | 1 | (1\%) | 3 | (2\%) |
| 30-39 years old | 26 | (23\%) |  | (19\%) |  | (19\%) | 24 | (20\%) | 24 | (19\%) |
| 40-49 years old | 34 | (30\%) |  | (33\%) |  | (33\%) | 40 | (34\%) | 42 | (34\%) |
| 50-59 years old | 36 | (32\%) |  | (30\%) |  | (27\%) | 33 | (28\%) | 36 | (29\%) |
| 60-69 years old | 13 | (11\%) | 15 | (13\%) | 21 | (18\%) | 19 | (16\%) | 19 | (15\%) |
| Greater than 69 years old | 0 | (0\%) | 1 | (1\%) | 1 | (1\%) | 1 | (1\%) | 0 | (0\%) |
| TOTAL | 113 (100\%) |  | 116 (100\%) |  | 116 (100\%) |  | 118 (100\%) |  | 124 (100\%) |  |
| Average: | Not Available |  | Not Available |  | 48 |  | 53 |  | 49 |  |
|  | 2000-2001 |  | 2001-2002 |  | 2002-2003 |  | 2003-2004 |  | 2004-2005 |  |
| Age** | N | \% | N | \% | N | \% | N | \% | N | \% |
| Less than 25 years old | 0 | (0\%) | 0 | (0\%) | 0 | (0\%) | 0 | (0\%) | 0 | (0\%) |
| 25-29 years old | 2 | (2\%) |  | (2\%) |  | (1\%) | 3 | (2\%) | 2 | (2\%) |
| 30-39 years old | 19 | (15\%) |  | (15\%) | 23 | (17\%) | 23 | (18\%) | 22 | (17\%) |
| 40-49 years old | 43 | (34\%) |  | (34\%) |  | (30\%) | 37 | (28\%) | 38 | (29\%) |
| 50-59 years old | 38 | (30\%) |  | (30\%) | 42 | (31\%) | 43 | (33\%) | 42 | (32\%) |
| 60-69 years old | 23 | (18\%) | 26 | (18\%) | 27 | (20\%) | 23 | (18\%) | 25 | (19\%) |
| Greater than 69 years old | 0 | (0\%) |  | (0\%) |  | (1\%) |  | (1\%) | 2 | (2\%) |
| TOTAL |  | (100\%) | 131 | 100\%) | 134 | (100\%) | 130 | (100\%) | 131 | (100\%) |
| Average: |  | 0 |  | 51 |  | 49 |  | 0 |  |  |

*Includes only full-time faculty whose duties are primarily teaching. Does not include sabbatical replacements.
**Age as of September 1 of the Academic Year.
NOTES: 1999-2000 data have been corrected from prior year's Fact Book because two full-time faculty members were inadvertently omitted from the numbers Percentages may not equal 100 due to rounding.

## FULL-TIME FACULTY* SALARIES BY RANK AND GENDER

## ACADEMIC YEAR 2004-2005

|  | Male |  |  | Female |  |  | All |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Rank | Number | Mean | Median | Number | Mean | Median | Number | Mean | Median |
| Professor | 34 | \$70,700 | \$67,900 | 11 | \$64,900 | \$65,550 | 45 | \$69,250 | \$66,900 |
| Associate Prof. | 21 | \$55,600 | \$54,200 | 22 | \$56,800 | \$56,700 | 43 | \$56,200 | \$55,800 |
| Assistant Prof. | 21 | \$50,300 | \$50,050 | 16 | \$51,000 | \$50,200 | 37 | \$50,600 | \$50,050 |
| Instructor** | 2 |  |  | 4 |  |  | 6 | \$40,800 | \$40,500 |
| ALL RANKS | 78 | \$60,400 | \$57,000 | 53 | \$55,400 | \$56,200 | 131 | \$58,400 | \$56,400 |

*Includes only full-time faculty whose duties are primarily teaching. Does not include sabbatical replacements.
**Because of the small number of "Instructors," salary figures are not provided for this rank to ensure privacy; however, they are included in the "All Ranks" salary averages.

Source: Office of the Academic Vice President and Provost, October 2004

## CHARACTERISTICS OF FULL-TIME FACULTY* BY DEPARTMENT: GENDER, TERMINAL DEGREE, AND TENURE STATUS

Academic Year 2004-2005

|  | Terminal |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Gender |  |  | Degree |  | Tenured |  |
| Department | M | W | I |  | (\%) |  | (\%) |
| Agriculture and |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Natural Resources | 3 | 1 | 4 | 4 | (100\%) | 2 | (50\%) |
| Art | 4 | 2 | 6 | 5 | (83\%) | 4 | (67\%) |
| Biology | 3 | 3 | 6 | 6 | (100\%) | 5 | (83\%) |
| Black Studies | 2 | 0 | 2 | 1 | (50\%) | 0 | (0\%) |
| Chemistry | 5 | 0 | 5 | 5 | (100\%) | 3 | (60\%) |
| Child and Family Studies | 1 | 4 | 5 | 5 | (100\%) | 4 | (80\%) |
| Economics and Business | 5 | 4 | 9 | 9 | (100\%) | 6 | (67\%) |
| Education Studies | 2 | 3 | 5 | 4 | (80\%) | 2 | (40\%) |
| English, Theatre and Speech |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Foreign Languages | 4 | 4 | 8 | 7 | (88\%) | 4 | (50\%) |
| General Studies | 4 | 1 | 5 | 3 | (60\%) | 1 | (20\%) |
| History | 3 | 1 | 4 | 4 | (100\%) | 3 | (75\%) |
| Mathematics | 3 | 4 | 7 | 4 | (57\%) | 4 | (57\%) |
| Music | 4 | 2 | 6 | 6 | (100\%) | 5 | (83\%) |
| Nursing | 1 | 7 | 8 | 8 | (100\%) | 4 | (50\%) |
| Philosophy and Religion | 8 | 1 | 9 | 9 | (100\%) | 5 | (56\%) |
| Physical Education and Health | 2 | 7 | 9 | 6 | (67\%) | 4 | (44\%) |
| Physics | 3 | 0 | 3 | 3 | (100\%) | 2 | (67\%) |
| Political Science | 3 | 0 | 3 | 3 | (100\%) | 3 | (100\%) |
| Psychology | 3 | 1 | 4 | 4 | (100\%) | 3 | (75\%) |
| Sociology | 2 | 2 | 4 | 4 | (100\%) | 2 | (50\%) |
| Sustainability and |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Technology and Industrial Arts | 5 | 0 | 5 | 5 | (100\%) | 4 | (80\%) |
| Women's Studies | 0 | $\underline{2}$ | 2 | 2 | (100\%) | 1 | (50\%) |
| TOTAL | 78 | 53 | 131 | 119 | (91\%) | 78 | (60\%) |

*Includes only full-time faculty whose duties are primarily teaching. Does not include sabbatical replacements, but does include faculty in non-tenure track positions.

NOTE: Under the Gender column, the following abbreviations are used: $\mathrm{M}=\mathrm{Men}, \mathrm{W}=\mathrm{Women}$, and $\mathrm{T}=\mathrm{Total}$ of Men and Women.

Source: Office of the Academic Vice President and Provost, October 2004

## AVERAGE DOLLARS FOR FACULTY DEVELOPMENT PER <br> FULL-TIME FACULTY MEMBER

|  | Fiscal Year 1999-2000 | Fiscal Year 2000-2001 | Fiscal Year 2001-2002 | Fiscal Year 2002-2003 | Fiscal Year 2003-2004 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Professional Travel, Dues, Seminars and Courses |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total Dollars Spent on Faculty Development | \$251,300 | \$364,600 | \$374,260 | \$262,647 | \$233,319 |
| Number of Faculty Receiving Funds | 124 | 125 | 131 | 134 | 130 |
| Percent of Total Full-Time Faculty | 100\% | 100\% | 100\% | 100\% | 100\% |
| Average Total \$ Per Full-Time Faculty | \$2,027 | \$2,917 | \$2,857 | \$1,960 | \$1,795 |
| Sabbatical Leave (Includes Full and Two-Thirds Year Leaves) |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total Dollars Spent on Faculty Sabbaticals | \$321,900 | \$388,200 | \$551,900 | \$561,204 | \$658,977 |
| Number of Faculty on Paid Sabbatical | 5 | 11 | 11 | 12 | 13 |
| Average Total \$ Per Sabbaticaled Faculty | \$64,380 | \$35,200 | \$50,180 | \$46,767 | \$50,691 |
| Percent of Total Full-Time Faculty | 4.0\% | 8.8\% | 8.4\% | 9.0\% | 10.0\% |
| Number of Total Full-Time Faculty | 124 | 125 | 131 | 134 | 130 |

# AVERAGE FACULTY SALARIES¹ FOR BEREA COLLEGE AND ITS BENCHMARKS: FIVE-YEAR HISTORY <br> Academic Years 1999-2000 through 2003-2004 <br> (Salary in thousands of dollars) 

$\underline{\text { 1999-2000 }} \underline{\underline{2000-2001}} \underline{\underline{2001-2002}} \underline{\underline{2002-2003-2004}}$

## PROFESSORS

| Berea's mean | 60.1 | 63.4 | 67.7 | 69.4 | 69.5 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Benchmark group mean ${ }^{2}$ | 66.6 | 68.6 | 71.5 | 73.4 | 74.8 |
| Benchmark group median ${ }^{3}$ | 62.9 | 65.5 | 68.0 | 70.0 | 71.9 |
| Berea's rank among its benchmarks ${ }^{4}$ | 23/27 | 18/27 | 15/27 (tie) | 16/27 | 18/27 |

## ASSOCIATE PROFESSORS

| Berea's mean | 48.7 | 50.0 | 52.0 | 55.1 | 55.5 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Benchmark group mean | 51.2 | 52.7 | 54.6 | 56.2 | 57.4 |
| Benchmark group median | 49.6 | 52.3 | 54.5 | 56.1 | 56.1 |
|  |  |  |  |  | $16 / 27$ |

## ASSISTANT PROFESSORS

| Berea's mean | 40.4 | 42.7 | 45.5 | 48.0 | 48.8 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Benchmark group mean | 41.9 | 42.9 | 44.6 | 45.9 | 47.0 |
| Benchmark group median | 41.1 | 42.7 | 43.9 | 45.2 | 46.0 |
| Berea's rank among its | $18 / 27$ | $14 / 27$ | $11 / 27$ (tie) | $9 / 27$ (tie) | $10 / 27$ |

1 Includes only full-time faculty whose duties are primarily teaching. Does not include sabbatical replacements, but does include faculty in non-tenure track positions.

2 Benchmark group mean - Represents the group mean excluding Berea College. See page 22 for a list of Berea's Benchmark institutions.

3 Benchmark group median - Represents the group median including Berea College. See page 22 for a list of Berea's Benchmark institutions.

4 Berea's rank among its benchmarks - Berea College seeks to have its mean salaries by rank achieve approximately the mid-point in the Benchmark list. This translates roughly to a rank of 14 out of 27 schools.

Source: Academe, March-April issues
Office of the Dean of the Faculty, October 2004

## THE SEABURY AWARD FOR EXCELLENCE IN TEACHING

The Seabury Award for Excellence in Teaching has been presented annually to outstanding Berea College faculty since 1961. The Award, which was made possible through the generosity of the Charles Ward Seabury family, is a cash award presented at Commencement each year. The recipient of the award is selected each year by a committee, composed of the last six recipients of the award, the students who will receive the Wood Achievement Award at the same Commencement, and by the Dean of the Faculty. The Seabury Award carries with it great prestige as the highest honor an active faculty member may receive from the College.

The Seabury Award Committee annually invites students and faculty to nominate persons to receive this recognition. The nominations take the form of a letter addressing why the nominee would be a worthy recipient. The nominations give attention to the following considerations:

- The teacher's enthusiasm for his or her subject and the teacher's capacity to stimulate students' interest in that subject.
- The teacher's effectiveness in helping students move toward greater intellectual and personal maturity.
- The teacher's engagement in scholarly and creative activities in his or her discipline, or in crossdisciplinary study.
- The teacher's willingness to be involved, socially and intellectually, with students outside the classroom and in College activities.

In choosing a person to be honored, the Committee over the years has given relatively little weight to the number of nominations an individual receives in a given year. More important than many nominations is a thoughtful description of a person's accomplishments as a teacher and an explanation why special recognition is deserved. Petitions or letters of nomination signed by more than one person are not considered.

## Recipients of the Seabury Award for Excellence in Teaching <br> Names of current Berea College faculty members are italicized.

| Emily Ann Smith | 1961 |
| :--- | :--- |
| William Gordon Ross | 1961 |
| Dorothy Weeden Tredennick | 1962 |
| Gerrit Levey | 1962 |
| Marian Kingman | 1963 |
| Robert Gordon Menefee | 1963 |
| Charlotte P. Ludlum | 1964 |
| William E. Newbolt | 1964 |
| Virginia Ruth Woods | 1965 |
| George Gilbert Roberts | 1965 |
| Maureen Faulkner | 1966 |
| Kristjan Sulev Kogerma | 1966 |
| Herschel Lester Hull | 1967 |
| Frank Junior Wray | 1967 |
| Jerome William Hughes | 1968 |
| Thomas Reed Beebe | 1968 |
| Louise Moore Scrivner | 1969 |
| John Douglas Chrisman | 1969 |
| Cornelius Gregory Di Teresa | 1970 |
| Franklin Bryan Gailey | 1970 |
| Thomas McRoberts Kreider | 1971 |
| William John Schafer | 1971 |
| Robert Jerry Lewis | 1972 |
| Stephen Scott Boyce | 1972 |
| Thomas David Strickler | 1973 |
| Martha Wylie Pride | 1974 |
| Glen H. Stassen | 1975 |
| John Fletcher White | 1976 |


| Mary Louise Pross | 1977 |
| :--- | :--- |
| Robert Ward Pearson | 1978 |
| John Seelye Bolin | 1979 |
| Dennis Michael Rivage-Seul | 1980 |
| Jonas Patterson Shugars | 1981 |
| Philip Schmidt | 1982 |
| Larry K. Blair | 1983 |
| Richard Barnes | 1984 |
| Marlene Waller | 1985 |
| Smith T. Powell | 1986 |
| John Wallhausser | 1987 |
| Stephen C. Bolster | 1988 |
| Robert J. Schneider | 1989 |
| Ralph Stinebrickner | 1990 |
| Jeanne M. Hoch | 1991 |
| Dean Warren Lambert | 1992 |
| Ralph L. Thompson | 1993 |
| Eugene T. Chao | 1994 |
| John E. Courter | 1995 |
| Paul David Nelson | 1996 |
| L. Eugene Startzman | 1997 |
| Donald Hudson | 1998 |
| Dorothy Hopkins Schnare | 1999 |
| Thomas A. Boyd | 2000 |
| Richard D. Sears | 2001 |
| Laura A. Crawford | 2002 |
| Walter E. Hyleck | 2003 |
| Andrew Baskin | 2004 |

Source: Office of the Dean of Faculty, October 2004

## ADMISSIONS TERRITORY CATEGORIES

Berea College students are characterized by one of three "geographical" categories. They are:

- In-Territory: Students who come from much of the Appalachian region and all of Kentucky within the white area in the map below. Beginning with the entering class of 2000, In-Territory also includes permanent residents (a noncitizen who has formally established residency in the United States) and refugees who reside in the territory.
- Out-of-Territory: Students who come from outside the In-Territory area, including U.S. Citizens living in foreign countries. Out-of-Territory also includes permanent residents (a non-citizen who has formally established residency in the U.S.) and refugees who reside out of the territory.
- F-1 International: Students who are not U.S. Citizens, permanent residents, or refugees.



## ADMISSIONS TERRITORY

| ALABAMA | KENTUCKY | KENTUCKY | KENTUCKY |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Blount | Bourbon** | Jessamine | Scott** $^{* *}$ |
| Calhoun | Boyd | Johnson | Shelby $^{* *}$ |
| Cherokee | Boyle* $^{\text {Cullman }}$ | Bracken* $^{\text {Dekalb }}$ | Breathitt |

## Admissions Territory (continued)

| $\underline{\mathrm{OHIO}}$ | TENNESSEE | VIRGINIA | WEST VIRGINIA |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Adams** | Jackson | Lee | Monroe |
| Athens** | Jefferson | Loudon | Nicholas |
| Brown** | Johnson | Montogomery | Pendleton |
| Clermont** | Knox | Nelson | Pleasants* |
| Gallia** | Loudon | Page | Pocahontas |
| Hamilton*** | McMinn | Patrick | Preston* |
| Highland** | Macon | Pulaski | Putnam |
| Hocking** | Marion | Roanoke | Raleigh |
| Jackson** | Meigs | Rockbridge | Randolph |
| Lawrence** | Monroe | Rockingham | Ritchie* |
| Meigs** | Morgan | Russell | Roane* |
| Monroe** | Overton | Scott | Summers |
| Morgan** | Pickett | Shenandoah | Taylor* |
| Noble** | Polk | Smyth | Tucker |
| Perry** | Putnam | Tazewell | Tyler* |
| Pike** | Rhea | Warren | Upshur* |
| Ross** | Roane | Washington | Wayne |
| Scioto** | Scott | Wise | Webster |
| Vinton** | Sequatchie | Wythe | Wirt* |
| Washington** | Sevier |  | Wood** |
|  | Smith | WEST VIRGINIA | Wyoming |
| SOUTH CAROLINA | Sullivan | Barbour* |  |
| Cherokee | Unicoi | Boone** |  |
| Greenville | Union | Braxton* | TAKEN OUT |
| Oconee | VanBuren | Cabell* | OF TERRITORY |
| Pickens | Warren | Calhoun* | IN 1976 |
| Spartanburg | Washington | Clay* |  |
|  | White | Doddridge* |  |
| TENNESSEE |  | Fayette | Alabama |
| Anderson | VIRGINIA | Gilmer* | Clay |
| Bledsoe | Alleghany | Grant | Cleburne |
| Blount | Amhert | Greenbrier | Fayette |
| Bradley | Augusta | Hampshire | Franklin |
| Campbell | Bath | Hardy | Marion |
| Carter | Bedford | Harrison* | Walker |
| Claiborne | Bland | Jackson* | Winston |
| Clay | Botetourt | Jefferson |  |
| Cocke | Buchanan | Kanawha* |  |
| Cumberland | Carroll | Lewis* | Virginia |
| DeKalb | Clarke | Lincoln | Greene |
| Fentress | Craig | Logan | Madison |
| Grainger | Dickenson | McDowell | Rappahannock |
| Greene | Floyd | Marion* |  |
| Grundy | Franklin | Mason* |  |
| Hamblen | Frederick | Mercer |  |
| Hamilton | Giles | Mineral |  |
| Hancock | Grayson | Mingo |  |
| Hawkins | Highland | Monongalia* |  |
| *Counties added in 1976 |  |  |  |
| **Counties added in 1978 |  |  |  |
| ***County added in 1996 (Hamilton County, Ohio) |  |  |  |
| Source: Admissions Office |  |  |  |

## ADMISSIONS: NEW FRESHMAN INQUIRIES, APPLICANTS, ACCEPTANCES AND MATRICULANTS

| YEAR | INQUIRIES | APPLICATIONS |  | ACCEPTED |  | MATRICULATED |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | $\%$ of |  | \% of |  | \% of |
|  | N | N | Inquiries | N | Applications | N | Accepted |
| 1995 | 13,479 | 1,743 | 13\% | 569 | 33\% | 418 | 73\% |
| 1996 | 10,472 | 1,787 | 17 | 562 | 31 | 397 | 71 |
| 1997 | 14,015 | 1,699 | 12 | 589 | 35 | 404 | 69 |
| 1998 | 15,227 | 1,608 | 11 | 563 | 35 | 415 | 74 |
| 1999 | 16,153 | 1,751 | 11 | 595 | 34 | 423 | 71 |
| 2000 | 14,054 | 1,807 | 13 | 607 | 34 | 421 | 69 |
| 2001 | 15,402 | 1,871 | 12 | 603 | 32 | 424 | 70 |
| 2002 | 15,079 | 1,974 | 13 | 480 | 24 | 356 | 74 |
| 2003 | 15,340 | 2,119 | 14 | 530 | 25 | 396 | 75 |
| 2004 | 15,038 | 2,107 | 14 | 561 | 27 | 400 | 71 |

## ADMISSIONS: APPLICANTS, ACCEPTANCES AND MATRICULANTS



## ADMISSIONS: NEW FRESHMAN APPLICANTS, ACCEPTANCES AND MATRICULANTS BY GENDER

|  |  | Males |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | APPLICATIONS |  | EPTED | MAT | ULATED |
|  |  |  | $\% \text { of }$ |  | $\% \text { of }$ |
| YEAR | N | N | Applications | N | Accepted |
| 1995 | 888 | 256 | 29\% | 196 | 77\% |
| 1996 | 965 | 232 | 24 | 171 | 74 |
| 1997 | 847 | 236 | 28 | 165 | 70 |
| 1998 | 717 | 236 | 33 | 177 | 75 |
| 1999 | 775 | 259 | 33 | 190 | 73 |
| 2000 | 816 | 246 | 30 | 176 | 72 |
| 2001 | 843 | 257 | 31 | 183 | 71 |
| 2002 | 879 | 189 | 22 | 150 | 79 |
| 2003 | 897 | 217 | 24 | 156 | 72 |
| 2004 | 868 | 254 | 29 | 191 | 75 |

## Females

| YEAR | APPLICATIONS | ACCEPTED |  | MATRICULATED |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | N | N | \% of Applications | N | \% of <br> Accepted |
| 1995 | 855 | 313 | 37\% | 222 | 71\% |
| 1996 | 822 | 330 | 40 | 226 | 69 |
| 1997 | 852 | 353 | 41 | 239 | 68 |
| 1998 | 891 | 327 | 37 | 238 | 73 |
| 1999 | 976 | 336 | 34 | 233 | 69 |
| 2000 | 991 | 361 | 36 | 245 | 68 |
| 2001 | 1,028 | 346 | 34 | 241 | 70 |
| 2002 | 1,095 | 291 | 27 | 206 | 71 |
| 2003 | 1,222 | 313 | 26 | 240 | 77 |
| 2004 | 1,242 | 310 | 25 | 209 | 67 |

NOTE: Inquiries cannot be accurately counted by gender since there is no way to determine gender through many types of inquiries.

Source: Admissions Office, annual editions of Freshman Application Report

## ADMISSIONS: APPLICANTS, ACCEPTANCES AND MATRICULANTS BY GENDER

MALES



ADMISSIONS: NEW FRESHMAN INQUIRIES, APPLICANTS,
ACCEPTANCES AND MATRICULANTS BY TERRITORY

|  |  |  | IN-TE |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | INQUIRIES | APPL | ATIONS |  | CEPTED | MATR | CULATED |
| YEAR | N | N | $\begin{array}{c}\% \text { of } \\ \text { Inquiries }\end{array}$ | N | \% of Applications | N | \% of Accepted |
| 1995 | 7477 | 888 | 12\% | 463 | 52\% | 350 | 76\% |
| 1996 | 5363 | 734 | 14 | 444 | 60 | 315 | 71 |
| 1997 | 7932 | 803 | 10 | 452 | 56 | 303 | 67 |
| 1998 | 8070 | 915 | 11 | 453 | 50 | 328 | 72 |
| 1999 | 9482 | 911 | 10 | 465 | 51 | 331 | 71 |
| 2000 | 8024 | 936 | 12 | 478 | 51 | 336 | 70 |
| 2001 | 9096 | 930 | 10 | 466 | 50 | 332 | 71 |
| 2002 | 8983 | 1022 | 11 | 362 | 35 | 274 | 76 |
| 2003 | 8467 | 1046 | 12 | 388 | 37 | 287 | 74 |
| 2004 | 8098 | 1060 | 13 | 422 | 40 | 298 | 71 |

OUT-OF-TERRITORY

| YEAR | INQUIRIES <br> N | APPLICATIONS |  | ACCEPTED |  | MATRICULATED |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | N | \% of Inquiries |  | \% of Applications N | Accepted | \% of |
| 1995 | 3155 | 217 | 7\% | 71 | 33\% | 51 | 72\% |
| 1996 | 2623 | 174 | 7 | 89 | 51 | 62 | 70 |
| 1997 | 2902 | 211 | 7 | 107 | 51 | 74 | 69 |
| 1998 | 2753 | 213 | 8 | 82 | 38 | 62 | 76 |
| 1999 | 2772 | 261 | 9 | 101 | 39 | 70 | 69 |
| 2000 | 2716 | 227 | 8 | 97 | 43 | 62 | 64 |
| 2001 | 3635 | 250 | 7 | 103 | 41 | 70 | 68 |
| 2002 | 3266 | 271 | 8 | 86 | 32 | 58 | 67 |
| 2003 | 3996 | 357 | 9 | 106 | 30 | 80 | 75 |
| 2004 | 3382 | 425 | 13 | 110 | 26 | 75 | 68 |

F-1 INTERNATIONAL*

| YEAR | INQUIRIES |  | APPLICATIONS |  | ACCEPTED |  |  | MATRICULATED |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  | \% of |  | \% of |  |  | \% of |
|  | N | N | Inquiries | N | Applications | N | Accepted |  |  |
| 1995 | 2847 |  | 621 | 22\% | 29 | 5\% |  | 17 | 59\% |
| 1996 | 2486 |  | 879 | 35 | 29 | 3 |  | 21 | 72 |
| 1997 | 3181 |  | 685 | 22 | 30 | 4 |  | 27 | 90 |
| 1998 | 2736 |  | 480 | 18 | 28 | 6 |  | 23 | 82 |
| 1999 | 3899 |  | 579 | 15 | 29 | 5 |  | 22 | 76 |
| 2000 | 3314 |  | 644 | 19 | 32 | 5 |  | 23 | 72 |
| 2001 | 2671 |  | 691 | 26 | 34 | 5 |  | 22 | 65 |
| 2002 | 2830 |  | 681 | 24 | 32 | 5 |  | 24 | 75 |
| 2003 | 2877 |  | 716 | 25 | 36 | 5 |  | 29 | 81 |
| 2004 | 3448 |  | 625 | 18 | 32 | 5 |  | 27 | 84 |

*The category "F-1 International" does not include all students who come to the College from other countries or with substantial international experience. For example, "permanent residents" who may be asylees or refugees are counted as "In-Territory" or "Out-of-Territory" rather than "F-1 International" depending on residence at the time of application. These students are eligible for federal financial aid that F-1 International students cannot legally receive. In Fall 2004 thirteen (13) new freshmen were designated as "permanent residents."

Source: Admissions Office, annual editions of Freshman Application Report

## ADMISSIONS: APPLICANTS, ACCEPTANCES AND MATRICULANTS BY TERRITORY



Out-of-Territory


## Admissions by Territory (Continued)


*The category "F-1 International" does not include all students who come to the College from other countries or with substantial international experience. For example, "permanent residents" who may be asylees or refugees are counted as "In-Territory" or "Out-of-Territory" rather than "F-1 International" depending on residence at the time of application. These students are eligible for federal financial aid that F-1 International students cannot legally receive. In Fall 2004, thirteen (13) new freshmen were designated as "permanent residents."

## ADMISSIONS YIELD

Applications as a Percent of Inquiries


## Admissions Yield (Continued)




## ACT COMPOSITE SCORES OF <br> ACCEPTED AND ENROLLED NEW FRESHMEN <br> FALL 2004

| ACT <br> Interval | Number Accepted* | Percent of Total Accepted | Number <br> Enrolled* | Percent of Total Enrolled | Number <br> Enrolled/ <br> Number <br> Accepted |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Less than 19 | 28 | 6.9\% | 21 | 7.1\% | 75.0\% |
| 19-21 | 84 | 20.6\% | 61 | 20.5\% | 72.6\% |
| 22-24 | 127 | 31.1\% | 99 | 33.3\% | 78.0\% |
| 25-26 | 76 | 18.6\% | 52 | 17.5\% | 68.4\% |
| 27-28 | 49 | 12.0\% | 36 | 12.1\% | 73.5\% |
| 29 and above | 44 | 10.8\% | 28 | 9.4\% | 63.6\% |
| TOTAL | 408 | 100.0\% | 297 | 100.0\% | 72.8\% |

## ACT COMPOSITE SCORES ACCEPTED AND ENROLLED NEW FRESHMEN FALL 2004


*Total does not equal the number of new freshmen because not all students submitted ACT scores. The total number accepted is 561 and the total number enrolled is 400 .

Source: Office of Admissions, October 2004

# SAT VERBAL SCORES OF <br> ACCEPTED AND ENROLLED NEW FRESHMEN <br> FALL 2004 

| SAT Verbal Interval | Number Accepted* | Percent of Total Accepted | Number <br> Enrolled* | Percent of Total Enrolled | Number <br> Enrolled/ <br> Number <br> Accepted |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Less than 480 | 21 | 15.4\% | 17 | 18.7\% | 81.0\% |
| 480-530 | 28 | 20.6\% | 23 | 25.3\% | 82.1\% |
| 540-590 | 33 | 24.3\% | 21 | 23.1\% | 63.6\% |
| 600-650 | 26 | 19.1\% | 17 | 18.7\% | 65.4\% |
| 660-710 | 19 | 14.0\% | 7 | 7.7\% | 36.8\% |
| 720 and above | 9 | 6.6\% | 6 | 6.6\% | 66.7\% |
| TOTAL | 136 | 100.0\% | 91 | 100.0\% | 66.9\% |

## SAT VERBAL SCORES <br> ACCEPTED AND ENROLLED NEW FRESHMEN

FALL 2003

*Total does not equal the number of new freshmen because not all students submitted SAT scores.
The total number accepted is 561 and the total number enrolled is 400 .

## SAT MATHEMATICS SCORES OF ACCEPTED AND ENROLLED NEW FRESHMEN FALL 2004

| SAT Mathematics Interval | Number Accepted* | Percent of Total Accepted | Number Enrolled* | Percent of Total Enrolled | Number <br> Enrolled/ <br> Number <br> Accepted |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Less than 480 | 10 | 7.4\% | 9 | 9.9\% | 90.0\% |
| 480-530 | 39 | 28.7\% | 27 | 29.7\% | 69.2\% |
| 540-590 | 40 | 29.4\% | 28 | 30.8\% | 70.0\% |
| 600-650 | 23 | 16.9\% | 13 | 14.3\% | 56.5\% |
| 660-710 | 12 | 8.8\% | 8 | 8.8\% | 66.7\% |
| 720 and above | 12 | 8.8\% | 6 | 6.6\% | 50.0\% |
| TOTAL | 136 | 100.0\% | 91 | 100.0\% | 66.9\% |

## SAT MATHEMATICS SCORES ACCEPTED AND ENROLLED NEW FRESHMEN

FALL 2004


[^1]
## NEW FRESHMAN ENROLLMENT TRENDS

New Freshman Enrollment by Gender


New Freshman Enrollment by Cohort Type

*Includes Permanent Residents (non-citizens, including refuges and asylees who have formally established residency in the U.S.) and U.S. citizens living in foreign countries.
Source: Office of Institutional Research and Assessment, October 2004

## New Freshman Enrollment Trends, continued



Source: Office of Institutional Research and Assessment, October 2004.

## Enrollment Category Highlights

|  | Fall 2004 <br> All Degree-Seeking Students $N=1,514$ |  | Fall 2004 New Freshmen $\mathrm{N}=400$ |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Gender |  |  |  |  |
| Male | 628 | 41\% | 191 | 48\% |
| Female | 886 | 59\% | 209 | 52\% |
| Territory |  |  |  |  |
| In-Territory | 1,112 | 73\% | 298 | 75\% |
| Out-of-Territory | 292 | 19\% | 75 | 19\% |
| F-1 International | 110 | 7\% | 27 | 7\% |
| In-Territory Appalachian Counties Only | 821 | 54\% | 210 | 53\% |
| Students With International Experience | 157 | 10\% | 40 | 10\% |
| Ethnicity |  |  |  |  |
| African-American | 283 | 19\% | 85 | 21\% |
| Other minorities | 55 | 4\% | 14 | 4\% |
| White | 1,038 | 69\% | 265 | 66\% |
| Unknown (includes F-1 International) | 138 | 9\% | 36 | 9\% |
| Non-Traditional Students | 304 | 20\% | 16 | 4\% |

## Definitions:

In-Territory: Students who come from much of the Appalachian region and all of Kentucky. Beginning with the entering class of 2000, In-Territory, rather than Out-of-Territory, also includes permanent residents (a non-citizen who has formally established residency in the United States) and refugees who reside in the territory.

Out-of-Territory: Students who come from outside the In-Territory area, including U.S. Citizens living in foreign countries. Out-of-Territory also includes permanent residents (a non-citizen who has formally established residency in the U.S.) and refugees who reside out of the territory.

F-1 International: Students who are not U.S. Citizens, permanent residents, or refugees.
In-Territory Appalachian Counties Only: Students who come from all of the In-Territory counties except those in central and western Kentucky that were added to the In-Territory category in 1976 and 1978.

Students With International Experience: All students who are classified as "F-1 International" and other students who are classified as "permanent residents" (students who may be asylees or refugees).

African-American: Students (not F-1 International students) who indicated "African-American, nonhispanic" on their admissions application.

Other Minorities: Students (not F-1 International students) who indicated "American Indian or Alaskan Native," "Asian or Pacific Islander," or "Hispanic" on their admissions application.

Unknown: Students who indicated "Prefer not to respond" on their admissions application and all F-1 International students because they are not coded on the basis of ethnicity.

Non-Traditional Students: Students who are 23 or older, married, or have a child.

## FIRST GENERATION COLLEGE STUDENTS

## Parents' Educational Background:

## Entering Student Data:

In Fall 2003, there were 396 new freshmen and 22 transfer students for a total of 418 new students. The following data were collected on the Entering Student Survey, which $90 \%$ (378) of the new students completed.

## Of the 378 ,

256 (68\%) - indicated neither parent had received a college degree.
116 ( $31 \%$ ) - indicated neither parent had completed any college courses.
Therefore, $32 \%$ of the Fall 2003 freshman res pondents came from families in which at least one parent held a college degree and $69 \%$ had at least one parent who had taken college courses.

## Graduating Student Data:

The following data were collected on the Graduating Student (Exit) Survey, which 73\% (239) of the 328 December 2003, May and September 2004 graduates completed.

Of the 239,
164 (69\%) - indicated neither parent had received a college degree.
86 (36\%) - indicated neither parent had completed any college courses.
Therefore, 31\% of the December 2003, May and September 2004 graduate respondents came from families in which at least one parent held a college degree and $64 \%$ had at least one parent who had taken college courses.

Source: Office of Institutional Research and Assessment, October 2004

FALL ENROLLMENTS BY CLASSIFICATION 2000-2004

|  | $\underline{2000}$ | $\underline{2001}$ | $\underline{2001}$ | $\underline{2003}$ | $\underline{2004}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Total (Full-Time and Part-Time)* |  |  |  |  |  |
| Freshman | 503 | 492 | 427 | 468 | 483 |
| New Freshmen | (421) | (424) | (356) | (396) | (400) |
| Other** Freshmen | (82) | (68) | (71) | (72) | (83) |
| Sophomore | 370 | 393 | 343 | 298 | 365 |
| Junior | 355 | 349 | 380 | 340 | 302 |
| Senior | 311 | 384 | 374 | 405 | 364 |
| TOTAL DEGREE-SEEKING STUDENTS | 1,539 | 1,618 | 1,524 | 1,511 | 1,514 |
| Berea Community School | 17 | 25 | 25 | 24 | 23 |
| Madison Southern High School | 5 | 4 | 6 | 4 | 0 |
| College Employee | 5 | 9 | 9 | 7 | 7 |
| Community (Special) | 18 | 14 | 8 | 7 | 5 |
| Transient/Exchange | 6 | 3 | 6 | 6 | 7 |
| TOTAL NON-DEGREE-SEEKING STUDENTS | 51 | 55 | 54 | 48 | 42 |
| TOTAL HEADCOUNT | 1,590 | 1,673 | 1,673 | 1,559 | 1,556 |

*For a breakdown of full and part-time students, please see the next page.
NOTE: For year 2004, there were five new freshmen "officially" classified as sophomores and one as a junior. For year 2003, four of the new freshmen were "officially" classified as sophomores. For year 2002, three of the new freshmen were "officially" classified as sophomores. For year 2001, four of the new freshmen were "officially" classified as sophomores. For year 2000, two of the new freshmen were "officially" classified as sophomores.

Definitions:
Full-time Student - A student who has a 3 to $41 / 2$ credits course load.
Part-time Student - A student who is registered for less than 3 credits course load.
New Freshmen - Students who have enrolled at Berea College for the first time and not transferred from another institution.
**Other Freshmen - Includes continuing (students who were enrolled at Berea during the previous term), returning (students previously enrolled, withdrew, and subsequently accepted for readmission), and transfer students (students who have been enrolled at another post secondary institution) who are classified as freshman.

Non-Degree-Seeking Classifications:
Berea Community School or Madison Southern High School- Junior and senior high school students who take no more than two courses per term at Berea College upon the recommendation of their Guidance Counselor and concurrence of the Associate Provost.

Community (Special) - Non-degree-seeking students who wish to take courses for personal enrichment or for limited educational gain.

Transient/Exchange- Transient students are students who take courses at Berea College to transfer back to their home institution. Exchange students are enrolled at Berea full-time under an exchange agreement with another institution.

## FALL ENROLLMENTS BY CLASSIFICATION (Continued)

|  | $\underline{2000}$ | $\underline{2001}$ | $\underline{2002}$ | $\underline{2003}$ | $\underline{2004}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Full-Time Students |  |  |  |  |  |
| Freshman | 502 | 492 | 427 | 468 | 483 |
| New Freshmen | (421) | (424) | (356) | (396) | (400) |
| Other** Freshmen | (81) | (68) | (71) | (72) | (83) |
| Sophomore | 370 | 393 | 342 | 298 | 365 |
| Junior*** | 354 | 349 | 380 | 340 | 302 |
| Senior | 308 | 383 | 372 | 404 | 361 |
| TOTAL DEGREE-SEEKING |  |  |  |  |  |
| FULL-TIME STUDENTS | 1,534 | 1,617 | 1,521 | 1,510 | 1,511 |
| Berea Community School | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Madison Southern High School | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| College Employee | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Community (Special) | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Transient/Exchange | 2 | 3 | 5 | 5 | 5 |
| TOTAL NON-DEGREE-SEEKING |  |  |  |  |  |
| FULL-TIME STUDENTS | 5 | 3 | 5 | 5 | 5 |
| TOTAL FULL-TIME STUDENTS | 1,539 | 1,620 | 1,526 | 1,515 | 1,516 |
| Part-Time Students |  |  |  |  |  |
| Freshman | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| New Freshmen | (0) | (0) | (0) | (0) | (0) |
| Other** Freshmen | (1) | (0) | (0) | (0) | (0) |
| Sophomore | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 |
| Junior*** | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Senior | 3 | 1 | 2 | 1 | 3 |
| TOTAL DEGREE-SEEKING |  |  |  |  |  |
| PART-TIME STUDENTS | 5 | 1 | 3 | 1 | 3 |
| Berea Community School | 16 | 25 | 25 | 24 | 23 |
| Madison Southern High School | 5 | 4 | 6 | 4 | 0 |
| College Employee | 4 | 9 | 9 | 7 | 7 |
| Community (Special) | 17 | 14 | 8 | 7 | 5 |
| Transient/Exchange | 4 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 2 |
| TOTAL NON-DEGREE-SEEKING |  |  |  |  |  |
| PART-TIME STUDENTS | 46 | 52 | 49 | 43 | 37 |
| TOTAL PART-TIME STUDENTS | 51 | 53 | 52 | 44 | 40 |
| FTE ENROLLMENT | 1,559 | 1,643 | 1,549 | 1,532 | 1,530 |

**Other freshmen includes continuing (students who were enrolled at Berea during the previous term), returning (students previously enrolled, withdrew, and subsequently accepted for readmission), and transfer students (students who have been enrolled at another post secondary institution) who are classified as freshman.

NOTE: FTE (Full-Time Equivalent) Enrollment is calculated by equating part-time students to full-time status (enrolled in at least a 3 credit course load). FTE for each part-time student is determined by dividing the total number of courses taken by 3 . Our current part-time enrollment of 40 students has a FTE of 14.25.

FALL ENROLLMENTS

*All others include community (special), post-graduate, transient/exchange, Berea Community School and Madison Southern high school students, and college employees.

Source: Academic Services, September 2004

## FALL 2004 ENROLLMENT BY STATE AND <br> U.S. TERRITORIES

Degree-Seeking Students:

| Alabama | 96 | (6\%) | Missouri | 9 | (1\%) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Arizona | 3 | (*) | Montana | 1 | (*) |
| California | 2 | (*) | Nebraska | 1 | (*) |
| Colorado | 1 | (*) | New Hampshire | 4 | (*) |
| Connecticut | 1 | (*) | New Jersey | 2 | (*) |
| District of Columbia | 1 | (*) | New York | 5 | (*) |
| Florida | 5 | (*) | North Carolina | 76 | (5\%) |
| Georgia | 47 | (3\%) | Ohio | 152 | (10\%) |
| Hawaii | 1 | (*) | Oklahoma | 1 | (*) |
| Idaho | 1 | (*) | Oregon | 3 | (*) |
| Illinois | 11 | (1\%) | Pennsylvania | 11 | (1\%) |
| Indiana | 16 | (1\%) | Puerto Rico | 1 | (*) |
| lowa | 1 | (*) | South Carolina | 52 | (3\%) |
| Kansas | 5 | (*) | South Dakota | 1 | (*) |
| Kentucky | 547 | (35\%) | Tennessee | 181 | (12\%) |
| Louisiana | 1 | (*) | Texas | 7 | (*) |
| Maine | 3 | (*) | Utah | 4 | (*) |
| Maryland | 4 | (*) | Vermont | 2 | (*) |
| Massachusetts | 3 | (*) | Virginia | 56 | (4\%) |
| Michigan | 10 | (1\%) | Washington | 1 | (*) |
| Mississippi | 4 | (*) | West Virginia | 62 | (4\%) |

Sub-Total $\quad 1,395 \quad$ (89\%)
Students Enrolled from Outside the U.S. and/or Its Territories
(For more detail, see the following page.) $119 \quad$ (8\%)
Total Degree-Seeking Students $\quad 1,514 \quad$ (98\%)

Non-Degree-Seeking Students:

| Berea Community School | 23 |
| :--- | ---: |
| Madison Southern High School | 0 |
| College Employee | 7 |
| Community (Special) | 5 |
| Transient/Exchange | 7 |
| $\quad$ Sub-Total | 42 |


| Total Non-Degree-Seeking Students | 42 | $(3 \%)$ |
| :--- | ---: | ---: |
| TOTAL HEADCOUNT ENROLLMENT | 1,556 | $(100 \%)$ |

*Denotes percentages less than 1.
NOTE: For the degree-seeking students above, the states and U.S. territories are determined by the address given at the time of acceptance to the College. "Students enrolled from outside the U.S. and/or Its Territories," therefore include more students than those classified as "F-1 International."

Source: Office of Institutional Research and Assessment, Geographical Report, October 2004.
[http://www.berea.edu/ira/ci.geo2004.htm](http://www.berea.edu/ira/ci.geo2004.htm)

## FALL 2004 ENROLLMENT BY COUNTRY

Degree-Seeking Students:

| Afghanistan | 1 | (1\%) | Macedonia | 2 | (2\%) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Albania | 1 | (1\%) | Malaysia | 2 | (2\%) |
| Antigua \& Barbuda | 1 | (1\%) | Mauritius | 1 | (1\%) |
| Armed Forces - Europe | 1 | (1\%) | Moldova | 1 | (1\%) |
| Armenia | 1 | (1\%) | Mongolia | 1 | (1\%) |
| Azerbaijan | 1 | (1\%) | Myanmar | 5 | (4\%) |
| Bangladesh | 1 | (1\%) | Namibia | 1 | (1\%) |
| Bhutan | 1 | (1\%) | Nepal | 5 | (4\%) |
| Bosnia \& Herzegovina | 1 | (1\%) | Nigeria | 2 | (2\%) |
| Brazil | 2 | (2\%) | Peoples Republic of China | 3 | (3\%) |
| Bulgaria | 5 | (4\%) | Peru | 1 | (1\%) |
| Cameroon | 1 | (1\%) | Poland | 1 | (1\%) |
| Ecuador | 2 | (2\%) | Romania | 1 | (1\%) |
| Ethiopia | 1 | (1\%) | Russia | 3 | (3\%) |
| Gabon | 1 | (1\%) | Senegal | 1 | (1\%) |
| Georgia | 1 | (1\%) | Sierra | 1 | (1\%) |
| Germany | 1 | (1\%) | Sierra Leone | 1 | (1\%) |
| Ghana | 3 | (3\%) | Slovak Republic | 1 | (1\%) |
| Guinea | 1 | (1\%) | Sri Lanka | 1 | (1\%) |
| Haiti | 1 | (1\%) | Sudan | 2 | (2\%) |
| Honduras | 1 | (1\%) | Swaziland | 1 | (1\%) |
| India | 2 | (2\%) | Sweden | 1 | (1\%) |
| Indonesia | 1 | (1\%) | Taiwan | 1 | (1\%) |
| Iran | 1 | (1\%) | Tajikistan | 1 | (1\%) |
| Israel | 2 | (2\%) | The Gambia | 1 | (1\%) |
| Jamaica | 1 | (1\%) | Tibet, The Former | 9 | (8\%) |
| Japan | 1 | (1\%) | Trinidad and Tobago | 2 | (2\%) |
| Kampuchea (Cambodia) | 1 | (1\%) | Turkey | 1 | (1\%) |
| Kazakhstan | 1 | (1\%) | Uganda | 2 | (2\%) |
| Kenya | 3 | (3\%) | Ukraine | 3 | (3\%) |
| Kyrgyzstan | 2 | (2\%) | Uruguay | 1 | (1\%) |
| Latvia | 1 | (1\%) | Uzbekistan | 3 | (3\%) |
| Lesotho | 1 | (1\%) | Yugoslavia | 2 | (2\%) |
| Liberia | 4 | (3\%) | Zambia | 1 | (1\%) |
| Lithuania | 1 | (1\%) | Zimbabwe | 3 | (3\%) |

## TOTAL DEGREE-SEEKING STUDENTS ENROLLED FROM <br> OUTSIDE THE UNITED STATES AND/OR ITS TERRITORIES <br> 119 <br> (100\%) <br> (The 119 students represent approximately $8 \%$ of the total degree-seeking enrollment.) <br> NOTE: For the degree-seeking students above, the countries are determined by the address given at the time of acceptance to the College. The one hundred nineteen (119) students above include more students than those classified as "F-1 International."

Source: Office of Institutional Research and Assessment, Geographical Report, October 2004. For more details visit <http://www.berea.edu/ira/ci.geo2004.htmb

# FALL ENROLLMENTS OF DEGREE-SEEKING STUDENTS BY TERRITORY 2000-2004 

|  | $\underline{2000}$ | $\underline{2001}$ | $\underline{2002}$ | $\underline{2003}$ | $\underline{2004}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Berea's Territory* | 1,140 | 1,221 | 1,148 | 1,114 | 1,112 |
| Prior to 1976 expansion | 64\% | 65\% | 71\% | 74\% | 70\% |
| Counties Added in 1976 \& 1978 | 34\% | 33\% | 27\% | 23\% | 26\% |
| Hamilton Co, Ohio added in 1996 | 2\% | 2\% | 3\% | 3\% | 4\% |
| Out-of-Territory* | 291 | 295 | 275 | 284 | 292 |
| F-1 Internationa\|*** | 108 | 102 | 101 | 113 | 110 |
| TOTAL | 1,539 | 1,618 | 1,524 | 1,511 | 1,514 |

*For a complete description of Berea's Territory and its changes, please see pages 26-28. Beginning with the entering class of 2000, Berea's Territory also includes permanent residents (a non-citizen who has formally established residency in the United States) and refugees who reside in the territory.
**The "Out-of-Territory" classification includes students who come from outside Berea's Territory, including U.S. citizens living in foreign countries. "Out-of-Territory" also includes permanent residents (a non-citizen who has formally established residency in the United States) and refugees who reside out of the territory.
***The category "F-1 International" does not include all students who come to the College from other countries or with substantial international experience. For example, "permanent residents" who may be asylees or refugees are counted as "In-Territory" or "Out-of-Territory" rather than "F-1 International" depending on residence at the time of application. These students are eligible for federal financial aid that F-1 International students cannot legally receive. In Fall 2004, forty-seven (47) Berea College students were designated as "permanent residents."

NOTE: This table does not include community (special) students, employees, transient/exchange, post-graduates, Berea Community School students, or Madison Southern High School students.


Source: Office of Institutional Research and Assessment, annual editions of The Geographical Report, [http://www.berea.edu/ira/ci.geo2004.htm](http://www.berea.edu/ira/ci.geo2004.htm)

FALL ENROLLMENTS OF DEGREE-SEEKING STUDENTS BY ETHNICITY 2000-2004

| 2000 |  | 2001 |  | 2002 |  | 2003 |  | 2004 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| N | (\%) |  | (\%) | N | (\%) | N | (\%) | N | (\%) |
| 206 | (13\%) | 237 | (15\%) | 257 | (17\%) | 260 | (17\%) | 283 | (19\%) |
| 9 | (1\%) | 11 | (1\%) | 9 | (1\%) | 10 | (1\%) | 8 | (1\%) |
| 20 | (1\%) | 21 | (1\%) | 19 | (1\%) | 21 | (1\%) | 22 | (1\%) |
| 9 | (1\%) | 9 | (1\%) | 13 | (1\%) | 17 | (1\%) | 25 | (2\%) |
| 1,134 | (74\%) | 1,187 | (73\%) | 1,083 | (71\%) | 1,059 | (70\%) | 1,038 | (69\%) |
| 161 | (9\%) | 153 | (9\%) | 143 | (9\%) | 144 | (10\%) | 138 | (9\%) |
| 1,539 | (100\%) | 1,618 | (100\%) | 1,524 | (100\%) | 1,511 | (100\%) | 1,514 | (100\%) |

NOTES: Percentages may not equal $100 \%$ due to rounding.
Ethnic categories are derived from admissions application data.
*Denotes percentages less than 1.
**Includes all F-1 International students.

Source: Academic Services, September 2004
Office of Institutional Research and Assessment, September 2004

FALL 2004 JUNIOR AND SENIOR ENROLLMENT BY MAJOR AND COHORT TYPE

*Denotes percentages less than 1.

Note: Students with double majors and double degrees are counted only in their primary major.
Compiled by: Office of Institutional Research and Assessment, October 2004

## FALL ENROLLMENTS OF DEGREE-SEEKING STUDENTS BY AGE*

2000-2004

| Age* | 2000 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | N | (\%) |
| Less than 18 years old | 35 | (2\%) |
| 18-24 years old | 1,422 | (92\%) |
| 25-29 years old | 59 | (4\%) |
| 30-34 years old | 12 | (1\%) |
| 35-39 years old | 2 | (**) |
| 40-44 years old | 6 | (**) |
| 45-49 years old | 2 | (**) |
| 50-54 years old | 1 | (**) |
| 55-59 years old | 0 | (0\%) |
| 60-64 years old | 0 | (0\%) |
| Greater than 65 years old | 0 | (0\%) |
| TOTAL | 1,539 | (100\%) |


| $\mathbf{N}^{2001}(\%)$ |  |
| ---: | ---: |
| 42 | $(3 \%)$ |
| 1,500 | $(93 \%)$ |
| 54 | $(3 \%)$ |
| 13 | $(1 \%)$ |
| 1 | $\left({ }^{* *}\right)$ |
| 5 | $\left({ }^{* *}\right)$ |
| 2 | $\left({ }^{* *}\right)$ |
| 1 | $\left({ }^{* *}\right)$ |
| 0 | $(0 \%)$ |
| 0 | $(0 \%)$ |
| 0 | $(0 \%)$ |
| 1,618 | $(100 \%)$ |


| $\left.\begin{array}{rr}2002 \\ \mathbf{N} & (\%) \\ 33 & (2 \%) \\ 1,428 & (94 \%) \\ 45 & (3 \%) \\ 9 & (1 \%) \\ 3 & \left({ }^{* *}\right) \\ 2 & \left({ }^{* *}\right) \\ 3 & \left({ }^{* *}\right) \\ 0 & (0 \%) \\ 0 & (0 \%) \\ 0 & (0 \%) \\ 0 & (0 \%) \\ \hline 1,524 & (100 \%)\end{array}\right]$ |  |
| ---: | ---: |


| 2003 |  | 2004 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| N | (\%) | N | (\%) |
| 32 | (2\%) | 41 | (3\%) |
| 1,405 | (93\%) | 1,386 | (92\%) |
| 51 | (3\%) | 61 | (4\%) |
| 9 | (1\%) | 13 | (1\%) |
| 6 | (**) | 3 | (**) |
| 3 | (**) | 3 | (**) |
| 4 | (**) | 6 | (**) |
| 0 | (0\%) | 0 | (0\%) |
| 1 | (**) | 1 | (**) |
| 0 | (0\%) | 0 | (0\%) |
| 0 | (0\%) | 0 | (0\%) |
| 1,511 | (100\%) | 1,514 | (100\%) |

*Age is as of the first day of classes in September.
**Denotes percentages less than 1.
NOTE: Percentages may not equal $100 \%$ due to rounding.
Source: Office of Institutional Research and Assessment, September 2004

## FALL ENROLLMENT TRENDS

Fall Enrollment of Degree-Seeking Students* by Gender


Fall Enrollment of Degree-Seeking Students* by Cohort Type

*Includes full and part-time students.
**Includes Permanent Residents (non-citizens, including refuges and asylees who have formally established residency in the U.S.) and U.S. citizens living in foreign countries.

Source: Office of Institutional Research and Assessment, September 2004

## Fall Enrollment Trends, continued

Fall Enrollment of Degree-Seeking Students* by Territory

*Includes full and part-time students.

Source: Office of Institutional Research and Assessment, September 2004

## NEW FRESHMEN FROM KENTUCKY <br> FALL TERMS 1995-2004

| Year | Total New <br> Freshmen | Kentucky <br> Freshmen | Percent Kentucky <br> Freshmen of Total |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1995 | 418 | 197 | $47.1 \%$ |
| 1996 | 397 | 189 | 47.6 |
| 1997 | 404 | 182 | 45.0 |
| 1998 | 415 | 174 | 41.9 |
| 1999 | 423 | 160 | 37.8 |
| 2000 | 421 | 166 | 39.4 |
| 2001 | 424 | 144 | 34.0 |
| 2002 | 356 | 124 | 34.8 |
| 2003 | 396 | 130 | 32.8 |
| 2004 | 400 | 159 | 39.8 |

## AFRICAN-AMERICAN NEW FRESHMEN FALL TERMS 1995-2004

| Year | Total New <br> Freshmen | African-American <br> Freshmen | Percent <br> African-American of <br> Total New Freshmen |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1995 |  |  |  |
| 1996 | 418 | 42 | $10.0 \%$ |
| 1997 | 397 | 39 | 9.8 |
| 1998 | 404 | 28 | 6.9 |
| 1999 | 415 | 57 | 13.7 |
| 2000 | 423 | 69 | 16.3 |
| 2001 | 421 | 60 | 14.3 |
| 2002 | 424 | 68 | 16.0 |
| 2003 | 356 | 81 | 22.8 |
| 2004 | 396 | 67 | 16.9 |
|  | 400 | 85 | 21.3 |

## MEAN ACT COMPOSITE SCORES 1995-2004

| Year | Berea's New <br> Freshmen | Berea <br> Men |  | Women | National <br> Mean |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Kentucky <br> Mean |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1995 | 21.7 | 21.2 | 22.2 |  |  |
| 1996 | 21.7 | 21.5 | 21.8 | 20.8 | 20.1 |
| 1997 | 21.7 | 21.3 | 21.9 | 20.9 | 20.1 |
| 1998 | 23.0 | 22.5 | 23.3 | 21.0 | 20.1 |
| 1999 | 23.1 | 22.6 | 23.5 | 21.0 | 20.1 |
| 2000 | 23.5 | 23.0 | 23.8 | 21.0 | 20.1 |
| 2001 | 23.3 | 22.7 | 23.8 | 21.0 | 20.0 |
| 2002 | 23.2 | 22.7 | 23.5 | 21.0 | 20.1 |
| 2003 | 23.0 | 22.8 | 23.1 | 20.8 | 20.0 |
| 2004 | 23.6 | 23.4 | 23.8 | 20.8 | 20.2 |
|  |  |  |  | 20.9 | 20.3 |

*Approximately $75-85 \%$ of the new Berea College freshmen submit ACT scores.

## ACT Composite Scores



Source:Admissions Office, annual editions of the Freshman Class Profile

HIGH SCHOOL RANK IN CLASS OF NEW FRESHMEN
BY GENDER
2000-2004

| Year | Number of Freshmen | Number Ranked | Top One-Fifth |  | Second One-Fifth |  | Third One-Fifth |  | Fourth One-Fifth |  | Bottom One-Fifth |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | N | (\%) | N | (\%) | N | (\%) | N | (\%) | N | (\%) |
| 2000 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Males | 176 | 131 | 62 | (47\%) | 41 | (31\%) | 24 | (18\%) | 4 | (3\%) | 0 | (0\%) |
| Females | - 245 | 199 | 150 | (75\%) | 39 | (20\%) | 10 | (5\%) | 0 | (0\%) | 0 | (0\%) |
| TOTAL | 421 | 330 | 212 | (64\%) | 80 | (24\%) | 34 | (10\%) | 4 | (1\%) | 0 | (0\%) |
| 2001 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Males | 182 | 141 | 53 | (38\%) | 49 | (35\%) | 30 | (21\%) | 9 | (6\%) | 0 | (0\%) |
| Females | S 242 | 195 | 124 | (64\%) | 53 | (27\%) | 16 | (8\%) | 2 | (1\%) | 0 | (0\%) |
| TOTAL | 424 | 336 | 177 | (53\%) | 102 | (30\%) | 46 | (14\%) | 11 | (3\%) | 0 | (0\%) |
| 2002 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Males | 150 | 121 | 52 | (43\%) | 46 | (38\%) | 21 | (17\%) | 2 | (2\%) | 0 | (0\%) |
| Females | S 206 | 174 | 125 | (72\%) | 31 | (18\%) | 14 | (8\%) | 4 | (2\%) | 0 | (0\%) |
| TOTAL | 356 | 295 | 177 | (60\%) | 77 | (26\%) | 35 | (12\%) | 6 | (2\%) | 0 | (0\%) |
| 2003 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Males | 156 | 124 | 55 | (44\%) | 41 | (33\%) | 23 | (19\%) | 5 | (4\%) | 0 | (0\%) |
| Females | - 240 | 216 | 138 | (64\%) | 57 | (26\%) | 16 | (7\%) | 5 | (2\%) | 0 | (0\%) |
| TOTAL | 396 | 340 | 193 | (57\%) | 98 | (29\%) | 39 | (11\%) | 10 | (3\%) | 0 | (0\%) |
| 2004 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Males | 191 | 152 | 61 | (40\%) | 53 | (35\%) | 33 | (22\%) | 5 | (3\%) | 0 | (0\%) |
| Females | - 209 | 181 | 124 | (69\%) | 46 | (25\%) | 8 | (4\%) | 3 | (2\%) | 0 | (0\%) |
| TOTAL | 400 | 333 | 185 | (56\%) | 99 | (30\%) | 41 | (12\%) | 8 | (2\%) | 0 | (0\%) |

NOTE: For Fall Term 2004, 67 out of 400 (17\%) students came from high schools where rank in class is not reported (includes 27 F-1 International students).

[^2]
## NEW FRESHMEN ASSIGNED TO BASIC MATHEMATICS COURSES

 FALL TERMS 1995-2004
*Students assigned to Mathematics 010 only is generally zero or one student.
NOTE: The number on the top of the bars indicates the percentage of new freshmen needing any basic mathematics.

## SPRING ENROLLMENTS BY CLASSIFICATION 2000-2004

|  | $\underline{2000}$ | $\underline{2001}$ | $\underline{2002}$ | $\underline{2003}$ | $\underline{2004}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Total (Full-Time and Part-Time)* |  |  |  |  |  |
| Freshman | 419 | 381 | 366 | 320 | 377 |
| New Freshmen | (17) | (1) | (0) | (8) | (19) |
| Other** Freshmen | (402) | (380) | (366) | (312) | (358) |
| Sophomore | 330 | 346 | 334 | 323 | 292 |
| Junior | 293 | 331 | 340 | 324 | 306 |
| Senior | 331 | 360 | 431 | 458 | 448 |
| TOTAL DEGREE-SEEKING |  |  |  |  |  |
| STUDENTS | 1,373 | 1,418 | 1,471 | 1,425 | 1,423 |
| Berea Community School | 19 | 16 | 23 | 28 | 18 |
| Madison Southern High School | 10 | 2 | 3 | 5 | 8 |
| College Employee | 10 | 3 | 4 | 12 | 10 |
| Community (Special) | 14 | 11 | 18 | 8 | 8 |
| Transient/Exchange | 0 | 3 | 6 | 5 | 5 |
| TOTAL NON-DEGREE-SEEKING STUDENTS | 53 | 35 | 54 | 58 | 49 |
| TOTAL HEADCOUNT | 1,426 | 1,453 | 1,525 | 1,483 | 1,472 |

*For a breakdown of full and part-time students, please see the next page.

## Definitions:

Full-time Student - A student who has a 3 to $41 / 2$ credits course load.
Part-time Student - A student who is registered for less than a 3 credits course load.
New Freshmen - Students who have enrolled at Berea College for the first time and not transferred from another institution.
**Other Freshmen - Includes continuing (students who were enrolled at Berea during the previous term), returning (students previously enrolled, withdrew, and subsequently accepted for readmission), and transfer students (students who have been enrolled at another post secondary institution) who are classified as freshman.

## Non-Degree-Seeking Classifications:

Berea Community School or Madison Southern High School- Junior and senior high school students who take no more than two courses per term at Berea College upon the recommendation of their Guidance Counselor and concurrence of the Associate Provost.

Community (Special) - Non-degree-seeking students who wish to take courses for personal enrichment or for limited educational gain.

Transient/Exchange - Transient students are students who take courses at Berea College to transfer back to their home institution. Exchange students are enrolled at Berea full-time under an exchange agreement with another institution.

Source: Academic Services, February 2004

## SPRING ENROLLMENTS BY CLASSIFICATION (Continued)

| Full-Time Students | $\underline{2000}$ | $\underline{2001}$ | $\underline{2002}$ | $\underline{2003}$ | $\underline{2004}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Freshman | 418 | 381 | 366 | 320 | 377 |
| New Freshmen | (17) | (1) | (0) | (8) | (19) |
| Other** Freshmen | (401) | (380) | (366) | (312) | (358) |
| Sophomore | 329 | 343 | 334 | 323 | 292 |
| Junior | 290 | 327 | 340 | 324 | 306 |
| Senior | 325 | 358 | 429 | 458 | 447 |
| TOTAL DEGREE-SEEKING |  |  |  |  |  |
| FULL-TIME STUDENTS | 1,362 | 1,409 | 1,469 | 1,425 | 1,422 |
| Berea Community School | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Madison Southern High School | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| College Employee | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Community (Special) | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Transient/Exchange | 0 | 3 | 5 | 5 | 4 |
| TOTAL NON-DEGREE-SEEKING |  |  |  |  |  |
| FULL-TIME STUDENTS | 0 | 3 | 5 | 5 | 4 |
| TOTAL FULL-TIME STUDENTS | 1,362 | 1,412 | 1,474 | 1,430 | 1,426 |
| Part-Time Students | $\underline{2000}$ | $\underline{2001}$ | $\underline{2002}$ | $\underline{2003}$ | $\underline{2004}$ |
| Freshman | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| New Freshmen | (0) | (0) | (0) | (0) | (0) |
| Other** Freshmen | (1) | (0) | (0) | (0) | (0) |
| Sophomore | 1 | 3 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Junior | 3 | 4 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Senior | 6 | 2 | 2 | 1 | 1 |
| TOTAL DEGREE-SEEKING |  |  |  |  |  |
| PART-TIME STUDENTS | 11 | 9 | 2 | 1 | 1 |
| Berea Community School | 19 | 16 | 23 | 28 | 18 |
| Madison Southern High School | 10 | 2 | 3 | 5 | 8 |
| College Employee | 10 | 3 | 4 | 12 | 10 |
| Community (Special) | 14 | 11 | 18 | 8 | 8 |
| Transient/Exchange | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 |
| TOTAL NON-DEGREE-SEEKING |  |  |  |  |  |
| PART-TIME STUDENTS | 53 | 32 | 49 | 53 | 45 |
| TOTAL PART-TIME STUDENTS | 64 | 41 | 51 | 54 | 46 |
| FTE Enrollment | 1,388 | 1,431 | 1,495 | 1,451 | 1,445 |

**Other Freshmen - Includes continuing (students who were enrolled at Berea during the previous term), returning (students previously enrolled, withdrew, and subsequently accepted for readmission), and transfer students (students who have been enrolled at another post secondary institution) who are classified as freshman.

NOTE: FTE (Full-Time Equivalent) Enrollment is calculated by equating part-time students to full time status (enrolled in at least a 3 credits course load). FTE For each part-time student is determined by dividing the total number of courses taken by 3. Our part-time enrollment of 46 students has an FTE of 18.92.

## SPRING ENROLLMENT


*All others include community (special), post-graduate, transient/exchange, Berea Community School and Madison Southern high school students, and college employees.

FRESHMAN-TO-SOPHOMORE RETENTION


Source: Office of Institutional Research and Assessment, October 2004

## NEW FRESHMAN RETENTION/ATTRITION FALL TERMS 1994-2003

| Year | Number Enrolled | Percent Returned for Second Year | Total Number Withdrawn | Breakdown of Withdrawals |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  | Academic Suspensions | Other Suspensions** | Voluntary Departures |
| 1994 | 406 | 72.4\% | 112 | 35 | 0 | 77 |
| 1995 | 417 | 70.7 | 122 | 44 | 4 | 74 |
| 1996 | 396 | 64.6 | 140 | 48 | 4 | 88 |
| 1997 | 404 | 71.3 | 116 | 21 | 5 | 90 |
| 1998 | 414 | 79.0 | 87 | 21 | 1 | 65 |
| 1999 | 423 | 76.8 | 98 | 24 | 7 | 67 |
| 2000 | 421 | 82.7 | 73 | 13 | 3 | 57 |
| 2001 | 424 | 79.7 | 86 | 16 | 2 | 68 |
| 2002 | 356 | 80.1 | 71 | 18 | 10 | 43 |
| 2003 | 396 | 82.3 | 70 | 23 | 5 | 42 |

NOTE: For all years reported above, the percent retained represents both students who re-enrolled the second year as well as those students granted a "leave of absence." Students who do not return from official leaves are not counted as withdrawn until they fail to re-enroll after their leaves.

## PERCENTAGE OF TOTAL WITHDRAWALS ATTRIBUTED TO: ACADEMIC SUSPENSIONS, OTHER SUSPENSIONS**, AND VOLUNTARY DEPARTURES



[^3]Source: Office of Institutional Research and Assessment, October 2004

## MALE NEW FRESHMAN RETENTION/ATTRITION FALL TERMS 1994-2003

| Year | Number <br> Enrolled | Percent <br> Returned for <br> Second Year | Total <br> Number <br> Withdrawn | Breakdown of Withdrawals  <br> Academic  <br> Suspensions  | Other <br> Suspensions** | Voluntary <br> Departures |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1994 | 200 | $68 \%$ | 64 | 23 | 1 | 40 |
| 1995 | 196 | 66 | 67 | 28 | 2 | 37 |
| 1996 | $170 *$ | 62 | 64 | 23 | 1 | 40 |
| 1997 | 165 | 67 | 54 | 14 | 4 | 36 |
| 1998 | 177 | 76 | 43 | 14 | 1 | 28 |
| 1999 | 190 | 73 | 52 | 17 | 4 | 31 |
| 2000 | 176 | 78 | 39 | 9 | 3 | 27 |
| 2001 | 183 | 77 | 35 | 10 | 1 | 32 |
| 2002 | 150 | 77 | 28 | 12 | 4 | 19 |
| 2003 | 156 | 82 |  | 12 | 3 | 13 |

NOTE: For all years reported above, the percent retained represents both students who re-enrolled the second year as well as those students granted a "leave of absence." Students who do not return from official leaves are not counted as withdrawn until they fail to re-enroll after their leaves.

## PERCENTAGE OF TOTAL MALE WITHDRAWALS ATTRIBUTED TO: ACADEMIC SUSPENSIONS, OTHER SUSPENSIONS**, AND VOLUNTARY DEPARTURES



[^4]Source: Office of Institutional Research and Assessment, October 2004

## FEMALE NEW FRESHMAN RETENTION/ATTRITION FALL TERMS 1994-2003

| Year | Number Enrolled | Percent Returned for Second Year | Total Number Withdrawn | Breakdown of Withdrawals |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  | Academic Suspensions | Other Suspensions** | Voluntary Departures |
| 1994 | 206 | 77\% | 48 | 12 | 0 | 36 |
| 1995 | 221 * | 75 | 55 | 15 | 2 | 38 |
| 1996 | 226 | 66 | 76 | 25 | 3 | 48 |
| 1997 | 239 | 74 | 62 | 7 | 1 | 54 |
| 1998 | 237 | 81 | 44 | 7 | 0 | 37 |
| 1999 | 233 | 80 | 46 | 7 | 3 | 36 |
| 2000 | 245 | 86 | 34 | 4 | 0 | 30 |
| 2001 | 241 | 82 | 43 | 6 | 1 | 36 |
| 2002 | 206 | 83 | 36 | 6 | 6 | 24 |
| 2003 | 240 | 83 | 42 | 11 | 2 | 29 |

NOTE: For all years reported above, the percent retained represents both students who re-enrolled the second year as well as those students granted a "leave of absence." Students who do not return from official leaves are not counted as withdrawn until they fail to re-enroll after their leaves.

## PERCENTAGE OF TOTAL FEMALE WITHDRAWALS ATTRIBUTED TO: ACADEMIC SUSPENSIONS, OTHER SUSPENSIONS**, AND VOLUNTARY DEPARTURES


*Denotes cohort numbers that have been adjusted due to the death of a student. In each case, the number in the cohort has been reduced by one.
**Includes expulsion, disciplinary, labor, convocation, and administrative dismissals.
Source: Office of Institutional Research and Assessment, October 2004

## AFRICAN-AMERICAN NEW FRESHMAN RETENTION/ATTRITION

FALL TERMS 1994-2003

| Year | Number Enrolled | Percent Returned for Second Year | Total Number Withdrawn | Breakdown of Withdrawals |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  | Academic Suspensions | Other Suspensions** | Voluntary Departures |
| 1994 | 32 | 91\% | 3 | 1 | 0 | 2 |
| 1995 | 42 | 55 | 19 | 10 | 2 | 7 |
| 1996 | 39 | 64 | 14 | 8 | 0 | 6 |
| 1997 | 28 | 68 | 9 | 2 | 0 | 7 |
| 1998 | 56 * | 86 | 8 | 2 | 1 | 5 |
| 1999 | 69 | 78 | 15 | 6 | 4 | 5 |
| 2000 | 61 | 92 | 5 | 1 | 0 | 4 |
| 2001 | 68 | 85 | 10 | 5 | 0 | 5 |
| 2002 | 82 | 80 | 16 | 7 | 4 | 5 |
| 2003 | 67 | 85 | 10 | 6 | 1 | 3 |

NOTE: For all years reported above, the percent retained represents both students who re-enrolled the second year as well as those students granted a "leave of absence." Students who do not return from official leaves are not counted as withdrawn until they fail to re-enroll after their leaves.

# PERCENTAGE OF TOTAL AFRICAN-AMERICAN WITHDRAWALS ATTRIBUTED TO: ACADEMIC SUSPENSIONS, OTHER SUSPENSIONS**, AND VOLUNTARY DEPARTURES 



NOTE: These numbers DO NOT include F-1 International students.
*Denotes cohort numbers that have been adjusted due to the death of a student. In each case, the number in the cohort has been reduced by one.
**Includes expulsion, disciplinary, labor, convocation, and administrative dismissals.
Source: Office of Institutional Research and Assessment, October 2004

## Enrollment History (Retention) of New Freshman Cohorts

| Year | Beginning Cohort | Beginning of 2nd Year |  | Beginning of 3rd Year |  |  |  | Beginning of 4th Year |  |  |  | Beginning of 5th Year |  |  |  | Beginning of 6th Year |  |  |  | Beginning of 7th Year |  |  |  | Beginning of 8th Year |  |  |  | Beginning of 9th Year |  |  |  | Beginning of 10th Year Grad. |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  | Grad. |  | Cont. |  | Grad. |  | Cont. |  | Grad. |  | Cont. |  | Grad. |  | Cont. |  | Grad. |  | Cont. |  | Grad. |  | Cont. |  | Grad. |  | Cont. |  |  |  |
| *1995 | 417 | 295 | 70.7\% | 0 | 0.0\% | 243 | 58.3\% | 1 | 0.2\% | 229 | 54.9\% | 146 | 35.0\% | 75 | 18.0\% | 206 | 49.4\% | 10 | 2.4\% | 214 | 51.3\% | 3 | 3 0.7\% | 216 | 51.8\% |  | 0.2\% | 218 | 52.3\% | 0 | 0.0\% | 218 | 52.3\% |
| *1996 | 396 | 256 | 64.6\% | 0 | 0.0\% | 241 | 60.9\% | 0 | 0.0\% | 220 | 55.6\% | 124 | 31.3\% | 82 | 20.7\% | 185 | 46.7\% | 17 | 4.3\% | 197 | 49.7\% |  | 5 1.3\% | 203 | 51.3\% |  | 0.5\% | 204 | 51.5\% | 3 | 0.8\% |  |  |
| 1997 | 404 | 288 | 71.3\% | 0 | 0.0\% | 232 | 57.4\% | 1 | 0.2\% | 209 | 51.7\% | 118 | 29.2\% | 86 | 21.3\% | 189 | 46.8\% | 11 | 2.7\% | 199 | 49.3\% |  | 20.5\% |  | 50.0\% |  | 0.7\% |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| *1998 | 414 |  | 79.0\% | 0 | 0.0\% | 290 | 70.0\% | 3 | 0.7\% | 269 | 65.0\% | 161 | 38.9\% | 99 | 23.9\% | 250 | 60.4\% | 8 | 1.9\% | 259 | 62.5\% |  | 0.2\% |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1999 | 423 | 325 | 76.8\% | 0 | 0.0\% | 295 | 69.7\% | 1 | 0.2\% | 273 | 64.5\% | 150 | 35.5\% | 115 | 27.2\% | 257 | 60.7\% | 6 | 1.4\% |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 2000 | 421 | 348 | 82.7\% | 0 | 0.0\% | 303 | 72.0\% | 2 | 0.5\% | 279 | 66.3\% | 168 | 39.9\% | 94 | 22.3\% |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 2001 | 424 |  | 79.7\% | 0 | 0.0\% | 298 | 70.3\% | 1 | 0.2\% | 275 | 64.9\% |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 2002 | 356 | 285 | 80.1\% | 0 | 0.0\% | 251 | 72.1\% |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 2003 | 396 | 326 | 82.3\% |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| TOTAL | 3651 | 2788 | 76.4\% | 0 | 0.0\% | 2153 | 66.1\% | 9 | 0.3\% | 1754 | 60.5\% | 867 | 35.0\% | 551 | 22.3\% | 1087 | 52.9\% | 52 | 2.5\% | 869 | 53.3\% |  | 0.7\% |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

## Enrollment History (Retention) of New Transfer Cohorts

| Year | Beginning Cohort | Beginning of 2nd Year |  | Beginning of 3rd Year |  |  |  | Beginning of 4th Year |  |  |  | Beginning of 5th Year |  |  |  | Beginning of 6th Year |  |  |  | Beginning of 7th Year |  |  |  | Beginning of 8th Year |  |  |  | Beginning of 9th Year |  |  |  | Beginning of 10th Year Grad. |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  | Grad. |  | Cont. |  | Grad. |  | Cont. |  | Grad. |  | \# | Cont. | Grad. |  | Cont. |  | Grad. |  | Cont. |  | Grad. | \% | Cont. |  | Grad. |  | Cont. |  |  |  |
| *1995 | 56 | 41 | 73.2\% | 4 | 7.1\% | 34 | 60.7\% | 20 | 35.7\% | 16 | 28.6\% | 33 | 58.9\% | 3 | 5.4\% | 36 | 64.3\% | 0 | 0.0\% | 36 | 64.3\% | 0 | 0.0\% | 36 | 64.3\% |  | 0.0\% | 36 | 64.3\% | 0 | 0.0\% | 36 | 56.3\% |
| 1996 | 57 |  | 66.7\% | 3 | 5.3\% | 34 | 59.6\% | 18 | 31.6\% | 15 | 26.3\% | 26 | 45.6\% | 5 | 8.8\% | 30 | 52.6\% | 0 | 0.0\% | 30 | 52.6\% | 1 | 1.8\% | 30 | 52.6\% |  | 1.8\% | 31 | 55.4\% | 0 | 0.0\% |  |  |
| 1997 | 58 | 37 | 63.8\% | 3 | 5.2\% | 33 | 56.9\% | 20 | 34.5\% | 12 | 20.7\% | 28 | 48.3\% | 5 | 8.6\% | 32 | 55.2\% | 1 | 1.7\% | 33 | 56.9\% | 2 | 3.4\% | 33 | 56.9\% |  | 3.4\% |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1998 | 34 |  | 73.5\% | 2 | 5.9\% | 21 | 61.8\% | 9 | 26.5\% | 11 | 32.4\% | 17 | 50.0\% | 1 | 2.9\% | 18 | 52.9\% | 0 | 0.0\% |  | 52.9\% |  | 0.0\% |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1999 | 55 |  | 80.0\% | 3 | 5.5\% | 35 | 63.6\% | 13 | 23.6\% | 24 | 43.6\% | 30 | 54.5\% | 6 | 10.9\% |  | 58.2\% | 2 | 3.6\% |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 2000 | 47 | 35 | 74.5\% | 4 | 8.5\% | 30 | 63.8\% | 15 | 31.9\% | 17 | 36.2\% |  | 59.6\% | 4 | 8.5\% |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 2001 | 29 |  | 93.1\% | 2 | 6.9\% | 23 | 79.3\% |  | 34.5\% | 13 | 44.8\% |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 2002 | 24 |  | 75.0\% | 1 | 4.2\% | 16 | 66.7\% |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 2003 | 22 |  | 86.4\% |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| TOTAL | 382 | 284 | 74.3\% | 22 | 6.1\% | 226 | 62.8\% | 105 | 31.3\% | 108 | 32.1\% | 162 | 52.8\% | 24 | 7.8\% | 148 | 56.9\% | 3 | 1.2\% | 117 | 57.1\% |  | 1.5\% |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

*Denotes cohort numbers that have been adjusted due to the death of a student. In each case, the number in the cohort has been reduced by one.
NOTE: For all years reported above, the percent retained represents both students who re-enrolled at the beginning of each year as well as those students granted a "leave of absence." Students who do not return from official leaves are not counted as withdrawn until they fail to re-enroll after their leaves.

## Enrollment History (Retention) of New Freshman African-American Cohorts

- 

| Year | Beginning Cohort | Beginning of 2nd Year \# \% |  | Beginning of 3rd Year <br> \# \% |  | Beginning of 4th Year |  |  |  | Beginning of 5th Year |  |  |  | Beginning of 6th Year Grad. |  |  |  | Beginning of 7th Year Grad |  |  |  | Beginning of 8th Year Grad |  |  |  | Beginning of 9th Year <br> Grad |  |  |  | Beginning of 10th Year Grad. |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  | \# | \% | \# | \% | \# | \% | \# | \% | \# | \% | \# | \% | \# | \% | + | \% | \# | \% | \# | \% | \# | \% | \# | \% | \# | \% |
| 1995 | 42 | 23 | 54.8\% |  |  | 21 | 50.0\% | 0 | 0.0\% | 22 | 52.4\% | 13 | 31.0\% | 9 | 9 21.4\% | 18 | 42.9\% | 2 | 2 4.8\% | 21 | 50.0\% | 0 | 0.0\% | 21 | 50.0\% | 0 | 0.0\% | 21 | 50.0\% | 0 | 0.0\% | 21 | 50.0\% |
| 1996 | 39 | 25 | 64.1\% | 26 | 66.7\% | 0 | 0.0\% | 22 | 56.4\% | 5 | 12.8\% | 15 | - $38.5 \%$ | 14 | 35.9\% |  | 4 10.3\% | 17 | 43.6\% | 1 | 2.6\% | 17 | 43.6\% |  | 2.6\% | 17 | 43.6\% |  | 2.6\% |  |  |
| 1997 | 28 | 19 | 67.9\% | 15 | 53.6\% | 0 | 0.0\% | 14 | 50.0\% | 8 | 28.6\% |  | 6 21.4\% | 13 | 46.4\% | 1 | $13.6 \%$ | 14 | 50.0\% | 0 | 0.0\% | 14 | 50.0\% | 0 | 0.0\% |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| *1998 | 56 | 48 | 85.7\% | 41 | 73.2\% | 1 | 1.8\% | 36 | 64.3\% | 24 | 42.9\% | 14 | 4 25.0\% | 33 | 58.9\% | 3 | 5.4\% | 36 | 64.3\% | 0 | 0.0\% |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1999 | 69 | 54 | 78.3\% | 50 | 72.5\% | 0 | 0.0\% | 45 | 65.2\% | 21 | 30.4\% |  | 27.5\% |  | 58.0\% |  | - $0.0 \%$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 2000 | 61 | 56 | 91.8\% | 44 | 72.1\% | 0 | 0.0\% | 41 | 67.2\% | 27 | 44.3\% | 12 | 2 19.7\% |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 2001 | 68 | 58 | 85.3\% |  | 67.6\% |  | 0.0\% | 43 | 63.2\% |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 2002 | 82 | 66 | 80.5\% |  | 70.7\% |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 2003 | 67 | 57 | 85.1\% |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| TOTAL | 512 | 406 | 79.3\% | 301 | 67.6\% | 1 | 0.3\% | 223 | 61.4\% | 98 | 33.2\% |  | 25.4\% | 118 | 50.4\% | 10 | 4.3\% | 88 | 53.3\% | 1 | 0.6\% |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

## Enrollment History (Retention) of New Freshman All Others Cohorts (Excluding International Students)

| Year | Beginning Cohort | Beginning of 2nd Year <br> \# \% |  | Beginning of 3rd Year |  | Beginning of 4th Year |  |  |  | Beginning of 5th Year |  |  |  | Beginning of 6th Year |  |  |  | Beginning of 7th Year |  |  |  | Beginning of 8th Year |  |  |  | Beginning of 9th Year |  |  |  | Beginning of 10th Year Grad. |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  | \# | \% | \# | \% | \# | \% | \# | \% | \# | \% | \# | \% | \# | \% | \# | \% | \# | \% | \# | \% | \# | \% | \# | \% | \# | \% |
| *1995 | 358 | 256 | 71.5\% |  |  | 206 | 57.5\% | 1 | 0.3\% | 191 | 53.4\% | 119 | 33.2\% | 64 | 17.9\% | 173 | 48.3\% | 8 | 2.2\% | 178 | 49.7\% | 3 | 0.8\% | 180 | 50.3\% | 1 | 0.3\% | 181 | 50.6\% | 0 | 0.0\% | 181 | 50.6\% |
| *1996 | 336 | 212 | 63.1\% | 195 | 58.0\% | 0 | 0.0\% | 181 | 53.9\% | 105 | 31.3\% | 65 | 19.3\% | 155 | 46.1\% | 13 | 3.9\% | 165 | 49.1\% | 4 | 1.2\% | 170 | 50.6\% | 1 | 0.3\% | 171 | 50.9\% | 2 | 0.6\% |  |  |
| 1997 | 349 | 242 | 69.3\% | 190 | 54.4\% | 0 | 0.0\% | 170 | 48.7\% | 87 | 24.9\% | 76 | 21.8\% | 151 | 43.3\% | 9 | 2.6\% | 159 | 45.6\% | 2 | 0.6\% | 162 | 46.4\% | 3 | 0.9\% |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1998 | 335 | 256 | 76.4\% | 226 | 67.5\% | 1 | 0.3\% | 211 | 63.0\% | 119 | 35.5\% | 80 | 23.9\% | 194 | 57.9\% | 5 | 1.5\% | 200 | 59.7\% | 1 | 0.3\% |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1999 | 332 | 249 | 75.0\% | 226 | 68.1\% | 0 | 0.0\% | 209 | 63.0\% | 117 | 35.2\% | 88 | 26.5\% | 198 | 59.6\% | 6 | 1.8\% |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 2000 | 337 | 269 | 79.8\% | 238 | 70.6\% | 2 | 0.6\% | 217 | 64.4\% | 125 | 37.1\% | 77 | 23.0\% |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 2001 | 334 | 258 | 77.2\% | 230 | 68.9\% | 1 | 0.3\% | 210 | 62.9\% |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 2002 | 250 | 195 | 78.0\% | 170 | 68.0\% |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 2003 | 300 | 240 | 80.0\% |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| TOTAL | 2931 | 2177 | 74.3\% | 1681 | 63.9\% | 5 | 0.2\% | 1389 | 58.3\% | 672 | 32.8\% | 450 | 22.0\% | 871 | 50.9\% |  | 2.4\% | 702 | 50.9\% | 10 | 0.7\% |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

*Denotes cohort numbers that have been adjusted due to the death of a student. In each case, the number in the cohort has been reduced by one
NOTE: For all years reported above, the percent retained represents both students who re-enrolled at the beginning of each year as well as those
students granted a "leave of absence." Students who do not return from official leaves are not counted as withdrawn until they fail to re-enrol
after their leaves.


NOTE: For all years reported above, the percent retained represents both students who re-enrolled at the beginning of each year as well as those students granted a "leave of absence." Students who do not return from official leaves are not counted as withdrawn until they fail to re-enroll \&
**The category "F-1 International" does not include all students who come to the College from other countries or with substantial international experience. For example, "permanent residents" who may be asylees or refugees are counted as "In-Territory" or "Out-of-Territory" rather than "F-1International"
depending on residence at the time of application. These students are eligible for federal financial aid that F-1 International students
cannot legally receive

## Ten-Year History of Fall Term Transfer Entrants by Cohort Type

Enrollment History (Retention) of New Transfer African-American Cohorts


8
Enrollment History (Retention) of New Transfer All Others Cohorts (Excluding International Students)

| Year | Beginning Cohort | Beginning of 2nd Year |  | Beginning of 3rd Year |  |  |  | Beginning of 4th Year |  |  |  | Beginning of 5th Year |  |  |  | Beginning of 6th Year |  |  |  | Beginning of 7th Year |  |  | Beginning of 8th Year |  |  |  | Beginning of 9th Year |  |  |  | Beginning of 10th Year Grad. |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  | \# | $\begin{array}{r} \text { rad. } \\ \% \end{array}$ | \# | \% | \# | $\begin{array}{r} \text { rad. } \\ \hline \end{array}$ | \# | \% o \% | \# ${ }^{\text {G }}$ | $\begin{aligned} \text { ad. } \\ \hline \end{aligned}$ | \# | \% o \% | \# | ad. | \# | $\begin{aligned} & \text { ont. } \\ & \text { \% } \end{aligned}$ | \# | $\begin{aligned} & \text { ad. } \\ & \text { \% } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Cont. } \\ & \# \quad \% \end{aligned}$ | \# | $\begin{aligned} & \text { ad. } \\ & \% \end{aligned}$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { ont. } \\ & \% \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | \# | $\begin{gathered} \text { ad. } \\ \% \end{gathered}$ | \# |  |  | 。 <br> \% |
| *1995 | 49 | 35 | 71.4\% | 4 | 8.2\% | 28 | 57.1\% | 17 | 34.7\% | 13 | 26.5\% | 27 | 55.1\% | 3 | 6.1\% | 30 | 61.2\% | 0 | 0.0\% | 30 | 61.2\% | 0 0.0\% | 30 | 61.2\% | 0 | 0.0\% | 30 | 61.2\% | 0 | 0.0\% | 30 | 61.2\% |
| 1996 | 52 | 35 | 67.3\% | 3 | 5.8\% | 30 | 57.7\% | 16 | 30.8\% | 13 | 25.0\% | 23 | 44.2\% | 5 | 9.6\% | 27 | 51.9\% | 0 | 0.0\% | 27 | 51.9\% | 1 1.9\% | 27 | 51.9\% | 1 | 1.9\% | 28 | 53.8\% | 0 | 0.0\% |  |  |
| 1997 | 50 | 32 | 64.0\% | 3 | 6.0\% | 29 | 58.0\% | 19 | 38.0\% | 9 | 18.0\% | 25 | 50.0\% | 4 | 8.0\% | 28 | 56.0\% | 1 | 2.0\% | 29 | 58.0\% | 2 4.0\% | 29 | 58.0\% | 2 | 4.0\% |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1998 | 27 | 19 | 70.4\% | 1 | 3.7\% | 16 | 59.3\% | 8 | 29.6\% | 6 | 22.2\% | 12 | 44.4\% | 1 | 3.7\% | 13 | 48.1\% | 0 | 0.0\% | 13 | 48.1\% | 0 0.0\% |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1999 | 50 | 39 | 78.0\% | 2 | 4.0\% | 32 | 64.0\% | 11 | 22.0\% | 22 | 44.0\% | 26 | 52.0\% | 6 | 12.0\% | 28 | 56.0\% | 2 | 4.0\% |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 2000 | 36 | 25 | 69.4\% | 3 | 8.3\% | 21 | 58.3\% | 12 | 33.3\% | 11 | 30.6\% |  | 55.6\% | 3 | 8.3\% |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 2001 | 22 | 20 | 90.9\% | 2 | 9.1\% | 16 | 72.7\% | 6 | 27.3\% |  | 45.5\% |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 2002 | 22 | 16 | 72.7\% |  | 4.6\% | 14 | 63.6\% |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 2003 | 18 |  | 94.4\% |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| TOTAL | 326 | 238 | 73.0\% | 19 | 6.2\% | 186 | 60.4\% | 89 | 31.1\% | 84 | 29.4\% | 133 | 50.4\% | 22 | 8.3\% | 126 | 55.3\% | 3 | 1.3\% | 99 | 55.6\% | $31.7 \%$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

*Denotes cohort numbers that have been adjusted due to the death of a student. In each case, the number in the cohort has been reduced by one.
NOTE: For all years reported above, the percent retained represents both students who re-enrolled at the beginning of each year as well as those students granted a "leave of absence." Students who do not return from official leaves are not counted as withdrawn until they fail to re-enroll after their leaves.

## Ten-Year History of Fall Term Transfer Entrants by Cohort Type

Enrollment History (Retention) of New Transfer F-1 International Cohorts**

○

| Year | Beginning Cohort | Beginning of 2nd Year \# \% | Beginning of 3rd Year |  |  |  | Beginning of 4th Year |  |  |  | Beginning of 5th Year Grad. Cont |  |  |  | Beginning of 6th Year Grad. Cont |  |  |  | Beginning of 7th Year |  |  | Beginning of 8th Year |  |  |  | Beginning of 9th Year |  |  |  | Beginning of 10th Year Grad. |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | \# | Grad. \% | \# | Cont. \% | \# | Grad. \% | \# | Cont. \% | \# | Grad. \% |  | ont. $\%$ | \# |  | \# | Cont. \% | \# | Grad. \% | $\begin{array}{r} \text { Cont. } \\ \# \quad \% \\ \hline \end{array}$ | \# |  | \# | nt. | \# | rad. \% | \# | nt. |  |  |
| 1995 | 2 | $2100.0 \%$ | 0 | 0.0\% | 2 | 100.0\% | 1 | 50.0\% | 1 | 50.0\% | 2 | 100.0\% | 0 | 0.0\% |  | 2 100.0\% | 0 | 0.0\% | 2 | 100.0\% | 0 0.0\% | 2 | 100.0\% | 0 | 0.0\% | 2 | 100.0\% | 0 | 0.0\% |  | $2100.0 \%$ |
| 1996 | 2 | 1 50.0\% |  | 0.0\% | 1 | 50.0\% | 1 | 50.0\% | 0 | 0.0\% |  | 50.0\% | 0 | 0.0\% |  | $150.0 \%$ | 0 | 0.0\% | 1 | 50.0\% | 00.0\% | 1 | 50.0\% | 0 |  | 1 | 50.0\% | 0 |  |  |  |
| 1997 | 2 | 1 50.0\% |  | 0.0\% | 1 | 50.0\% | 0 | 0.0\% | 1 | 50.0\% |  | 50.0\% | 0 | 0.0\% |  | $150.0 \%$ | 0 | 0.0\% |  | 50.0\% | 0 0.0\% | 1 | 50.0\% | 0 | 0.0\% |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1998 | 4 | 4 100.0\% |  | 25.0\% | 2 | 50.0\% | 1 | 25.0\% | 2 | 50.0\% |  | 50.0\% | 0 | 0.0\% |  | $250.0 \%$ | 0 | 0.0\% |  | 50.0\% | 0 0.0\% |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1999 | 3 | 3 100.0\% |  | 0.0\% | 2 | 66.7\% | 1 | 33.3\% | 1 | 33.3\% |  | 66.7\% | 0 | 0.0\% |  | 2 66.7\% |  | 0.0\% |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 2000 | 4 | 4 100.0\% |  | 0.0\% | 4 | 100.0\% | 1 | 25.0\% | 3 | 75.0\% |  | 100.0\% | 0 | 0.0\% |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 2001 | 4 | 4 100.0\% |  | 0.0\% | 4 | 100.0\% | 2 | 50.0\% | 2 | 50.0\% |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 2002 | 0 | $\mathrm{n} / \mathrm{a}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 2003 | 0 | n/a |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| TOTAL | 21 | 19 90.5\% |  | 4.8\% | 16 | 76.2\% | 7 | 33.3\% | 10 | 47.6\% | 12 | 70.6\% | 0 | 0.0\% |  | 8 61.5\% | 0 | 0.0\% |  | 60.0\% | 0 0.0\% |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

NOTE: For all years reported above, the percent retained represents both students who re-enrolled at the beginning of each year as well as those
students granted a "leave of absence." Students who do not return from official leaves are not counted as withdrawn until they fail to re-enroll after their leaves.
**The category "F-1 International" does not include all students who come to the College from other countries or with substantial international experience.
For example, "permanent residents" who may be asylees or refugees are counted as "In-Territory" or "Out-of-Territory" rather than "F-1 International"

cannot legally receive.

## FIVE YEAR GRADUATION RATES FOR NEW FRESHMAN MATRICULANTS

 FALL TERMS 1990-1999

NOTE: For more details about graduation rates, please see page 72 .

Source: Office of Institutional Research and Assessment, October 2004.

# GRADUATION RATES FOR NEW FRESHMAN MATRICULANTS 

## ENTERING FALL TERMS 1994-2001

Percent of Original Class* Graduated on or before September 1, 2004
Lapsed Time in Years** (Fall Term to Fall Term)

| Year |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Entered | 1 Yr. | 2 Yrs. | 3 Yrs. | 4 Yrs. | 5 Yrs. | 6 Yrs. | 7 Yrs. | 8 Yrs. | 9 Yrs. | 10 Yrs . |
| 1994*** | 0 | 0 | 0.2 | 33.7 | 48.8 | 50.5 | 51.0 | 51.2 | 51.5 | 51.5 |
| 1995 | 0 | 0 | 0.2 | 35.1 | 49.8 | 51.7 | 52.2 | 52.4 | 52.4 |  |
| 1996 | 0 | 0 | 0.0 | 31.6 | 46.7 | 49.7 | 51.3 | 51.5 |  |  |
| 1997 | 0 | 0 | 0.2 | 29.2 | 46.8 | 49.3 | 50.0 |  |  |  |
| 1998 | 0 | 0 | 0.7 | 38.9 | 60.4 | 62.6 |  |  |  |  |
| 1999 | 0 | 0 | 0.2 | 35.5 | 60.8 |  |  |  |  |  |
| 2000 | 0 | 0 | 0.5 | 39.9 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 2001 | 0 | 0 | 0.1 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

*Students who withdraw and return are included in their original class.
${ }^{* *}$ If a student graduates mid-year, the additional fall term is counted as another year.
***Summary of Degree Requirement Policies:
1989 New Students: Students are required to complete their degree requirements after eight regular terms of residence. Exceptions to the eight term limit are determined on a case by case basis. This policy was abandoned in 1999.

1999 New Students: Students are strictly limited to completion of all degree requirements within 10 regular and five short terms comprising five academic years (including transfer terms, terms abroad, offcampus field studies and internships). Requests for an eleventh term must be submitted to the Student Admissions and Academic Standing (SAAS) Committee.

2003 New Students: Students are expected to complete all degree requirements-including transfer terms, terms abroad, off-campus field studies, internships, and the addition of minors or second majors-within four academic years. Students who, for good reason, are unable to complete degree requirements within eight regular terms, may fill out a Request for an Extension of Terms form (which must include a Term Curriculum Plan, along with a letter explaining the reason(s) the extension is needed) and submit it to the Associate Provost for Advising and Academic Success. Plans not approved by the Associate Provost may be appealed to the Student Admissions and Academic Standing Committee.

FIVE YEAR GRADUATION RATES FOR NEW FRESHMAN MATRICULANTS BY GENDER
FALL TERMS 1990-1999


NOTE: For more details about graduation rates, please see page 74 .

Source: Office of Institutional Research and Assessment, October 2004.

# GRADUATION RATES FOR NEW FRESHMAN MATRICULANTS BY GENDER 

ENTERING FALL TERMS 1994-2001
Percent of Original Class* Graduated on or before September 1, 2004
Lapsed Time in Years** (Fall Term to Fall Term)

| Females |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Year Entered | 1 Yr. | $\underline{2}$ Yrs. | 3 Yrs. | 4 Yrs. | 5 Yrs. | 6 Yrs. | $7 \mathrm{Yrs}$. | 8 Yrs. | 9 Yrs. | 10 Yrs . |
| 1994*** | 0 | 0 | 0.0 | 33.0 | 50.5 | 52.4 | 52.9 | 52.9 | 52.9 | 52.9 |
| 1995 | 0 | 0 | 0.5 | 37.3 | 55.5 | 57.7 | 58.2 | 58.2 | 58.2 |  |
| 1996 | 0 | 0 | 0.0 | 31.9 | 46.5 | 49.6 | 50.4 | 50.9 |  |  |
| 1997 | 0 | 0 | 0.0 | 34.3 | 49.4 | 51.5 | 51.9 |  |  |  |
| 1998 | 0 | 0 | 1.3 | 38.4 | 60.8 | 62.0 |  |  |  |  |
| 1999 | 0 | 0 | 0.0 | 39.9 | 67.0 |  |  |  |  |  |
| 2000 | 0 | 0 | 0.4 | 44.1 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 2001 | 0 | 0 | 0.4 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |


|  | Males |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Year |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Entered | 1 Yr. | 2 Yrs. | 3 Yrs. | 4 Yrs. | 5 Yrs. | 6 Yrs. | 7 Yrs. | 8 Yrs. | 9 Yrs. | 10 Yrs . |
| 1994*** | 0 | 0 | 0.5 | 34.5 | 47.0 | 48.5 | 49.0 | 49.5 | 50.0 | 50.0 |
| 1995 | 0 | 0 | 0.0 | 32.7 | 43.4 | 44.9 | 45.4 | 45.9 | 45.9 |  |
| 1996 | 0 | 0 | 0.0 | 31.2 | 47.1 | 50.0 | 52.4 | 52.4 |  |  |
| 1997 | 0 | 0 | 0.6 | 21.8 | 43.0 | 46.1 | 47.3 |  |  |  |
| 1998 | 0 | 0 | 0.0 | 39.5 | 59.9 | 63.3 |  |  |  |  |
| 1999 | 0 | 0 | 0.5 | 30.0 | 53.2 |  |  |  |  |  |
| 2000 | 0 | 0 | 0.6 | 34.1 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 2001 | 0 | 0 | 0.0 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

*Students who withdraw and return are included in their original class.
**If a student graduates mid-year, the additional fall term is counted as another year.
***See page 72 for a description of term limit policies.

Source: Office of Institutional Research and Assessment, October 2004

FIVE YEAR GRADUATION RATES FOR NEW FRESHMAN MATRICULANTS BY TERRITORY FALL TERMS 1990-1999


NOTE: For more details about graduation rates, please see page 76 .

Source: Office of Institutional Research and Assessment, October 2004.

ENTERING FALL TERMS 1994-2001
Percent of Original Class* Graduated on or before September 1, 2004 Lapsed Time in Years** (Fall Term to Fall Term)

|  |  |  |  |  | erritor |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Year |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Entered | 1 Yr. | $\underline{2}$ Yrs. | 3 Yrs . | 4 Yrs. | 5 Yrs. | 6 Yrs. | 7 Yrs . | 8 Yrs. | $9 \mathrm{Yrs}$. | 10 Yrs . |
| 1994*** | 0 | 0 | 0.3 | 32.3 | 48.0 | 49.8 | 50.5 | 50.8 | 51.1 | 51.1 |
| 1995 | 0 | 0 | 0.3 | 32.5 | 47.7 | 49.4 | 49.7 | 50.0 | 50.0 |  |
| 1996 | 0 | 0 | 0.0 | 29.1 | 43.8 | 46.6 | 47.9 | 48.2 |  |  |
| 1997 | 0 | 0 | 0.0 | 24.1 | 40.9 | 43.2 | 44.2 |  |  |  |
| 1998 | 0 | 0 | 0.6 | 36.5 | 58.1 | 60.8 |  |  |  |  |
| 1999 | 0 | 0 | 0.0 | 33.2 | 57.7 |  |  |  |  |  |
| 2000 | 0 | 0 | 0.3 | 35.4 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 2001 | 0 | 0 | 0.3 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | Out-of-Territory |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Year |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Entered | 1 Yr. | $\underline{2}$ Yrs. | 3 Yrs . | 4 Yrs . | $5 \mathrm{Yrs}$. | 6 Yrs. | $7 \mathrm{Yrs}$. | 8 Yrs. | 9 Yrs. | 10 Yrs . |
| 1994*** | 0 | 0 | 0.0 | 28.1 | 43.8 | 43.8 | 43.8 | 43.8 | 43.8 | 43.8 |
| 1995 | 0 | 0 | 0.0 | 37.3 | 49.0 | 52.9 | 54.9 | 54.9 | 54.9 |  |
| 1996 | 0 | 0 | 0.0 | 32.3 | 51.6 | 56.5 | 59.7 | 59.7 |  |  |
| 1997 | 0 | 0 | 0.0 | 29.7 | 54.1 | 56.8 | 56.8 |  |  |  |
| 1998 | 0 | 0 | 0.0 | 37.1 | 58.1 | 58.1 |  |  |  |  |
| 1999 | 0 | 0 | 0.0 | 40.0 | 67.1 |  |  |  |  |  |
| 2000 | 0 | 0 | 1.6 | 53.2 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 2001 | 0 | 0 | 0.0 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | F-1 International |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Year |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Entered | 1 Yr. | $\underline{2}$ Yrs. | 3 Yrs . | 4 Yrs . | 5 Yrs. | 6 Yrs. | $7 \mathrm{Yrs}$. | 8 Yrs. | 9 Yrs . | 10 Yrs . |
| 1994*** | 0 | 0 | 0.0 | 82.4 | 82.4 | 88.2 | 88.2 | 88.2 | 88.2 | 88.2 |
| 1995 | 0 | 0 | 0.0 | 82.4 | 94.1 | 94.1 | 94.1 | 94.1 | 94.1 |  |
| 1996 | 0 | 0 | 0.0 | 66.7 | 76.2 | 76.2 | 76.2 | 76.2 |  |  |
| 1997 | 0 | 0 | 3.7 | 85.2 | 92.6 | 96.3 | 96.3 |  |  |  |
| 1998 | 0 | 0 | 4.3 | 78.3 | 100.0 | 100.0 |  |  |  |  |
| 1999 | 0 | 0 | 4.5 | 54.5 | 86.4 |  |  |  |  |  |
| 2000 | 0 | 0 | 0.0 | 69.6 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 2001 | 0 | 0 | 0.1 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

*Students who withdraw and return are included in their original class.
**If a student graduates mid-year, the additional fall term is counted as another year.
*** See page 72 for a description of term limit policies.

Note: The category "F-1 International" does not include all students who come to the College from other countries or with substantial international experience. For example, "permanent residents" who may be asylees or refugees are counted as "In-Territory" or "Out-of-Territory" rather than "F-1 International" depending on residence at the time of application. These students are eligible for federal financial aid that F-1 International students cannot legally receive.

## FIVE YEAR GRADUATION RATES FOR NEW FRESHMAN MATRICULANTS BY COHORT TYPE

 FALL TERMS 1990-1999

Source: Office of Institutional Research and Assessment, October 2004.

ENTERING FALL TERMS 1994-2001
Percent of Original Class* Graduated on or before September 1, 2004
Lapsed Time in Years** (Fall Term to Fall Term)

|  |  |  |  | Afric | -Ameri |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Year Entered | 1 Yr . | 2 Yrs. | 3 Yrs. | 4 Yrs. | 5 Yrs. | 6 Yrs. | 7 Yrs. | 8 Yrs. | 9 Yrs. | 10 Yrs . |
| 1994*** | 0 | 0 | 0.0 | 40.6 | 56.3 | 59.4 | 59.4 | 59.4 | 59.4 | 59.4 |
| 1995 | 0 | 0 | 0.0 | 31.0 | 42.9 | 50.0 | 50.0 | 50.0 | 50.0 |  |
| 1996 | 0 | 0 | 0.0 | 12.8 | 35.9 | 41.0 | 43.6 | 43.6 |  |  |
| 1997 | 0 | 0 | 0.0 | 28.6 | 46.4 | 50.0 | 50.0 |  |  |  |
| 1998 | 0 | 0 | 1.8 | 42.9 | 58.9 | 64.3 |  |  |  |  |
| 1999 | 0 | 0 | 0.0 | 30.4 | 58.0 |  |  |  |  |  |
| 2000 | 0 | 0 | 0.0 | 44.3 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 2001 | 0 | 0 | 0.0 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

## All Others (Excluding F-1 International and African-American Students)

| Year | 1 Yr | 2 Yrs. | 3 Yrs. | 4 Yrs | 5 Yrs | 6 Yrs | 7 Yrs. | 8 Yrs | 9 Yrs | 10 Yrs |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\underline{ }$ | $\underline{\text { 2Yrs. }}$ | $\underline{\text { 3rs. }}$ | $4 \mathrm{Yrs}$. | $\underline{\text { SYis. }}$ | $\underline{6 Y r s .}$ | $\underline{7 \text { ris. }}$ | 8Yrs. | $\underline{\text { Yrs. }}$ | $\underline{ }$ |
| 1994*** | 0 | 0 | 0.3 | 30.8 | 46.2 | 47.9 | 48.5 | 48.7 | 49.0 | 49.0 |
| 1995 | 0 | 0 | 0.3 | 33.3 | 48.5 | 49.9 | 50.4 | 50.7 | 50.7 |  |
| 1996 | 0 | 0 | 0.0 | 31.3 | 46.1 | 49.1 | 50.6 | 50.9 |  |  |
| 1997 | 0 | 0 | 0.0 | 24.9 | 43.3 | 45.6 | 46.4 |  |  |  |
| 1998 | 0 | 0 | 0.3 | 35.5 | 57.9 | 59.7 |  |  |  |  |
| 1999 | 0 | 0 | 0.0 | 35.2 | 59.6 |  |  |  |  |  |
| 2000 | 0 | 0 | 0.6 | 37.4 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 2001 | 0 | 0 | 0.3 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |


| Year Entered | 1 Yr . | 2 Yrs. | 3 Yrs. | 4 Yrs. | 5 Yrs. | 6 Yrs. | 7 Yrs. | 8 Yrs. | 9 Yrs. | 10 Yrs . |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1994*** | 0 | 0 | 0.0 | 82.4 | 82.4 | 88.2 | 88.2 | 88.2 | 88.2 | 88.2 |
| 1995 | 0 | 0 | 0.0 | 82.4 | 94.1 | 94.1 | 94.1 | 94.1 | 94.1 |  |
| 1996 | 0 | 0 | 0.0 | 66.7 | 76.2 | 76.2 | 76.2 | 76.2 |  |  |
| 1997 | 0 | 0 | 3.7 | 85.2 | 92.6 | 96.3 | 96.3 |  |  |  |
| 1998 | 0 | 0 | 4.3 | 78.3 | 100.0 | 100.0 |  |  |  |  |
| 1999 | 0 | 0 | 4.5 | 54.5 | 86.4 |  |  |  |  |  |
| 2000 | 0 | 0 | 0.0 | 65.2 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 2001 | 0 | 0 | 0.0 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

*Students who withdraw and return are included in their original class.
**If a student graduates mid-year, the additional fall term is counted as another year.
*** See page 72 for a description of term limit policies.

NOTE: The category "F-1 International" does not include all students who come to the College from other countries or with substantial international experience. For example, "permanent residents" who may be asylees or refugees are counted as "In-Territory" or "Out-of-Territory" rather than "F-1 International" depending on residence at the time of application. These students are eligible for federal financial aid that F-1 International students cannot legally receive.

Source: Office of Institutional Research and Assessment, October 2004

## FIVE YEAR GRADUATION RATES FOR NEW TRANSFER MATRICULANTS <br> FALL TERMS 1990-1999



NOTE: For more details about graduation rates, please see page 80.

Source: Office of Institutional Research and Assessment, October 2004.

# GRADUATION RATES FOR NEW TRANSFER MATRICULANTS 

ENTERING FALL TERMS 1994-2002

Percent of Original Class* Graduated on or before September 1, 2004
Lapsed Time in Years** (Fall Term to Fall Term)

| Year |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Entered | 1 Yr . | 2 Yrs. | 3 Yrs. | $4 \mathrm{Yrs}$. | 5 Yrs . | 6 Yrs. | 7 Yrs . | 8 Yrs. | $9 \mathrm{Yrs}$. | $10 \mathrm{Yrs}$. |
| 1994*** | 0 | 4.7 | 26.6 | 56.3 | 59.4 | 62.5 | 62.5 | 64.1 | 64.1 | 64.1 |
| 1995 | 0 | 7.1 | 35.7 | 58.9 | 64.3 | 64.3 | 64.3 | 64.3 | 64.3 |  |
| 1996 | 0 | 5.3 | 31.6 | 45.6 | 52.6 | 52.6 | 52.6 | 54.4 |  |  |
| 1997 | 0 | 5.2 | 34.5 | 48.3 | 55.2 | 56.9 | 56.9 |  |  |  |
| 1998 | 0 | 5.9 | 26.5 | 50.0 | 52.9 | 52.9 |  |  |  |  |
| 1999 | 0 | 5.5 | 23.6 | 54.5 | 58.2 |  |  |  |  |  |
| 2000 | 0 | 8.5 | 31.9 | 59.6 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 2001 | 0 | 6.9 | 34.5 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 2002 | 0 | 4.2 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

*Students who withdraw and return are included in their original class.
${ }^{* *}$ If a student graduates mid-year, the additional fall term is counted as another year.
*** See page 72 for a description of term limit policies.

FIVE YEAR GRADUATION RATES FOR NEW TRANSFER MATRICULANTS BY GENDER
FALL TERMS 1990-1999


NOTE: For more details about graduation rates, please see page 82 .

Source: Office of Institutional Research and Assessment, October 2004.

# GRADUATION RATES FOR NEW TRANSFER MATRICULANTS BY GENDER 

ENTERING FALL TERMS 1994-2002
Percent of Original Class* Graduated on or before September 1, 2004
Lapsed Time in Years** (Fall Term to Fall Term)


Source: Office of Institutional Research and Assessment, October 2004

# NUMBER OF GRADUATES, DEGREES, AND MAJORS 

## Academic Years


*See the following pages (83b-87) for more detail regarding majors.
Note: Totals reflect graduates/degrees conferred/majors from September 1 through July 1 of each year.

## NUMBER OF MAJORS

## Five-Year History

| Major Programs | 1999-2000 | 2000-2001 | 2001-2002 | 2002-2003 | 2003-2004 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Agriculture and Natural |  |  |  |  |  |
| Resources | 9 | 11 | 11 | 15 | 12 |
| Art | 13 | 7 | 22 | 11 | 10 |
| Biology | 9 | 11 | 14 | 27 | 24 |
| Business Administration | 32 | 36 | 41 | 37 | 48 |
| Chemistry | 7 | 7 | 5 | 6 | 15 |
| Child and Family Studies | 24 | 28 | 26 | 34 | 22 |
| Economics | 5 | 9 | 4 | 3 | 3 |
| Education Studies | 8 | 8 | 10 | 9 | 17 |
| Elementary Education | 16 | 6 | 6 | 8 | 7 |
| English | 15 | 11 | 17 | 19 | 20 |
| Foreign Language | 11 | 5 | 6 | 10 | 9 |
| Classical Languages | (1) | (1) | (0) | (0) | (1) |
| French | (2) | (0) | (2) | (2) | (1) |
| German | (2) | (0) | (3) | (4) | (1) |
| Spanish | (6) | (4) | (1) | (4) | (6) |
| History | 10 | 5 | 7 | 8 | 8 |
| Independent Major* | 9 | 10 | 18 | 11 | 21 |
| Mathematics | 6 | 9 | 13 | 14 | 10 |
| Music | 7 | 4 | 4 | 5 | 5 |
| Nursing | 16 | 14 | 16 | 9 | 14 |
| Philosophy | 5 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 6 |
| Physical Education | 10 | 5 | 5 | 11 | 11 |
| Physics | 0 | 1 | 3 | 7 | 1 |
| Political Science | 2 | 4 | 10 | 4 | 8 |
| Psychology | 8 | 15 | 12 | 13 | 23 |
| Religion | 2 | 2 | 6 | 2 | 4 |
| Sociology | 11 | 7 | 5 | 13 | 16 |
| Speech Communication |  |  |  | 4 | 9 |
| Technology and |  |  |  |  |  |
| Industrial Arts | 23 | 25 | 26 | 29 | 25 |
| Theatre | 3 | 3 | 8 | 2 | 5 |
| Women's Studies | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 5 |
| TOTALS** | 261 | 245 | 297 | 313 | 358 |

[^5]Note: These totals reflect majors from September 1 through July 1 of each year.

Source: Academic Services, March 2005.

## INDEPENDENT MAJORS*

Academic Years 1999-2000 through 2003-2004

Independent majors are designed for students who wish to pursue an integrating idea or principle that cannot be met through a standard Berea College major program. Students are free to propose topics. The student will secure an independent major adviser. The adviser must be above the rank of instructor and from one of the departments incorporated in the major. After consultation with the independent major adviser and a College librarian regarding available resources, a tentative curriculum plan is developed. Approval of the curriculum plan must be obtained from the chairperson of all departments/programs in which two or more courses in the major are taken. The plan must include a term-by-term plan for all future terms showing when each course will be taken. Completed proposals are submitted to the Office of Academic Services for review by the Academic Program Council (APC). The Council can accept, reject, or modify the proposal. If approved by the Council, a copy is filed with the Office of Records and Registration.

1999-2000: 9 majors<br>Appalachian Housing<br>Communication (3)<br>Education and the Appalachian Child<br>Food Science<br>Women's Studies (3)<br>2000-2001: 10 majors

Asian Studies
Black Studies
Communication
Environmental Science
Fashion Design
Neuroscience
Women's Studies (4)
2001-2002: 18 majors
American Studies
Classical Hebrew Language and Civilization
Communication (6)
Geology
International Relations
Neuroscience (2)
Women's Studies (4)
*Includes double degrees and double majors.

2002-2003: 11 majors
Asian Studies (3)
Communication (4)
Geology
International Studies (2)
Neuroscience
2003-2004-21 majors
Asian Studies (7)
Black Studies
Classical Studies
East Asian Studies
Geoscience (5)
Graphic Communication
Humanities
Media Administration
Neuroscience
Sustainable Environmental Studies
Sustainable Environments

Notes: These totals reflect majors from September 1 through July 1 of each academic year.
Starting with the entering class of 2001, Women's Studies became a regular major and no longer an independent major.
Starting with the entering class of 2000, Communication became a regular major and no longer an independent major.

Source: Berea College Catalog, 2004-2005. <http://www.berea.edu/catalog/degrees of study.html>
Office of Academic Services, March 2005.

## MAJORS BY GENDER 5 Year Summary: Academic Years 1999-2000 through 2003-2004

|  | Academic Years 1999-2000 through 2003-2004 |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\frac{\text { Males }}{\mathrm{N}} \text { \% }$ |  | $\frac{\text { Females }}{\mathrm{N}} \%$ |  | $\underline{\mathrm{N} \% \text { of Grand Total }}$ |  |
| Agriculture \& Natural Resources | 24 | 41\% | 34 | 59\% | 58 | 3.9\% |
| Art | 24 | 38\% | 39 | 62\% | 63 | 4.3\% |
| Biology | 26 | 31\% | 59 | 69\% | 85 | 5.8\% |
| Business Administration | 112 | 58\% | 81 | 42\% | 193 | 13.1\% |
| Chemistry | 25 | 63\% | 15 | 38\% | 40 | 2.7\% |
| Child \& Family Studies | 19 | 14\% | 115 | 86\% | 134 | 9.1\% |
| Economics | 13 | 54\% | 11 | 46\% | 24 | 1.6\% |
| Education Studies | 22 | 42\% | 30 | 58\% | 52 | 3.5\% |
| Elementary Education | 7 | 16\% | 36 | 84\% | 43 | 2.9\% |
| English | 26 | 32\% | 56 | 68\% | 82 | 5.6\% |
| Foreign Languages | 12 | 29\% | 29 | 71\% | 41 | 2.8\% |
| History | 23 | 61\% | 15 | 39\% | 38 | 2.6\% |
| Independent Major* | 25 | 36\% | 45 | 64\% | 70 | 4.7\% |
| Mathematics | 36 | 69\% | 16 | 31\% | 52 | 3.5\% |
| Music | 11 | 44\% | 14 | 56\% | 25 | 1.7\% |
| Nursing | 6 | 9\% | 63 | 91\% | 69 | 4.7\% |
| Philosophy | 10 | 59\% | 7 | 41\% | 17 | 1.2\% |
| Physical Education | 17 | 40\% | 26 | 60\% | 42 | 2.9\% |
| Physics | 9 | 82\% | 2 | 18\% | 12 | 0.7\% |
| Political Science | 17 | 61\% | 11 | 39\% | 28 | 1.9\% |
| Psychology | 14 | 20\% | 57 | 80\% | 71 | 4.8\% |
| Religion | 10 | 63\% | 6 | 38\% | 16 | 1.1\% |
| Sociology | 12 | 23\% | 40 | 77\% | 52 | 3.5\% |
| Speech Communication | 6 | 46\% | 7 | 54\% | 13 | 0.9\% |
| Technology and Industrial Arts | 93 | 73\% | 35 | 27\% | 128 | 8.7\% |
| Theatre | 7 | 33\% | 14 | 67\% | 21 | 1.4\% |
| Women's Studies | 0 | 0\% | 5 | 100\% | 5 | 0.3\% |
| GRAND TOTAL | 606 | 41\% | 868 | 59\% | 1,474** | 100\% |

*Please see page 84 for a more complete description of independent majors.
**This is a duplicative headcount that includes double degrees and double majors. The 1,474 majors represent 1,404 graduates during this five-year time period.

Note: These totals reflect majors from September 1 through July 1 of each year.

## MAJORS BY GENDER

## 5 Year History

|  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Acade |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | 999-2000 |  |  | 000-20 |  |  | 2001-2002 |  |  | -02-20 |  |  | 03-200 |  |
|  | Major Programs | Male | Female | Total | Male | Female | Total | Male | Female | Total | Male | Female | Total | Male | Female | Total |
|  | Agriculture and Natural |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | Resources | 3 | 6 | 9 | 5 | 6 | 11 | 5 | 6 | 11 | 5 | 10 | 15 | 6 | 6 | 12 |
|  | Art | 6 | 7 | 13 | 0 | 7 | 7 | 10 | 12 | 22 | 6 | 5 | 11 | 2 | 8 | 10 |
|  | Biology | 4 | 5 | 9 | 3 | 8 | 11 | 4 | 10 | 14 | 6 | 21 | 27 | 9 | 15 | 24 |
|  | Business Admin. | 22 | 10 | 32 | 19 | 17 | 36 | 27 | 14 | 41 | 21 | 16 | 37 | 24 | 24 | 48 |
|  | Chemistry | 3 | 4 | 7 | 4 | 3 | 7 | 4 | 1 | 5 | 3 | 3 | 6 | 11 | 4 | 15 |
|  | Child \& Family Studies | 5 | 19 | 24 | 2 | 26 | 28 | 4 | 22 | 26 | 5 | 29 | 34 | 3 | 19 | 22 |
|  | Economics | 2 | 3 | 5 | 4 | 5 | 9 | 3 | 1 | 4 | 2 | 1 | 3 | 2 | 1 | 3 |
|  | Education Studies | 2 | 6 | 8 | 3 | 5 | 8 | 7 | 3 | 10 | 3 | 6 | 9 | 7 | 10 | 17 |
|  | Elementary Education | 1 | 15 | 16 | 2 | 4 | 6 | 1 | 5 | 6 | 2 | 6 | 8 | 1 | 6 | 7 |
|  | English | 3 | 12 | 15 | 4 | 7 | 11 | 6 | 11 | 17 | 7 | 12 | 19 | 6 | 14 | 20 |
|  | Foreign Languages | 4 | 7 | 11 | 2 | 3 | 5 | 3 | 3 | 6 | 1 | 9 | 10 | 2 | 7 | 9 |
|  | History | 6 | 4 | 10 | 2 | 3 | 5 | 6 | 1 | 7 | 6 | 2 | 8 | 3 | 5 | 8 |
|  | Independent Major* | 1 | 8 | 9 | 1 | 9 | 10 | 8 | 10 | 18 | 5 | 6 | 11 | 9 | 12 | 21 |
|  | Mathematics | 4 | 2 | 6 | 5 | 4 | 9 | 10 | 3 | 13 | 11 | 3 | 14 | 6 | 4 | 10 |
|  | Music | 4 | 3 | 7 | 2 | 2 | 4 | 2 | 2 | 4 | 2 | 3 | 5 | 1 | 4 | 5 |
| ® | Nursing | 1 | 15 | 16 | 2 | 12 | 14 | 2 | 14 | 16 | 0 | 9 | 9 | 1 | 13 | 14 |
|  | Philosophy | 1 | 4 | 5 | 0 | 2 | 2 | 1 | 1 | 2 | 2 | 0 | 2 | 6 | 0 | 6 |
|  | Physical Education | 7 | 3 | 10 | 0 | 5 | 5 | 1 | 4 | 5 | 5 | 6 | 11 | 4 | 7 | 11 |
|  | Physics | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 3 | 0 | 3 | 6 | 1 | 7 | 0 | 1 | 1 |
|  | Political Science | 2 | 0 | 2 | 3 | 1 | 4 | 6 | 4 | 10 | 2 | 2 | 4 | 4 | 4 | 8 |
|  | Psychology | 3 | 5 | 8 | 1 | 14 | 15 | 3 | 9 | 12 | 2 | 11 | 13 | 5 | 18 | 23 |
|  | Religion | 1 | 1 | 2 | 2 | 0 | 2 | 3 | 3 | 6 | 1 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 1 | 4 |
|  | Sociology | 3 | 8 | 11 | 3 | 4 | 7 | 1 | 4 | 5 | 2 | 11 | 13 | 3 | 13 | 16 |
|  | Speech Communication |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 4 | $9$ |
|  | Technology and |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | Industrial Arts | 17 | 6 | 23 | 17 | 8 | 25 | 18 | 8 | 26 | 23 | 6 | 29 | 18 | 7 | 25 |
|  | Theatre | 1 | 2 | 3 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 2 | 6 | 8 | 0 | 2 | 2 | 3 | 2 | 5 |
|  | Women's Studies |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 0 | 5 |  |
|  | TOTAL** |  |  | 261 |  |  | 245 |  |  | 297 |  |  | 313 |  |  | 358 |

*Please see page 84 for a more complete description of independent majors.
**These are duplicative headcounts that include double degrees and double majors. Please see page 83a for an unduplicated headcount.

Note: These totals reflect majors from September 1 through July 1 of each year.

Compiled by: Office of Institutional Research and Assessment, March 2005.

## MAJORS BY COHORT TYPE

5 Year Summary: Academic Years 1999-2000 through 2003-2004

|  |  | African-American$\qquad$ N (\%) |  | All Others$\mathrm{N} \quad(\%)$ |  | F-1 International$\mathrm{N} \quad(\%)$ |  | N | otal (\%) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Agriculture and Natural Resources | 3 | (5\%) | 55 | (95\%) | 0 | (0\%) | 58 | (3.9\%) |
|  | Art | 1 | (2\%) | 61 | (97\%) | 1 | (2\%) | 63 | (4.3\%) |
|  | Biology | 5 | (6\%) | 65 | (76\%) | 15 | (18\%) | 85 | (5.8\%) |
|  | Business Administration | 30 | (16\%) | 125 | (65\%) | 38 | (20\%) | 193 | (13.1\%) |
|  | Chemistry | 5 | (13\%) | 22 | (55\%) | 13 | (33\%) | 40 | (2.7\%) |
|  | Child and Family Studies | 20 | (15\%) | 112 | (84\%) | 2 | (1\%) | 134 | (9.1\%) |
|  | Economics | 0 | (0\%) | 6 | (25\%) | 18 | (75\%) | 24 | (1.6\%) |
|  | Education Studies | 9 | (17\%) | 42 | (81\%) | 1 | (2\%) | 52 | (3.5\%) |
|  | Elementary Education | 4 | (9\%) | 39 | (91\%) | 0 | (0\%) | 43 | (2.9\%) |
|  | English | 12 | (15\%) | 69 | (84\%) | 1 | (1\%) | 82 | (5.6\%) |
|  | Foreign Languages | 3 | (7\%) | 33 | (80\%) | 5 | (12\%) | 41 | (2.8\%) |
|  | History | 4 | (11\%) | 34 | (89\%) | 0 | (0\%) | 38 | (2.6\%) |
|  | Independent Major* | 6 | (9\%) | 63 | (90\%) | 1 | (1\%) | 70 | (4.7\%) |
|  | Mathematics | 2 | (4\%) | 35 | (67\%) | 15 | (29\%) | 52 | (3.5\%) |
|  | Music | 2 | (8\%) | 22 | (88\%) | 1 | (4\%) | 25 | (1.7\%) |
| $\infty$ | Nursing | 9 | (13\%) | 55 | (80\%) | 5 | (7\%) | 69 | (4.7\%) |
| $\stackrel{\square}{ }$ | Philosophy | 0 | (0\%) | 16 | (97\%) | 1 | (6\%) | 17 | (1.2\%) |
|  | Physical Education | 3 | (7\%) | 38 | (90\%) | 1 | (2\%) | 42 | (2.8\%) |
|  | Physics | 0 | (0\%) | 9 | (75\%) | 3 | (25\%) | 12 | (0.8\%) |
|  | Political Science | 5 | (18\%) | 19 | (68\%) | 4 | (14\%) | 28 | (1.9\%) |
|  | Psychology | 12 | (17\%) | 58 | (82\%) | 1 | (1\%) | 71 | (4.8\%) |
|  | Religion | 3 | (19\%) | 13 | (81\%) | 0 | (0\%) | 16 | (1.1\%) |
|  | Sociology | 7 | (13\%) | 40 | (77\%) | 5 | (10\%) | 52 | (3.5\%) |
|  | Speech Communication | 2 | (15\%) | 10 | (77\%) | 1 | (8\%) | 13 | (0.9\%) |
|  | Technology and Industrial Arts | 17 | (13\%) | 109 | (85\%) | 2 | (2\%) | 128 | (8.7\%) |
|  | Theatre | 3 | (14\%) | 18 | (86\%) | 0 | (0\%) | 21 | (1.4\%) |
|  | Women's Studies | 0 | (0\%) | 5 | (100\%) | 0 | (0\%) | 5 | (0.3\%) |
|  | TOTAL** | 167 | (11\%) | 1,173 | (80\%) | 116 | (9\%) | 1,474 | (100\%) |

*Please see page 84 for a more complete description of independent majors.
**These are duplicative headcounts that include double degrees and double majors. Please see page 83a for an unduplicated headcount.
Note: These totals reflect graduates from September 1 through July 1 of each year. Percentages may not total $100 \%$ due to rounding.
Compiled by: Office of Institutional Research and Assessment, March 2005

## GRADUATE TRENDS

Graduates by Gender


Graduates by Cohort Type

*Includes Permanent Residents (non-citizens, including refuges and asylees who have formally established residency in the U.S.) and U.S. citizens living in foreign countries.

Source: Office of Institutional Research and Assessment, October 2004

## Graduate Trends, continued



Source: Office of Institutional Research and Assessment, October 2004

## STUDY ABROAD

From the Berea College Catalog, 2004-2005:
The world has become a highly complex and interdependent global village. In response, Berea College has undertaken a variety of initiatives to help its students - tomorrow's leaders - increase their international awareness. College resources support an International Education Center (IEC) and are devoted to creating opportunities for international education, both on campus and abroad. Through international elements in the curriculum, by the presence of outstanding students from around the world in the student body, through international cultural programs, and by supporting a variety of options for study abroad, the College provides many different ways for students to enhance their understanding of the College's scriptural foundation, "God has made of one blood all peoples of earth."

## BEREA COLLEGE STUDY ABROAD PARTICIPANTS ACADEMIC YEARS 1999-2000 THROUGH 2003-2004

| Length of Time | Number of Participants for Academic Year |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 1999-2000 | 2000-2001 | 2001-2002 | 2002-2003 | 2003-2004 |
| Full Year | 2 | 2 | 10 | 4 | 2 |
| Semester | 15 | 36 | 39 | 35 | 22 |
| Short Term | 116 | 109 | 77 | 86 | 133 |
| Summer | 49 | 52 | 137 | 77 | 65 |
| TOTAL | 182 | 199 | 263 | 202 | 222 |
| Percent of Students who Participated*: | 13\% | 14\% | 17\% | 14\% | 15\% |

*The percentages above are based on the number of participants divided by the average of the Fall and Spring full-time degree-seeking student enrollment.

Source: Berea College Catalog, 2004-2005. < http://www.berea.edu/catalog/international_education.html> International Center, August 2004

# Berea College Study Abroad Participants <br> by Program/Sponsor and Country Academic Year 2003-2004 

| Academic Year (2) |  | Number Participan |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Berea Term Abroad | Japan | 1 |
| Foreign Language Dept. | Germany | 1 |
| Semester (22) |  |  |
| Berea Term Abroad | Ecuador | 2 |
|  | England | 3 |
|  | France | 1 |
|  | Italy | 1 |
|  | Japan | 2 |
|  | Mexico | 1 |
|  | New Zealand | 4 |
|  | Northern Ireland | 2 |
| Foreign Language Department | Italy | 1 |
|  | Mexico | 1 |
| Independent Study | Japan | 1 |
|  | Spain | 1 |
|  | Taiwan | 1 |
| BMW Scholarship | Australia | 1 |
| Short Term (133) |  |  |
| Alternative Teaching Setting | Czech Republic | 1 |
|  | Denmark | 3 |
|  | Greece | 3 |
| Berea College Course | Ghana | 19 |
|  | Italy | 19 |
|  | Mexico | 33 |
| Independent Study | Bolivia | 1 |
|  | China | 2 |
|  | El Salvador | 2 |
|  | Germany | 1 |
|  | Haiti | 3 |
|  | Italy | 2 |
|  | Japan | 2 |
|  | Thailand | 1 |
| Intensive Language | Germany | 1 |
| Internships | New Zealand | 5 |
|  | Spain | 2 |

# Berea College Study Abroad Participants by Program/Sponsor and Country Academic Year 2003-2004, continued 

Number of
Participants
Short Term (133), continued
Team Initiated Studies

| Bolivia | 10 |
| :--- | ---: |
| Costa Rica | 3 |
| Dominican Republic | 4 |
| England | 2 |
| France | 4 |

## Summer (65)

| Independent Study | Peru | 4 |
| :--- | :--- | ---: |
| Intensive Language | Germany | 3 |
| Study | Guatemala | 1 |
| Internships | El Salvador | 1 |
| KIIS | Austria | 19 |
|  | Denmark | 7 |
|  | Ecuador | 1 |
|  | France | 1 |
|  | Germany | 1 |
|  | Greece | 3 |
|  | Japan | 2 |
|  | Mexico | 1 |
|  | Spain | 1 |
|  | Turkey | 1 |
| Non Credit | China | 1 |
|  | Costa Rica | 5 |
|  | Ethiopia | 1 |
|  | Ireland | 5 |
|  | Peru | 1 |
|  | Switzerland (Caux Seminar) | 1 |
|  | Thailand | 1 |

TOTAL
222

Source: International Center, August 2004

## ACADEMIC CREDIT INTERNSHIPS

The Internship Program is an experiential education program individually designed for those with a special academic interest served by the integration of classroom learning with practical experience. The programs, which include seminars with academic sponsors as well as non-classroom experience, are open to juniors and seniors. One to three course credits in one 14-week term may be taken in Internships, but no more than two Internship experiences may receive course credits during a college career. An Internship may be either a Departmental or a General Studies offering. Every Departmental Internship proposal requires the approval of two faculty sponsors and the department assumes the responsibility for determining course credit. General Studies Internship proposals require the approval of two faculty sponsors, and the Coordinator of Internships assumes responsibility for determining course credit. Final approval for Internship proposals is given by the Coordinator of Internships. Applications for Internships can be obtained from the Internship Office's Public Folder on Outlook.

Internship placements are located in various states and abroad and are available in any area of study.

Specific internship titles over the last few years have included examples such as:

- WLEX-TV, Lexington, Kentucky
- IBM Turk LTD., Levent, Turkey
- Merill Lynch, Lexington, Kentucky
- Civil Justice, Inc., Baltimore, Maryland
- Equine Reproduction, Canterbury, New Zealand
- Berea College, Upward Bound, Berea Kentucky
- Making Nature Visible: Planning an Italian Ecovillage, Italy

Number of Internships
Academic Years 1999-2000 through 2003-2004

| Term 1 | 1999-2000 | 2000-2001 | 2001-2002 | 2002-2003 | 2003-2004 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Fall | 5 | 4 | 3 | 5 | 2 |
| Short | 26 | 26 | 31 | 38 | 32 |
| Spring | 1 | 5 | 3 | 19 | 0 |
| Summer | 49 | 55 | 64 | 78 | 67 |
| TOTAL | 81 | 90 | 101 | 140 | 101 |
| Percent of Students who Participated* | s ${ }^{\text {s }}$ 6\% | 6\% | 7\% | 9\% | 7\% |

NOTE: Many other students participate in internships that do not involve academic credit.
*The percentages above are based on the number of participants divided by the average of the Fall and Spring full-time degree-seeking student enrollment.

Source: Berea College Catalog, 2004-2005, [http://www.berea.edu/catalog/coursesinstruction.asp\#internship](http://www.berea.edu/catalog/coursesinstruction.asp%5C#internship) Office of Internships, November 2004

## SHORT TERM EXCHANGE PROGRAM DESCRIPTION

Berea College engages in several kinds of Short Term (or January term) exchanges with a number of 4-1-4 colleges. Basically, there are three kinds of such exchanges:
(1) The most common kind of program is a tuition-only exchange. That is, students from Berea pay only room, board and general fees at the importing college, and conversely, students from reciprocating schools pay only room, board and general fees at Berea.
(2) Berea also engages in full exchanges with colleges. In this program, students from Berea pay only general fees to the importing college, and students exported to Berea pay only general fees here. This program requires that there be a tally kept of students enrolled so that over time, both colleges benefit equally. In this program, when a college has exported to Berea more students than we have exported (or conversely), the full exchange is temporarily suspended. Some colleges with which we have agreements specify that exchanges be one-forone exchanges, i.e., for any Berea College student to do an exchange at the institution, there must be a student from that institution who will do an exchange at Berea.
(3) Finally, it is possible for a student from a college with which we have no established exchange contract to attend Berea by engaging in a transient student exchange. Conversely, it is possible for a Berea student to attend colleges with which we do not have established exchange contracts by requesting transient student status. In this program, Berea and the other institution agree to the terms for the exchange for each (individual) student.

It is the belief of the faculty at Berea College, and at the schools with which we currently have established exchange contracts, that this program is of great benefit to many students. Not only do students have available to them courses at a number of schools, but they are able to experience college life in different parts of the United States. Berea College has been ranked as the number one regional liberal arts college in the South by U.S. News and World Report for three consecutive years and it has considerable academic strength in a variety of curriculum areas. With the availability of twenty-four majors in the B. A. degree program and a variety of B . S . degree programs and minors, the Short Term is exciting at Berea. Our experience is that Berea College students find that Short Term at our exchange schools complements their work here.

## SHORT TERM EXCHANGE PROGRAM PARTICIPANTS

| Short Term | Tuition-Only <br> Exchange | Full <br> Exchange | Transient Student <br> Exchange | TOTAL |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 2000 | 17 | 0 | 6 | 23 |
| 2001 | 11 | 0 | 0 | 11 |
| 2002 | 6 | 0 | 0 | 6 |
| 2003 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 2 |
| 2004 | 6 | 0 | 0 | 6 |

Source: Office of Academic Services, October 2004

## UNDERGRADUATE RESEARCH AND CREATIVE PROJECTS PROGRAM

The Undergraduate Research and Creative Projects Program was developed to provide students in all majors learning opportunities not ordinarily found in courses or other forms of experiential learning. Typically, two or three students and a faculty mentor would engage a project for eight to ten weeks during the summer. The central purpose should be to provide opportunities for students to experience research and creative activity through the structure o an apprenticementor relationship. This purpose requires that faculty mentors go beyond supervising student learning to working alongside students in providing active models of how research and creative processes are engaged. The purpose also implies that projects will be chosen very carefully and structured to satisfy two conditions:

1. Projects must be accessible to genuine student involvement. That is, students must be capable of understanding the project's meaning and significance, and they must be capable of making creative contributions to project work. Absent these conditions, students have no opportunity to actually experience the nature of research and creative activity.
2. Projects must also be at a level that elicits faculty involvement in research and creative processes. That is, the project itself should be at a level expected of faculty professionals. This allows the faculty mentor to provide a model for engaging research and creative activity. In this regard, proposals should contain adequate background information establishing possible contributions of the faculty/student research to the current body of knowledge in the area of interest.

The goals of the program include:

- to enhance student learning by providing opportunities to engage challenging, collaborative and directed projects in an apprentice-mentor relationship with faculty;
- to foster student-faculty interaction in creative work;
- to help students understand the interplay between collaboration and independent thought and action in a complex, open-ended project;
- to enhance students' communication skills;
- to provide experience that would be helpful to students who wish to pursue subsequent research and learning opportunities (e.g., off-campus, summer research programs or international learning opportunities);
- to allow students to build their self-confidence to pursue careers and further study beyond Berea; and
- to supply experience that will help students make informed career and graduate school decisions.


## Number of Undergraduate Research and Creative Projects and Participants

| Summer | Number of <br> Projects | Number of <br> Faculty | Number of <br> Students |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 2000 | 10 | 12 | 23 |
| 2001 | 12 | 14 | 25 |
| 2002 | 9 | 9 | 21 |
| 2003 | 8 | 10 | 16 |
| 2004 | 13 | 13 | 25 |

Source: Academic Services, October 2004

# SUMMARY OF LABOR CONTRACT ASSIGNMENTS BY DEPARTMENTAL CATEGORIES 

FALL 2004
(As of September 2004)

| Departmental Categories | New Freshmen Primary Only | All Students* |  | Total Hours Contracted Per Week | Mean Hours Contracted Per Week |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Academic Support | 29 | 118 | 51 | 1,490 | 8.82 |
| Alumni and College Relations | 11 | 50 | 2 | 529 | 10.17 |
| Auxiliary Enterprises: Residence Halls (janitors and monitors), Food Service, Seabury Concessio | 92 | 177 | 3 | 1,935 | 10.75 |
| College Community Service | 19 | 74 | 19 | 885 | 9.52 |
| College Related | 1 | 3 | 1 | 40 | 10.00 |
| Community Service Projects | 4 | 29 | 2 | 322 | 10.39 |
| Farms | 7 | 32 | 2 | 369 | 10.85 |
| General and Administrative | 49 | 156 | 8 | 1,699 | 10.36 |
| Instruction | 27 | 316 | 105 | 3,947 | 9.38 |
| Plant Operations | 34 | 81 | 4 | 875 | 10.29 |
| Student Industries: Crafts | 48 | 110 | 3 | 1,160 | 10.27 |
| Student Industries: Services | 29 | 62 | 8 | 707 | 10.10 |
| Student Services | 46 | 263 | 34 | 3,433 | 11.56 |
| No Labor** | 0 | 39 | 0 | - | - |
| SUB-TOTAL | 396 | 1,510 | 242 | - | - |
| No Status Form*** | 4 | 4 | n/a | - | - |
| TOTAL | 400 | 1,514 | 242 | 17,391 | 10.15 |

342 - Extended primary position for more than ten hours per week.
224 - Contracted in both a primary and at least one secondary position.
566 - Contracted for more than ten hours a week.
*Includes new freshmen.
**Includes degree-seeking students who are excused from labor for various reasons such as offcampus opportunities and student teaching.
***Includes students who have withdrawn from school during the month of September 2004.
NOTE: For a breakdown of departments within the various categories, please see the next two pages.

Compiled by: Office of Institutional Research and Assessment, October 2004.

## LABOR DEPARTMENTS

## Academic Support

| Academic Services | Environmental Health and Safety |
| :--- | :--- |
| Academic Vice President and Provost Office | International Center |
| Appalachian Center | Internships |
| Black Cultural Center | Learning Center |
| Convocations | Library |
| Draper Building Office Services | Science Library |

Alumni and College Relations
Alumni Relations
Public Relations
College Relations
Auxiliary Enterprises: Residence Halls (Only includes Janitors and Monitors), Food Service, Seabury Concessions

| Anna Smith | Kentucky |
| :--- | :--- |
| ARC | Kettering |
| Bingham | Married Student Laundry |
| Blue Ridge | Pearson |
| Dana | Residence Hall Maintenance |
| Danforth | Seabury Residence Hall |
| Edwards | Talcott |
| Elizabeth Rogers |  |
| Fairchild | Food Service |
| Frost Cottage | Seabury Concessions |
| James |  |

## College Community Service

CELTS (Center for Excellence in Learning through Service)
Gear Up
Habitat for Humanity
TRIO Programs
Learning through Service (Bonner Scholars)
Carter G. Woodson Institute
Special Programs
Upward Bound
Students for Appalachia
Educational Talent Search

## College Related

Brushy Fork Institute Work Colleges Program

Community Service Projects (only includes projects to which students are assigned this academic year)
Appalachian College Association (ACA) Commonwealth Physical Therapy
Berea Arts Council
Berea Community School
Family Resource Youth Service Center
Federation of Appalachian Housing
Berea Credit Union
Berea Hospital
Berea National Bank
Boys and Girls Club
Forward in the Fifth
Peacecraft
Save the Children
Sustainable Mountain Agriculture

## Farms College Farm

## General and Administrative

Business and Administration Institutional Research and Assessment
Child Development Lab
College Post Office
Financial Affairs
Information Systems and Services
(includes Media Services and Phone Center)

People Services
President's Office
Printing Services

## Labor Departments (Continued)

## Instruction

| Agriculture and Natural Resources | Geology and Geography |
| :--- | :--- |
| Art | History |
| Biology | Mathematics |
| Black Studies | Music |
| Chemistry | Nursing |
| Child and Family Studies | Philosophy and Religion |
| Communications Center | Physical Education |
| Dramatics | Political Science |
| Economics and Business | Psychology |
| Education Studies | SENS Program |
| English, Theatre, and Speech Communication | Sociology |
| Entrepreneurship for Public Good Program | Technology and Industrial Arts |
| Foreign Language | Theatre Lab |
| General Education | Women's Studies |

## Plant Operations

## Campus Gardeners <br> Forest Property Management

Public Buildings

Maintenance
Solid Waste and Recycling

## Student Industries: Crafts

| Boone Tavern Gift Shop | Student Crafts <br> Weaving <br> Broomcraft |
| :--- | :--- |
| Ceramics | Woodcraft |
| Log House Craft Gallery | Wrought Iron |
| Student Industries: Services |  |
|  |  |
| Boone Tavern Dining Room | Electric Utilities |
| Boone Tavern Hotel | Rentals |
| College Bookstore | Water Utilities |

## Student Services

| Admissions Office | College Health Service |
| :--- | :--- |
| Campus Life/Crossroads Complex | Financial Aid |
| Campus Activities Board (CAB) | Labor Program Office |
| Chimes | Seabury Center |
| Pinnacle | Student Life - Residence Halls |
| Recreation and Wellness (includes intramurals) | Student Service Center |
| Student Government Association (SGA) | Vice President for Labor and Student Life |
| Campus Christian Center |  |

# LABOR HOURS AND PAY GRADES 

Minimum Labor Requirement<br>10 hours per week<br>140 hours during Fall Term<br>40 hours during Short Term<br>140 hours during Spring Term

Average Hours Worked by Class, 2003-2004

| Freshman | 10.59 | hours per week |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Sophomore | 11.94 | hours per week |
| Junior | 12.16 | hours per week |
| Senior | 12.59 | hours per week |

Pay Ranges by Grades, 2004-2005

| 1 | $\$ 3.25$ |
| :---: | :---: |
| 2 | $\$ 3.65$ |
| 3 | $\$ 4.15$ |
| 4 | $\$ 4.55$ |
| 5 | $\$ 4.85$ |
| 6 | $\$ 5.15$ |
| Unclassified | $\$ 5.30$ |

Average Pay Per Student in Academic Year 2003-2004
$\$ 3.92$ per hour

2004 Summer Rates
\$5.15-\$7.00 per hour
(Depending on responsibility)

## COST OF EDUCATION AND OTHER STUDENT COSTS

|  | Academic Year 2000-2001 | Academic Year 2001-2002 | Academic Year 2002-2003 | Academic Year 2003-2004 | Academic Year 2004-2005 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Cost Of Education (COE)* | \$16,600 | \$ 17,700 | \$ 19,900 | \$ 21,200 | \$ 21,000 |
| Registration Costs: |  |  |  |  |  |
| Room | 2,075 | 2,195 | 2,303 | 2,415 | 2,536 |
| Board | 1,796 | 1,904 | 2,000 | 2,108 | 2,212 |
| Accident Fund | 20 | 20 | 20 | 20 | 20 |
| Campus Activities Fee | 44 | 44 | 44 | 44 | 46 |
| Chimes (School Yearbook) | 25 | 25 | 25 | 25 | 28 |
| Health Fee | 96 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 |
| Pinnacle (School Paper) | 8 | 10 | 10 | 10 | 12 |
| Student Government | 6 | 6 | 8 | 8 | 10 |
| Technology Fee** | 0 | 0 | 300 | 300 | 300 |
| SUBTOTAL | \$ 4,070 | \$ 4,304 | \$ 4,810 | \$ 5,030 | \$ 5,264 |
| Average other Costs: |  |  |  |  |  |
| Books and Supplies | 600 | 675 | 675 | 675 | 700 |
| Personal | 980 | 996 | 1,125 | 1,125 | 1,300 |
| Transportation | 250 | 275 | 290 | 290 | 376 |
| SUBTOTAL | \$ 1,830 | \$ 1,946 | \$ 2,090 | \$ 2,090 | \$ 2,376 |
| TOTAL COST OF ATTENDANCE | \$ 5,900 | \$ 6,250 | \$ 6,900 | \$ 7,120 | \$ 7640 |

*Cost of Education (COE) is provided by the College (not the student) from the endowment, gifts, scholarships, and grants brought by students. COE covers expenses related to the faculty and staff, library, support services, etc.; it does not include costs of development and alumni programs.
**Beginning with the Fall Term 2002, every student was equipped with a laptop computer provided by the College as part of the Universal Access Project. Students are expected to pay $\$ 300$ to offset the cost of networking all residence hall rooms, making classrooms usable for laptops, supplying and supporting software, and providing additional training to students. The laptop computer will become the property of the student at graduation.

Source: Office of Student Financial Aid Services, September 2004. < http://www.berea.edu/catalog/admissionsfinancialaid.asp\#expenses >

## TOTAL PER STUDENT COST



## Legend

Cost of Education (COE) is provided by the College (not the student) from the endowment, gifts, scholarships and grants brought by students. COE covers expenses related to the faculty and staff, library, support services, etc.; it does not include costs of development and alumni programs.

Registration Costs include room, board, accident fund, campus activities fee, Chimes (school yearbook), health fee, Pinnacle (school paper), technology fee, and student government fees. For more details, please see page 100.

Average Other Costs include books and supplies, personal expenses, and transportation costs. For more details, please see page 100.

# Alumni Association Executive Council Academic Year 2004-2005 

President
Dr. Steele Mattingly, '50
Kentucky
President Elect
Dr. J. Mark Estepp, ' 77
Tennessee
Past President
Vicki E. Allums, '79
Virginia
President of Berea College
Larry D. Shinn
Kentucky

Director
Mae Suramek, '95
Kentucky
Coordinator of Alumni Programs
Jennifer Mills, '00
Kentucky

Coordinator of Alumni Information Services
Mary Labus, '78
Kentucky
VP for Alumni Relations \& College Relations
William A. Laramee
Kentucky

## Alumni Trustees, including year his/her term ends

## 2006: Vance Edward Blade, '82

 Kentucky2009: Tyler Smyth Thompson, '83 Kentucky

2008: Dr. Robert N. Compton, '60 Tennessee

2010: Janice Hunley Crase, '60 Kentucky

Members-At-Large, including year his/her term ends

2005: Juanita Noland Coldiron, '47
North Carolina
Judy Garner White, '67
Kentucky
2006: Kristin Conley Clark, '92
Kentucky
Iverson Louis Warinner, '66
Kentucky
2007: Rachel Berry Henkle, '64
Kentucky
Virginia Hubbard Underwood, '73
Kentucky
2008: Dr. Charlotte F. Beason, '70
Virginia
Marisa Fitzgerald, '99
Kentucky
2009: Betty Maskewitz, '39
Tennessee

James Cecil Owens, '66
South Carolina

Pansy Waycaster Blackburn, '58
North Carolina

Rob Stafford, '89
Kentucky

Eunice Hall, '78
Georgia

Celeste Patton Armstrong, '90
Alabama

## ALUMNI* BY STATE AND U.S. TERRITORIES As of October 2004

| Alabama | 422 | Montana | 25 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Alaska | 18 | Nebraska | 22 |
| Arizona | 116 | Nevada | 24 |
| Arkansas | 50 | New Hampshire | 22 |
| California | 355 | New Jersey | 81 |
| Colorado | 99 | New Mexico | 48 |
| Connecticut | 51 | New York | 164 |
| Delaware | 25 | North Carolina | 1,371 |
| District of Columbia | 25 | North Dakota | 4 |
| Federated States of Micronesia | 1 | Ohio | 1,186 |
| Florida | 614 | Oklahoma | 34 |
| Georgia | 500 | Oregon | 68 |
| Guam | 2 | Palau | 1 |
| Hawaii | 24 | Pennsylvania | 159 |
| Idaho | 18 | Rhode Island | 11 |
| Illinois | 230 | South Carolina | 316 |
| Indiana | 377 | South Dakota | 8 |
| lowa | 42 | Tennessee | 1,329 |
| Kansas | 22 | Texas | 317 |
| Kentucky | 6,223 | Utah | 14 |
| Louisiana | 38 | Vermont | 23 |
| Maine | 23 | Virgin Islands | 1 |
| Maryland | 254 | Virginia | 1,115 |
| Massachusetts | 76 | Washington | 94 |
| Michigan | 202 | West Virginia | 575 |
| Minnesota | 61 | Wisconsin | 49 |
| Mississippi | 43 | Wyoming | 6 |
| Missouri | 119 |  |  |
|  |  | Various Foreign Countries** | 182 |
|  |  | Armed Forces - Europe** | 9 |
|  |  | Armed Forces - Pacific** | 8 |
|  |  | TOTAL | 17,296 |

*Alumni include graduates as well as anyone who received academic credit from Berea College, for whom the Alumni Association has a current address.
**For more detail about foreign countries, please see the following page (page 104).

## ALUMNI* BY FOREIGN COUNTRIES As of October 2004

| Australia | 1 | Macau | 1 |
| :--- | ---: | :--- | ---: |
| Austria | 1 | Malaysia | 5 |
| Belgium | 1 | Mexico | 3 |
| Bolivia | 1 | Morocco | 1 |
| Bosnia \& Herzegovina | 1 | Myanmar | 1 |
| Canada | 22 | Nepal | 2 |
| Cayman Islands | 2 | Netherlands | 2 |
| Costa Rica | 2 | New Zealand | 1 |
| Denmark | 3 | Nicaragua | 1 |
| Dominica | 1 | Nigeria | 1 |
| Ecuador | 5 | People's Republic of China | 7 |
| Ethiopia | 1 | Republic of Korea | 4 |
| France | 2 | Russia | 3 |
| Georgia | 1 | Senegal | 1 |
| Germany | 6 | Singapore | 1 |
| Ghana | 4 | Slovak Republic | 2 |
| Greece | 10 | South Africa | 2 |
| Hong Kong | 5 | Spain | 4 |
| India | 6 | Sri Lanka | 4 |
| Iran | 1 | Sweden | 4 |
| Ireland | 1 | Syria | 2 |
| Israel | 2 | Taiwan | 1 |
| Italy | 2 | Tanzania | 1 |
| Japan | Thailand | 1 |  |
| Kampuchea (Cambodia) | 1 | The Gambia | 2 |
| Kazakhstan | 2 | Turkey | 4 |
| Kenya | 8 | Ukraine | 1 |
| Latvia | 1 | United Kingdom | 1 |
| Lithuania | 1 | Zimbabwe | 3 |
|  |  |  | 1 |
|  |  | Armed Forces | Europe** |

*Alumni include graduates as well as anyone who received academic credit from Berea College, for whom the Alumni Association has a current address.
**For more detail about states, please see page 103.

## ALUMNI* BY OCCUPATION

| Accounting | 229 | Interior Decorating/Design | 11 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Administrative/Clerical/Secretarial | 255 | Journalism | 17 |
| Advertising | 22 | Judiciary | 14 |
| Agriculture/Ranching | 144 | Labor/Human Resources | 17 |
| Animal Science/Veterinary Medicine | 22 | Landscaping | 13 |
| Architecture/Urban Planning | 17 | Law/Legal Services | 188 |
| Art | 49 | Library Science | 172 |
| Arts - Fine | 40 | Management | 485 |
| Arts - Performing/Creative | 61 | Manufacturing | 152 |
| Aviation/Aerospace | 17 | Marketing | 52 |
| Banking | 92 | Mathematics/Statistics | 9 |
| Biology Sciences | 1 | Mechanical | 7 |
| Brokerage/Securities/Investments | 24 | Media | 15 |
| Business - Administration | 83 | Medical/Health (not M.D., RN, Dentist, Pharmacy) | 263 |
| Business - Entrepreneur/Owner | 235 | Merchandising/Sales/Marketing | 30 |
| Business - Management | 86 | Military | 75 |
| Business - Owner | 48 | Ministry | 170 |
| Childcare | 22 | Missionary | 3 |
| City Service Officer | 4 | Musician | 3 |
| Civil Service | 20 | Nonprofit | 2 |
| Clergy | 18 | Nursing | 664 |
| Communications | 38 | Nutrition | 49 |
| Computing/High Technology | 267 | Personal Services | 7 |
| Construction/Contracting | 62 | Personnel/Human Resources | 60 |
| Consulting | 71 | Pharmacology | 7 |
| Cosmetology | 1 | Pharmacy | 20 |
| Counseling | 136 | Physical Sciences/Math | 13 |
| Crafts | 5 | Physician | 159 |
| Dentistry | 36 | Public Relations | 15 |
| Economics | 4 | Public Service (Firefighter, Police, Sanitation) | 40 |
| Education - Administrative | 507 | Publishing | 48 |
| Education - Student Affairs | 72 | Radio/TV/Film | 3 |
| Education - Teaching | 2,527 | Real Estate | 60 |
| Energy Resources (Oil, etc.) | 30 | Recreation/Leisure Services | 16 |
| Engineering | 218 | Research/Development | 121 |
| Entertainment | 13 | Restaurant | 8 |
| Environmental Science | 44 | Retired | 71 |
| Estate Planning/Trusts/Taxation | 1 | Sales | 174 |
| Extension Work | 7 | Science | 116 |
| Fashion/Beauty | 4 | Self-Employed | 11 |
| Financial Services | 84 | Social Science | 15 |
| Foreign Service | 8 | Social Work | 281 |
| Foundations | 2 | Sports/Recreation | 16 |
| Fund Raising | 27 | Student | 61 |
| Funeral Services | 4 | Support Staff/Secretarial/Clerical | 30 |
| Government - Elected | 57 | Trade/Craft | 47 |
| Government - Non-elected | 262 | Transportation | 43 |
| Graphic Design | 16 | Travel Industry | 12 |
| Health | 60 | Utilities | 30 |
| Homemaking | 340 | Veterinarian | 5 |
| Hotel/Restaurant/Catering | 45 | Volunteerism | 44 |
| Import/Export | 3 | Writing | 41 |
| Insurance | 103 |  |  |
|  |  | Unknown (Includes "Other") | 6,768 |
|  |  | TOTAL | 17,296 |

*Alumni include graduates as well as anyone who received academic credit from Berea College.
NOTE: The above numbers are based on those who responded to the Harris Directory questionnaire which was sent out in Spring 2001. Also, updates from news items sent by alumni are used. Of the 17,296 alumni on record, information on occupations is known for 61\%.

## ALUMNI* GIVING SUMMARY

|  | Fiscal Year Ended June 30 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 2000 |  | 2001 |  | 2002 |  | 2003 |  | $\underline{2004}$ |  |
| Alumni Berea Fund - Goal | \$ | 635,000 | \$ | 640,000 | \$ | 750,000 | \$ | 700,000 | \$ | 700,000 |
| Alumni Berea Fund - Received | \$ | 666,152 | \$ | 892,348 | \$ | 737,868 | \$ | 750,374 | \$ | 1,042,572 |
| Other Gifts (includes gift-in-kind) |  | 1,784,780 |  | 2,326,650 |  | 4,499,959 |  | 3,275,067 |  | 1,836,908 |
| TOTAL | \$ | 2,450,932 | \$ | 3,218,998 | \$ | 5,237,827 |  | 4,025,441 | \$ | 2,879,480 |
| Percent Participation - All Alumni** |  | 27.4\% |  | 23.7\% |  | 31.0\% |  | 28.6\% |  | 32.4\% |
| Percent Participation - All Graduates** |  | 27.5\% |  | 27.1\% |  | 34.7\% |  | 31.4\% |  | 35.5\% |



Alumni include graduates as well as anyone who received academic credit from Berea College.
**Effective January 2002, the percentage of alumni donor participation is based on the number of alumni solicited who are celebrating a reunion year, gift club members, the ten most recent classes, and those whose last gift was made sometime during the last ten years.

NOTE: For Fiscal Year ending June 30, 1999, the $\$ 584,170$ does not include $\$ 125,000$ in unrestricted monies which were applied elsewhere with the donors' permission.
For Fiscal Year ending June 30, 2000, the $\$ 666,152$ does not include $\$ 38,000$ in unrestricted monies which were applied elsewhere with the donors' permission.
Source: College Relations, October 2004

## BEREA COLLEGE USE OF CONTRIBUTIONS <br> For Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2004

## Current Operations

| Berea Fund - Unrestricted | \$ 4,228,691 |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Student Aid - Restricted | 287,342 |  |  |
| Other - Restricted | 521,157 |  |  |
| TOTAL CURRENT OPERATIONS |  | \$ | 5,037,190 |
| Capital Purposes |  |  |  |
| Ecovillage Child Development Lab | \$ 1,318,293 |  |  |
| Ecovillage SENS House | 109,400 |  |  |
| Presser Hall Renovation | 112,500 |  |  |
| Other | 112,205 |  |  |
| TOTAL CAPITAL PURPOSES |  | \$ | 1,652,398 |
| Student Loan Fund |  |  | \$ 23,973 |
| Endowment from Gifts and Bequests |  |  |  |
| Restricted | \$ 2,773,679 |  |  |
| Unrestricted | 16,222,384 |  |  |
| TOTAL ENDOWMENT |  | \$ | 18,996,063 |
| Gift Value of Annuities and Life Income Agreements |  |  | 1,067,671 |
| TOTAL GIFTS, BEQUESTS, AND GIFT VALUE |  |  |  |
| OF ANNUITIES AND LIFE INCOME AGREEMENTS |  | \$ | 26,777,295 |
| Gifts-In-Kind |  |  | 43,586 |
| GRAND TOTAL |  | \$ | 26,820,881 |

## SOURCE OF CONTRIBUTIONS TO BEREA COLLEGE For Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2004

|  | Number of Gifts | Percent of <br> Total Gifts | Dollar Amount | Percent of Total Dollars |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Source of Support |  |  |  |  |
| General welfare foundations | 210 | 1.29\% | \$ 3,596,918 | 13.41\% |
| Corporations and corporate foundations | 279 | 1.71\% | 407,889 | 1.52\% |
| Organizations, associations, and clubs | 78 | 0.48\% | 473,501 | 1.77\% |
| Religious groups | 21 | 0.13\% | 4,951 | 0.02\% |
| Fund-raising consortia | 6 | 0.04\% | 21,375 | 0.08\% |
| Individuals (other than alumni) | 10,795 | 66.12\% | 3,208,660 | 11.96\% |
| Alumni | 4,500 | 27.56\% | 1,193,762 | 4.45\% |
| Bequest- Alumni | 26 | 0.16\% | 386,065 | 1.44\% |
| Bequest- Non-Alumni | 257 | 1.57\% | 16,416,502 | 61.21\% |
| TOTAL GIFTS AND BEQUESTS | 16,172 | 99.06\% | \$ 25,709,623 | 95.86\% |
| Gift Value of Annuities and Life Income Agreements |  |  |  |  |
| Alumni | 30 | 0.18\% | 495,372 | 1.85\% |
| Non-Alumni | 30 | 0.18\% | 572,300 | 2.13\% |
| TOTAL GIFTS, BEQUESTS, AND GIFT VALUE OF ANNUITIES AND LIFE INCOME AGREEMENTS | 16,232 | 99.42\% | \$ 26,777,295 | 99.84\% |
| Gifts-In-Kind |  |  |  |  |
| Alumni | 31 | 0.19\% | 7,977 | 0.03\% |
| Non-Alumni | 63 | 0.39\% | 35,609 | 0.13\% |
| GRAND TOTAL | 16,326 | 100.00\% | \$26,820,881 | 100.00\% |

[^6]
# BEREA COLLEGE ALUMNI AND FRIENDS <br> GIVING BY STATE, U.S. TERRITORIES AND FOREIGN COUNTRIES <br> For Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2004 

|  | Number <br> of Gifts* | Dollar <br> Amount |  | Number <br> of Gifts* | Dollar Amount |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Alabama | 166 | \$ 153,818 | Missouri | 180 | \$ 141,003 |
| Alaska | 16 | 13,272 | Montana | 30 | 6,080 |
| Arizona | 223 | 381,029 | Nebraska | 28 | 5,230 |
| Arkansas | 61 | 7,107 | Nevada | 38 | 6,188 |
| Armed Forces | 6 | 750 | New Hampshire | 84 | 63,492 |
| California 1,210 940 | 940,194 | New Jersey | 581 | 528,142 |  |
| Colorado | 158 | 23,362 | New Mexico | 80 | 62,256 |
| Connecticut | 272 | 315,840 | New York | 947 | 1,631,320 |
| Delaware | 54 | 10,811 | North Carolina | 894 | 2,293,886 |
| D.C. | 100 | 23,328 | North Dakota | 22 | 3,845 |
| Fed. St. of Micronesia | ia 1 | 100 | Ohio | 1,120 | 1,287,703 |
| Florida | 873 | 2,751,826 | Oklahoma | 52 | 22,279 |
| Georgia | 352 | 113,343 | Oregon | 112 | 2,181,298 |
| Hawaii | 47 | 4,281 | Pennsylvania | 616 | 1,781,403 |
| Idaho | 35 | 3,155 | Puerto Rico | 7 | 140 |
| Illinois | 627 | 793,375 | Rhode Island | 53 | 50,468 |
| Indiana | 386 | 262,019 | South Carolina | 216 | 104,207 |
| Iowa | 108 | 294,035 | South Dakota | 8 | 55,291 |
| Kansas | 66 | 20,507 | Tennessee | 633 | 357,018 |
| Kentucky | 1,956 | 1,497,919 | Texas | 449 | 203,226 |
| Louisiana | 58 | 29,322 | Utah | 26 | 1,609 |
| Maine | 88 | 61,026 | Vermont | 51 | 9,280 |
| Maryland | 443 | 207,395 | Virginia | 798 | 1,826,375 |
| Massachusetts | 405 | 135,347 | Virgin Islands | 4 | 2,350 |
| Mauritius | 1 | 1,000 | Washington | 200 | 67,607 |
| Michigan | 582 | 5,658,870 | West Virginia | 200 | 54,598 |
| Minnesota | 231 | 131,381 | Wisconsin | 235 | 116,448 |
| Mississippi | 51 | 97,825 | Wyoming | 15 | 5,591 |

STATE AND U.S. TERRITORIES TOTAL 16,255\$26,800,569

## Foreign Countries:

| Austria | 1 | \$ | 100 | Japan | 4 | 1,770 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Canada | 1 |  | 300 | Macau | 1 | 100 |
| People's Republic of |  |  |  | Netherlands | 1 | 2,500 |
| China | 3 |  | 3,600 | Republic of Korea | 1 | 1,000 |
| Denmark | 1 |  | 105 | Singapore | 1 | 100 |
| The Gambia | 1 |  | 15 | Switzerland | 2 | 1,525 |
| Germany | 4 |  | 347 | South Africa | 1 | 250 |
| Greece | 2 |  | 50 | United Kingdom | 2 | 530 |
| Israel | 1 |  | 50 |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  | FOREIGN COUNTRY TOTAL | 27 | \$ 12,342 |
|  |  |  |  | Anonymous | 44 | 7,970 |
|  |  |  |  | TOTAL | $\underline{16.326}$ | \$26,820,881 |

*Includes gifts-in-kind

Source: College Relations, October 2004

## BEREA FUND GOALS AND AMOUNTS RECEIVED FISCAL YEARS 1994-1995 THROUGH 2003-2004

$\left.\begin{array}{lllllll} & \underline{1994-1995} & \underline{1995-1996} & & \underline{1996-1997} & & \underline{1997-1998}\end{array}\right) \underline{1998-1999} 9$

NOTES: For Fiscal Year ended June 30, 1998, $\$ 273,768$ in unrestricted gifts were applied to the Campus Technology Project, and $\$ 40,000$ in unrestricted gifts were applied to the NEH (National Endowment for the Humanities) Challenge with donors' permission.

For Fiscal Year ended June 30, 1999, $\$ 187,802$ in unrestricted gifts were applied to Capital Projects with donors' permission.

For Fiscal Year ended June 30, 2000, $\$ 253,000$ in unrestricted gifts were applied to the Student Computer and Information Resources Endowment with donors' permission.

For Fiscal Year ended June 30, 2001, a $\$ 101,456$ unrestricted gift was applied to the Student Computer and Information Resources Endowment with donor's permission.

## Berea Fund: Goals and Amounts Received Fiscal Years 1993-1994 through 2002-2003



Source: College Relations, October 2004

## DONATIONS

Fiscal Years 1994-1995 through 2003-2004

*Does not include gifts-in-kind.
Source: College Relations, October 2004

# GIFTS FROM ALUMNI AND FRIENDS 

For Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2004

| Dollar Range | Number of Donors* | Percent of Total Donors | Number of Gifts** | Percent of Total Gifts | Dollar <br> Amount | Percent of Total Amount |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 0.01-9.99 | 505 | 3.26\% | 715 | 4.38\% | \$ 2,493 | 0.01\% |
| 10-24.99 | 1,983 | 12.81\% | 2,440 | 14.95\% | 35,820 | 0.13\% |
| 25-49.99 | 3,536 | 22.85\% | 4,003 | 24.52\% | 106,175 | 0.40\% |
| 50-99.99 | 2,562 | 16.55\% | 2,819 | 17.27\% | 147,874 | 0.55\% |
| 100-199.99 | 2,719 | 17.57\% | 2,998 | 18.36\% | 316,281 | 1.18\% |
| 200-499.99 | 1,553 | 10.03\% | 1,596 | 9.78\% | 390,120 | 1.45\% |
| 500-749.99 | 512 | 3.31\% | 522 | 3.20\% | 269,424 | 1.00\% |
| 750-999.99 | 44 | 0.28\% | 55 | 0.34\% | 45,557 | 0.17\% |
| 1,000-2,499.99 | 572 | 3.70\% | 597 | 3.66\% | 760,764 | 2.84\% |
| 2,500-4,999.99 | 161 | 1.04\% | 179 | 1.10\% | 593,692 | 2.21\% |
| 5,000-7,499.99 | 1,061 | 6.86\% | 117 | 0.72\% | 616,189 | 2.30\% |
| 7,500-9,999.99 | 25 | 0.16\% | 28 | 0.17\% | 238,829 | 0.89\% |
| 10,000-19,999.99 | 87 | 0.56\% | 96 | 0.59\% | 1,184,153 | 4.42\% |
| 20,000-29,999.99 | 51 | 0.33\% | 50 | 0.31\% | 1,177,256 | 4.39\% |
| 30,000-49,999.99 | 35 | 0.23\% | 38 | 0.23\% | 1,448,321 | 5.40\% |
| 50,000-69,999.99 | 28 | 0.18\% | 28 | 0.17\% | 1,518,502 | 5.66\% |
| 70,000-99,999.99 | 11 | 0.07\% | 11 | 0.07\% | 969,931 | 3.62\% |
| 100,000-149,999.99 | 12 | 0.08\% | 14 | 0.09\% | 1,501,778 | 5.60\% |
| 150,000-249,999.99 | 5 | 0.03\% | 5 | 0.03\% | 873,639 | 3.26\% |
| 250,000-499,999.99 | 4 | 0.03\% | 4 | 0.02\% | 1,207,064 | 4.50\% |
| 500,000-999,999.99 | 7 | 0.05\% | 7 | 0.04\% | 4,641,703 | 17.31\% |
| 1,000,000-2,499,999.99 | - 3 | 0.02\% | 3 | 0.02\% | 4,568,846 | 17.03\% |
| 2,500,000-2,999,999.99 | - 1 | 0.01\% | 1 | 0.01\% | 4,206,473 | 15.68\% |
| TOTALS | 15,477 | 100\% | 16,326 | 100\% | 26,820,881 | 100\% |

*Includes gifts-in-kind. Also, some donors gave multiple gifts that fall within more than one amount range and will be duplicated in this report.
**Includes gifts-in-kind.

Source: College Relations, October 2004

## FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

YEARS ENDED JUNE 30, 2004 AND 2003

|  | 2004 | 2003 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| OPERATING REVENUE | \$ 59,179,429 | \$ 59,487,716 |
| OPERATING EXPENSES | \$ 55,426,358 | \$ 56,171,523 |
| OPERATING REVENUE IN EXCESS OF EXPENSES FROM CONTINUING OPERATIONS | \$ 3,753,071 | \$ 3,316,193 |
| ADDITIONS TO PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT | \$ 14,128,513 | \$ 25,229,309 |
| LONG-TERM INVESTMENTS OF THE ENDOWMENT AND TUITION REPLACEMENT FUNDS |  |  |
| Original gift value | \$ 291,178,337 | \$ 270,794,617 |
| Investments at market | \$794,962,600 | \$ 695,812,000 |
| Interest and dividends, net | \$ 15,088,772 | \$ 14,802,646 |
| Return | 2.2\% | 2.3\% |
| Market price increase (decrease) | \$100,426,969 | \$(14,420,253) |
| Return | 14.2\% | -2.0\% |
| Total return | \$ 115,515,741 | \$ 382,393 |
| Percent | 16.4\% | 0.3\% |
| CASH AND IN-KIND CONTRIBUTIONS |  |  |
| Cash Gifts | \$ 9,974,728 | \$ 12,110,515 |
| Bequests | 16,802,567 | 11,710,149 |
| Total cash gifts | 26,777,295 | 23,820,664 |
| Gifts-in-kind | 43,586 | 172,527 |
| Total | \$ 26,820,881 | \$ 23,993,191 |

Source: Office of Financial Affairs, September 2004


[^7]
## STATEMENTS OF ACTIVITIES YEARS ENDED JUNE 30, 2004 AND 2003

|  | 2004 |  | 2003 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| OPERATING REVENUE |  |  |  |  |
| Spendable return from long-term investments | \$ | 33,281,631 | \$ | 34,299,979 |
| Gifts and donations |  | 4,324,604 |  | 4,890,623 |
| Federal and state grants |  | 6,778,006 |  | 6,663,539 |
| Fees paid by students |  | 1,005,301 |  | 935,212 |
| Other income |  | 3,521,447 |  | 2,965,793 |
| Residence halls and food service |  | 5,482,487 |  | 4,987,433 |
| Student industries and rentals |  | 3,361,490 |  | 3,252,540 |
| Net assets released from restrictions |  | 4,161,046 |  | 4,122,021 |
| Gross operating revenue |  | 61,916,012 |  | 62,117,140 |
| Less: Student aid |  | $(2,736,583)$ |  | $(2,629,424)$ |
| Net operating revenue |  | 59,179,429 |  | 59,487,716 |
| OPERATING EXPENSES |  |  |  |  |
| Program Services -- |  |  |  |  |
| Educational and general |  | 35,368,197 |  | 36,651,272 |
| Residence halls and food service |  | 54,973,434 |  | 5,049,893 |
| Student industries and rentals |  | 4,001,402 |  | 3,917,711 |
| Total program services |  | 44,866,942 |  | 45,618,876 |
| Support services |  | 10,559,416 |  | 10,552,647 |
| Total operating expenses |  | 55,426,358 |  | 56,171,523 |
| Operating revenue in excess of operating expenses from continuing operations |  | 3,753,071 |  | 3,316,193 |
| Gain on disposal of property, plant and equipment |  | 255,459 |  | 576,304 |
| Income from discontinued operations |  | 273,903 |  | 454,806 |
| OTHER CHANGES IN NET ASSETS |  |  |  |  |
| Investment return in excess of (less than) amounts designated for current operations |  | 80,172,579 |  | (37,964,982) |
| Gifts and bequests restricted or designated for longterm investments |  | 22,286,558 |  | 11,355,235 |
| Restricted gifts for property, plant and equipment and other specific purposes |  | 1,855,087 |  | 2,245,253 |
| Restricted spendable return on endowment investments |  | 3,467,231 |  | 3,930,496 |
| Reclassification of net assets released from restrictions |  | $(4,161,046)$ |  | $(4,122,021)$ |
| Net adjustment of annuity payment and deferred giving liability |  | 405,885 |  | $(832,603)$ |
| Total change in net assets | \$ | 108,308,727 | \$ | $(21,041,319)$ |

Source: Office of Financial Affairs, September 2004

TEN YEAR SUMMARY OF
MARKET VALUES AND HISTORICAL BOOK VALUES

|  | Fiscal Year End <br> Market Value <br> Of Long-Term | Historical <br> Book |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| June 30, | Investments | Value $^{*}$ |
| 1995 | $390,389,300$ | $152,649,134$ |
| 1996 | $445,786,600$ | $163,517,850$ |
| 1997 | $521,842,900$ | $176,734,795$ |
| 1998 | $578,566,500$ | $186,466,291$ |
| 1999 | $629,980,900$ | $198,443,991$ |
| 2000 | $861,302,700$ | $217,908,897$ |
| 2001 | $788,263,200$ | $231,656,539$ |
| 2002 | $71,52,800$ | $253,657,334$ |
| 2003 | $695,812,000$ | $270,794,617$ |
| 2004 | $794,962,600$ | $291,178,337$ |

*Historical Book Value represents the accumulated value of all additions to long-term investments from inception.

## GROWTH IN LONG-TERM INVESTMENT VALUES


$\neg \sim$ Fiscal Year End Market Value of Long-Term Investments $-x-$ Historical Book Value

Source: Office of Financial Affairs, September 2004

## ASSET ALLOCATION OF LONG-TERM INVESTMENTS YEARS ENDED JUNE 30, 2003 AND 2002

|  | 2004 | 2003 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Endowment and Tuition Replacement: |  |  |
| Pooled Investments - |  |  |
| Domestic common stocks | \$ 326,826,400 | \$ 334,752,200 |
| International common stocks | 152,755,600 | 127,579,500 |
| Corporate notes and bonds | 74,856,900 | 72,328,100 |
| U.S. Government securities | 52,708,500 | 20,380,500 |
| Foreign bonds | 1,066,700 | 1,398,500 |
| Structured notes | 54,366,700 | -- |
| Private equity, venture capitol, and other | 57,293,100 | 59,940,200 |
| Hedge Funds | 31,482,900 | 31,272,100 |
| Real estate | 16,852,500 | 25,434,200 |
| Short-term investments and cash | 22,822,300 | 18,811,700 |
| Total | 791,031,600 | 691,897,000 |
| Non Pooled Investments - |  |  |
| Domestic common stocks | 262,100 | 205,900 |
| Real estate | 2,772,900 | 2,772,900 |
| Short-term investments and cash | 896,000 | 936,200 |
| Total | 3,931,000 | 3,915,000 |
| Total endowment and tuition replacement | 794,962,600 | 695,812,000 |
| Annuity and Life Income: |  |  |
| Pooled Annuity Investments - |  |  |
| Domestic common stocks | 8,579,100 | 8,287,000 |
| International common stocks | 1,324,300 | 2,019,400 |
| Corporate notes and bonds | 3,162,200 | 1,345,600 |
| U.S. Government securities | -- | 379,200 |
| Foreign bonds | -- | 26,000 |
| Real estate | -- | 524,800 |
| Short-term investments and cash | 392,700 | 367,400 |
| Total | 13,458,300 | 12,949,400 |
| Separately Invested Trusts - |  |  |
| Common stocks | 6,008,400 | 3,834,000 |
| International common stocks | 591,400 | -- |
| Corporate notes and bonds | 3,833,400 | 4,310,100 |
| U.S. Government securities | 455,800 | 2,016,800 |
| Real estate | 525,000 | 525,000 |
| Short-term investments and cash | 650,200 | 765,700 |
| Total | 12,064,200 | 11,451,600 |
| Total annuity and life income | 25,522,500 | 24,401,000 |
| Funds Held in Trust by Others: |  |  |
| Where Berea College receives all or a stipulated percent of income | 17,844,000 | 16,438,300 |
| Total long-term investments | \$ 838,329,100 | \$ 736,651,300 |

FISCAL YEAR 2004-2005
OPERATING BUDGET HIGHLIGHTS:
SOURCES OF REVENUES USED FOR EDUCATIONAL AND GENERAL PURPOSES

| Endowment Spendable Return | $\$ 27,881,100$ <br> $76.5 \%$ |
| :--- | ---: | ---: |
| Gifts for Current Operations | $\$$$4,000,000$ <br> $11.0 \%$ |
| Federal and State Sources | $\$$$3,430,000$ <br> $9.4 \%$ |
| Other Miscellaneous Income | $\$$$1,174,500$ <br> $3.2 \%$ |
| Net Income/(Loss) from Utilities and | $\$$$(55,300)$ <br> $(0.1 \%)$ |
| Student Industries | $\underline{\$ 36,430,300}$ |



NOTE: Parenthesizes indicate losses.
Source: Office of Financial Affairs, September 2004

## CURRENT OPERATING BUDGET: REVENUES AND EXPENDITURES

|  | $\begin{gathered} 2004-2005 \\ \text { Budget } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { 2003-2004 } \\ \text { Budget } \end{gathered}$ | Dollar Change | Percentage Change |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| REVENUES |  |  |  |  |
| Gross Endowment Income | \$ 31,152,900 | \$ 31,855,100 | \$ (702,200) | -2.20\% |
| Less: Capital and Plant Fund | $(3,171,800)$ | $(3,303,500)$ | 131,700 | -3.99\% |
| TCERF | $(1,560,800)$ | $(2,353,200)$ | 792,400 | -33.67\% |
| TCERF Transfer to Budget | 1,460,800 | 727,600 | 733,200 | 100.77\% |
| Net Endowment Income | 27,881,100 | 26,926,000 | 955,100 | 3.55\% |
| Gifts for Current Operations | 4,000,000 | 4,000,000 | -- | -- |
| Cost of Education Fees | 2,500,000 | 2,500,000 | -- | -- |
| Federal Work Study Grant | 930,000 | 930,000 | -- | -- |
| Fees Paid by Students | 620,000 | 620,000 | -- | -- |
| Other Income | 554,500 | 498,800 | 55,700 | 11.17\% |
| Subtotal | 36,485,600 | 35,474,800 | 1,010,800 | 2.85\% |
| Utilities, Student Industries, and Rentals | 13,248,500 | 12,723,300 | 525,200 | 4.13\% |
| Residence Halls and Food Service | 5,786,000 | 5,397,000 | 389,000 | 7.21\% |
| TOTAL REVENUES | 55,520,100 | 53,595,100 | 1,925,000 | 3.59\% |

## EXPENDITURES

| Educational and General | 36,062,300 | 35,048,500 | 1,013,800 | 2.89\% |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Utilities, Student Industries, and Rentals | 13,303,800 | 12,781,600 | 522,200 | 4.09\% |
| Residence Halls and Food Service | 5,786,000 | 5,397,000 | 389,000 | 7.21\% |
| TOTAL EXPENDITURES BEFORE CAPITAL FUNDS | 55,152,100 | 53,227,100 | 1,925,000 | 3.62\% |
| Debt Service for Future Heat Plant | 368,000 | 368,000 | - | - |
| TOTAL EXPENDITURES | 55,520,100 | 53,595,100 | 1,925,000 | 3.59\% |

Excess of Revenues over Expenditures $\xlongequal{\$-\quad} \xlongequal{\$-}$

Source: Office of Financial Affairs, September 2004

## EDUCATIONAL AND GENERAL BUDGET SUMMARY: REVENUES AND EXPENDITURES

|  | $\begin{gathered} 2004-2005 \\ \text { Budget } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 2003-2004 \\ \text { Budget } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ |  | Dollar Change | Percentage Change |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| REVENUES |  |  |  |  |  |
| Gross Endowment Income | \$ 31,152,900 | \$ 31,855,100 | \$ | $(702,200)$ | -2.20\% |
| Less: Capital and Plant Fund | $(3,171,800)$ | $(3,303,500)$ |  | 131,700 | -3.99\% |
| TCERF | $(1,560,800)$ | $(2,353,200)$ |  | 792,400 | -33.67\% |
| TCERF Transfer to Budget | 1,460,800 | 727,600 |  | 733,200 | 100.77\% |
| Net Endowment Income | 27,881,100 | 26,926,000 |  | 955,100 | 3.55\% |
| Gifts for Current Operations | 4,000,000 | 4,000,000 |  | -- | -- |
| Cost of Education Fees | 2,500,000 | 2,500,000 |  | -- | -- |
| Federal Work Study Grant | 930,000 | 930,000 |  | -- | -- |
| Fees Paid by Students | 620,000 | 620,000 |  | -- | -- |
| Other Income | 554,500 | 498,800 |  | 55,700 | 11.17\% |
| Utilities, Student Industries, Rentals | $(55,300)$ | $(58,300)$ |  | 3,000 | -5.15\% |
| Residence Halls and Food Service | - | - |  | -- | -- |
| TOTAL REVENUE | 36,430,300 | 35,416,500 |  | 1,013,800 | 2.86\% |
| EXPENDITURES |  |  |  |  |  |
| Salaries and Wages | 19,876,000 | 19,540,600 |  | 335,400 | 1.72\% |
| Fringe Benefits | 4,839,900 | 4,699,700 |  | 140,200 | 2.98\% |
| Student Payroll | 2,360,900 | 2,237,000 |  | 123,900 | 5.54\% |
| Net Controllable Expense | 8,313,200 | 7,831,500 |  | 481,700 | 6.15\% |
| Computer Capital Fund | 410,000 | 410,000 |  | - | - |
| Equipment Reserve | 179,300 | 179,300 |  | - | - |
| Strategic Planning Initiatives | 83,000 | 150,400 |  | $(67,400)$ | -44.81\% |
| Total Before Capital Funds | 36,062,300 | 35,048,500 |  | 1,013,800 | 2.89\% |
| Debt Service for Future Heat Plant | 368,000 | 368,000 |  | - | - |
| TOTAL EXPENDITURES | 36,430,300 | 35,416,500 |  | 1,013,800 | 2.86\% |
| Excess of Revenues over Expenditures | \$ | \$ | \$ | - |  |

Source: Office of Financial Affairs, September 2004

CURRENT OPERATING EDUCATIONAL AND GENERAL EXPENDITURES
5-Year History

| Classification by Function | $\begin{gathered} 1999-2000 \\ \text { Actual } \end{gathered}$ | \% of <br> Total | $\begin{gathered} \text { 2000-2001 } \\ \text { Actual } \end{gathered}$ | \% of <br> Total | $\begin{gathered} 2001-2002 \\ \text { Actual } \end{gathered}$ | \% of <br> Total | $\begin{gathered} 2002-2003 \\ \text { Actual } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | \% of <br> Total | $\begin{gathered} \text { 2003-2004 } \\ \text { Actual } \end{gathered}$ | \% of <br> Total |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Instruction | \$ 9,848,676 | 34.5\% | \$10,538,503 | 33.6\% | \$ 11,703,788 | 33.8\% | \$ 12,531,148 | 33.4\% | \$ 12,147,180 | 33.8\% |
| Public Service | 296,270 | 1.0\% | 449,216 | 1.4\% | 547,090 | 1.6\% | 557,312 | 1.5\% | 527,391 | 1.5\% |
| Academic Support | 2,711,503 | 9.6\% | 3,124,237 | 10.0\% | 3,201,503 | 9.2\% | 5,608,064 | 15.0\% | 3,872,106 | 10.8\% |
| Student Services and Activities | 3,598,094 | 12.6\% | 3,532,403 | 11.2\% | 4,078,882 | 11.8\% | 4,049,597 | 10.8\% | 4,226,922 | 11.8\% |
| General and Administrative | 4,512,725 | 15.8\% | 5,541,665 | 17.6\% | 6,277,349 | 18.1\% | 6,016,511 | 16.1\% | 6,161,059 | 17.2\% |
| Development and Alumni | 2,555,121 | 8.9\% | 2,884,764 | 9.2\% | 2,965,160 | 8.6\% | 3,049,184 | 8.1\% | 3,110,314 | 8.7\% |
| Plant Operations | 3,938,680 | 13.8\% | 4,140,865 | 13.2\% | 4,557,958 | 13.2\% | 4,564,308 | 12.2\% | 4,836,461 | 13.5\% |
| Capital and Special Projects | 1,107,500 | 3.9\% | 1,194,000 | 3.8\% | 1,290,000 | 3.7\% | 1,107,700 | 3.0\% | 1,040,300 | 2.9\% |
| TOTAL | \$ 28,568,569 | 100.0\% | \$31,405,653 | 100.0\% | \$ 34,621,730 | 100.0\% | \$ 37,483,824 | 100.0\% | \$ 35,921,733 | 100.0\% |

## RESIDENCE LIVING

Academic Year 2004-2005

The fourteen traditional residence halls comprise an important component of a Berea College education. Varying in architecture, size, room arrangement and traditions, the residential experience is based on a shared sense of common good, something students should learn to value and seek to create throughout their lives. Via student staff and residents, a sense of community is fostered within each hall to provide an environment that is conducive to both academics and friendships. Both first-year and upper-class students live in the traditional residence halls.

In addition to the fourteen traditional residence halls, upper-class students are also provided with the opportunity (via application) to live in one of the nine Specialty Houses. These houses offer a very different residential experience, as a much smaller number of residents work to live together. The same sense of community building that takes place in the residence halls exists here, only in a more intimate setting.

## Traditional <br> Residence Halls

Anna Smith
Bingham
Blue Ridge
Dana 122

- -122

Danforth 143
Edwards 33
Elizabeth Rogers 74
Fairchild 68
James 104
Kentucky 86
Kettering 144
Pearsons 107
Seabury 35
Talcott
Subtotal 1,232

## Specialty Housing

ARC House 13
Doctors House 5
Ecovillage (family housing) 54
Frost Cottage 9
Home Management House 10
Knight House 10
Lindsley House 5
Prospect House 13
Sloan House 8
Smith House $\quad 6$
Subtotal 133
Farm Houses/College Buildings

| Hunt Acres |  | 3 |
| :--- | ---: | ---: |
| Head House |  | 1 |
| Phelps-Stokes |  | 1 |
|  |  | 5 |
|  | TOTAL |  |
|  | $\mathbf{1 , 3 7 0}$ |  |
| Capacity for Men | $(575)$ |  |
| Capacity for Women | $(795)$ |  |

At the completion of registration for Fall Term 2004, approximately $88 \%$ of the students lived in residence halls, Specialty Houses and the EcoVillage (family housing).

Source: Residential Life Services and Collegium, September 2004

## CAPITAL CONSTRUCTION PROJECTS, 1980-2004

## New Construction

Project

| Date |
| :--- |
| 1980 |
| 1980 |
| 1982 |
| 1982 |
| 1983 |
| 1988 |
| 1990 |

1980
1980
1982
1982
1983

Racquetball Courts<br>Ross Jelkyl Drama Building<br>Farm Mix Mill and Hog Feeding Floor<br>Athletic Track<br>Mueller Woodcraft Building Track<br>Married Student Housing<br>Hutchins Library Addition

1990
1993
1993
1994
1995
1995

Computer Center Addition
Married Student Housing
Campus Child Care Program
Seabury Center
Farrowing House - College Farms
Tennis Courts
Tennis Pavilion
Child Development Laboratory at EcoVillage

## Renovations

## Date

Project
Elizabeth Rogers Residence Hall 1998
Pearsons Hall Fire Escape
Kentucky Residence Hall
James Residence Hall
Goldthwaite Agriculture Building and Addition
Science Hall Renovation and Addition
President's Home
Talcott Residence Hall
Frost Basement - Computer Lab
ARC House Renovation
Pearson Residence Hall
Boone Tavern
Blue Ridge Residence Hall
Kentucky Annex
Hutchins Library Renovation
Berea College Health Service
Draper Building - Center for Effective Communication
Lincoln Hall Basement Duplicating Services Center
Utilities/Laundry
Students for Appalachia - Trades Building
Alumni Building
Draper Classrooms
President's Home
Alumni Building
Boone Tavern
Edwards $1^{\text {st }} \& 2^{\text {nd }}$ floors
Resurfacing of Track
Systems upgraded in Dana Residence Hall Phelps Stokes - Seating and Refinishing Married Student Laundry

Frost Renovation
Food Service Renovation
Science Laboratories
Computer Center
Craft Center
Crossroads Complex
Fairchild Residence Hall
Log House Remodel
Phelps-Stokes Air Conditioning
Alumni Building Remodel
Appalachian Center/Bruce Building
Student House/Jackson Street (Knight House)
Danforth Residence Hall
Kettering Residence Hall
Bruce/Trades (phase one)
Draper Carillon
Bruce/Trades (phase two)/Connector
Blue Ridge Residence Hall
Student Parking Lot Improvements
Draper Building
Kentucky Residence Hall
Art Gallery Addition
2002 Soccer Field Complex
College Bookstore Renovation
Computer Center Renovation
Talcott/Annex Residence Hall Renovation
Presser Hall Renovation
Lincoln Hall Renovation
EcoVillage Apartments
EcoVillage SENS House
Baseball/Softball Fields
James Hall Renovation
Boone Tavern Garage Renovation for:
Public Relations Department
Visitor's Center at College Square

## HUTCHINS LIBRARY

## (Fiscal Year 2004)

| Library Collections | Total Net Added During Fiscal Year | Total Number Held at End of Fiscal Year |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Print Collection (books, bound serials and government documents) |  |  |
| Volumes (item count) | 5,018 | 358,556 |
| Titles (bib count) | 3,586 | 258,513 |
| Media Collection (phono records, videos, CDs, DVDs and audio tapes) |  |  |
| Volumes | 886 | 11,593 |
| Titles | 677 | 9,554 |
| Electronic Collection (e-books, and cataloged web-sites) |  |  |
| Titles | 11,562 | 42,377 |
| Microforms (books, journals and newspapers) |  |  |
| Physical units | 442 | 132,888 |
| Titles | 5 | 622 |
| Serials (journals and serials) |  |  |
| Print subscriptions: journals | 21 | 750 |
| Electronic titles: journals | 35 | 779 |
| Print subscriptions: serials | 0 | 240 |
| Electronic titles: serials | 5 | 149 |
| Full-text journals available through databases | 1,372 | 13,765 |
| Manuscripts and Archives (in linear feet) | 0 | 4,136.3 |
| Cartographic Material (in units) | 0 | [50] |
|  | Dollar |  |
| Library Expenditures Amount |  |  |
| Books - paper and microforms | \$ 94,371 |  |
| Books - electronic | 0 |  |
| Periodicals- paper and microforms | 134,352 |  |
| Periodicals - electronic | 0 |  |
| Serials - paper and microforms | 32,904 |  |
| Serials - electronic | 101,641 |  |
| Media | 9,885 |  |
| Microform | 26,583 |  |
| Preservation | $\underline{12,709}$ |  |
| TOTAL ACQUISITIONS EXPENDITURES | \$ 412,446 |  |
| Acquisitions Expenditures Per Student | \$ 269 |  |
| Source: Hutchins Library, October 2004 |  |  |

## HUTCHINS LIBRARY, continued

(Fiscal Year 2004)

| Library Services |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Library Instruction | Sessions | Students |
| Stories (Freshmen) | 46 | 685 |
| U.S. Traditions (Freshmen) | 24 | 500 |
| Western Traditions I and II (Sophomores) | 14 | 263 |
| Other General Studies Courses | 22 | 409 |
| Subject Area Courses | 34 | 564 |
| Outside Groups | 5 | 37 |
| TOTAL | 145 | 2,458 |
| Percentage of sections with at least one library session |  |  |
| Stories (Freshmen) | 92.0\% | 92.5\% |
| U.S. Traditions (Freshmen) | 57.1\% | 58.1\% |
| Western Traditions I and II (Sophomores) | 37.9\% | 36.4\% |
| Reference and Research Assistance |  |  |
| Library Reference Desk Transactions Total | 5,658 |  |
| Special Collections Reading Room Visits Total | 718 |  |
| Special Collections Reference Requests (non-visits) | 409 |  |
| Computer Access |  |  |
| Public Access Workstations | 63 |  |
| Notebooks Available for Checkout | 5 |  |
| Public Network Connections | 102 |  |
|  |  | Average per Faculty or Student FTE |
| Circulation Transactions | Number | Hutchins |
| Print and media collections - faculty and staff | 7,311 |  |
| Print and media collections - students | 47,181 | 30.8 |
| Print collections - town | 1,728 |  |
| TOTAL | 56,220 |  |
| Reserve materials | 1,056 |  |
| Equipment (computers and media) uses | 3,043 |  |
| Classrooms and study rooms uses | 3,999 |  |
| Special Collections uses | 1,791 |  |
| Electronic collection searches | 200,285 |  |
| Interlibrary Loan | Number |  |
| Provided to other libraries | 3,165 |  |
| Received from other libraries | 1,358 |  |
| Other |  |  |
| Main Library hours open per week | 88 |  |
| Special Collections hours open per week | 44 |  |

Source: Hutchins Library, October 2004

## COMPUTER RESOURCES

Administrative Computing: The College uses the SCT Banner software, an integrated administrative system, for financial, student, financial aid, human resources, and alumni/development functions. Berea upgraded to release 6 of Banner during the fall of 2004. BANNER is supplemented by NOLIJ a document image management system which stores electronic copies of applications for admission, financial aid statements, purchase orders, invoices and other documents. BANNER records can be linked to associated source or reference documents using NOLIJ.

Several components of Banner are accessible via the Internet. The Web for Students, Web for Faculty and Web for Development Officers modules of Banner are in place. Web for Students allows students to register for classes and view their class schedules, transcripts, grades, and financial aid information. Similarly, faculty advisers can view their class schedules, class lists, advisees, transcripts and grades and manage their advisees' registration process using Web for Faculty functions. Web for Development Officers allows traveling fund raisers access to key information via an Internet connection.

Academic Computing: The 2003-2004 academic year saw the Universal Access laptop computer program move from a project to a way of life at Berea College. All students have been using the laptop computers for two years, and some pilot group members have been involved for four years. Students are able to run on their laptop computers most of the software required for their classes, eliminating the need for traditional computer labs and greatly expanding the opportunity for depth of exploration of software capabilities.

Berea College's Universal Access program has as its foundation the belief that technology can improve teaching and learning; the emphasis has been on providing access to technology at almost any time in any place on campus. The EDGE laptops are only the most visible aspect of Universal Access, other elements of which have included greatly expanding the college network, providing training and support for students, preparing classrooms to accommodate laptops computers, and developing the faculty's ability to include technology in their pedagogy.

Fully networked classrooms provide one network connection for every student, most often directly to the desktop. A total of 37 such classrooms are distributed such that every academic building now has at least one. All other classrooms have network wiring, with a typical ratio of one network connection per four students with the connections most often found in the wall. The Media Services team of Information Systems \& Services (IS\&S) has also expanded the presence of data projectors in classrooms. There are now 77 classrooms with such equipment ready to be used in conjunction with laptop computers. Of those, 26 have full multi-media capability including DVD, CD, and VCR equipment.

The 2003-2004 academic year saw continued expansion of utilization of the college's course management system, WebCT. Working with the Appalachian College Association, we were able to upgrade to the WebCT VISTA product and provide capabilities that are usually available only to big universities. This software allows professors to more effectively manage their classes, and gives them capabilities for threaded discussions (both in and out of class), on-line resource materials and handouts, paperless homework and assignments, and even on-line quizzes and tests, all accessible via the campus network and the Internet. During the year, 57 faculty used WebCT to manage 158 courses.

## COMPUTER RESOURCES, continued

Campus Network: The campus is connected electronically by a fiber optic backbone, operating at gigabit speed, which provides network access from every residence hall, administrative and academic building on campus. There are currently 6,442 active network connections on campus. The campus network is connected to the Internet via a partial DS3 line providing 7.5 megabits of bandwidth connectivity. This DS3 line is thanks to a joint purchasing arrangement with the Appalachian College Association (ACA) in which Berea College and the ACA split the cost of a total of 15.0 megabits of bandwidth equally.

Electronic Mail: All faculty, staff members, and students have email accounts using Microsoft Exchange Server and Microsoft Outlook, available both on campus and off via the Internet. Email accounts are also offered to College retirees. Each user has at least 50 megabytes of personal, secure storage on the network; professors and departments have additional storage including folders into which assignments and homework can be placed. The e-mail system and related network support is a vital means of communication for the entire campus. Electronic bulletin boards are often used for announcements, technical support, and discussions.

Internet: The Internet has an important academic resource as faculty members and students incorporate on-line resources into their research and as staff base more and more work on Internet-enabled processes. The college provides 7.5 megabytes of bandwidth for Internet access; packets of data entering and leaving campus through the Internet gateway are shaped to maximize throughput and bandwidth. The Berea College Homepage is available at http://www.berea.edu. Overall, the Berea College web pages received an average of 109,673 hits per day during fiscal year 2003-2004 and an average of 2,955 individual visitors per day.

Media Services: The IS\&S Media Services team is located in the Computer Center. All services offered can be ordered at the Service Center or by calling ext. 3343. In addition to managing the 77 classrooms with built-in multimedia equipment, 25 student employees deliver equipment to the campus community and are involved in classroom support, convocations, campus events and other audiovisual set-ups on campus. Media Services also offers a variety of production possibilities including color printing, poster printing, lamination, banner prints, CD/video/audio duplication, CD burning and video/audio production and editing. Other services include consultation, troubleshooting, training and technological expertise on a variety of equipment and production techniques.

Technology Support: The College provides many methods of support for technology. The Information Systems and Services department is now in its fourth year of operating its Service Center to provide one-stop phone and walk-in support. The Service Center is open 8:00 to 5:00 during weekdays. The Service Center also provides teams that can be deployed to user locations, be they offices or classrooms, for troubleshooting and for computer hardware repair, network access, software training, media services, and application of technology. During the academic year 2003-2004, the Service Center handled 25,873 requests for assistance service.

## CAMPUS NETWORK

The campus is connected electronically by a fiber optic backbone, operating at gigabit speed, which provides network access. Currently, $100 \%$ of all on-campus buildings are connected to the campus network. There are 6,442 network connections within 89 buildings.

NETWORKED BUILDINGS, A SIX-YEAR HISTORY


NOTE: The number in parentheses indicate the total number of network connections.

Source: Information Systems and Services, December 2004

## MULTIMEDIA CLASSROOMS

There are 25 academic buildings on campus with 1,576 network connections in 116 classrooms. Each of these buildings has at least one fully networked classroom. Currently 77 classrooms are equipped with a digital projector, speakers, and a screen. Also, 26 of these are full multimedia classrooms additionally equipped with a DVD player, VCR, CD, and digital presenter (ELMO).


Source: Information Systems and Services, December 2004

## COMPUTER AVAILABILITY FOR STUDENTS

With the full implementation of the Universal Access program, the availability of computing resources to students had increased dramatically. As labs, based on desktop computers, are phased out in favor of the ubiquitous laptops, we see the ratio of students per computer at approximately one for one.



[^0]:    *Ratio is calculated by dividing the FTE Student Enrollment by the FTE full-time Faculty.
    Source: Office of the Academic Vice President and Provost, October 2004

[^1]:    *Total does not equal the number of new freshmen because not all students submitted SAT scores. The total number accepted is 561 and the total number enrolled is 400 .

[^2]:    Source: Admissions Office, annual editions of the Freshman Class Profile

[^3]:    *Denotes cohort numbers that have been adjusted due to the death of a student. In each case, the number in the cohort has been reduced by one.
    **Includes expulsion, disciplinary, labor, convocation, and administrative dismissals.

[^4]:    *Denotes cohort numbers that have been adjusted due to the death of a student. In each case, the number in the cohort has been reduced by one.
    **Includes expulsion, disciplinary, labor, convocation, and administrative dismissals.

[^5]:    *See the following page (page 84) for a more complete description of independent majors.
    **These are duplicative headcounts that include double degrees and double majors. Please see page 83 for an unduplicated headcount of graduates.

[^6]:    Source: College Relations, October 2004

[^7]:    Source: Office of Financial Affairs, September 2003

