## Berea College

## Fact Book 2009-2010



## To Our Readers:

We are pleased to present this year's Berea College Fact Book. Its purpose is to provide current and accurate information pertaining to the College, its students, faculty, programs, facilities, and activities.

Most of the information included in the Fact Book is provided by various College offices. The assistance and cooperation we receive from individuals in these offices is very much appreciated.

We have included the following new information this year:

- The Berea Vision, pgs. 1-4
- SAT Writing Scores of Accepted and Enrolled First-Year Students, pg. 41
- The Labor Supervisor of the Year Award, pg. 91

We hope that you find this year's Fact Book both informative and useful. Please let us know how we can improve it. For more details and other reports, please visit our website at www.berea.edu/ira.

Judith Weckman, Director

Clara Labus Chapman, Assistant Director (Labor Team Supervisor)
Morgan Burch, Student Coordinator of the Fact Book

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## THE BEREA VISION

From its inception, Berea College has been a place where deep commitments have been translated into compassionate action in the service of young women and men, black and white, from many cultures, primarily from the Appalachian region but also far beyond. Berea's distinctive and multifaceted mission has always been and will remain firmly rooted in inclusive Christian values such as "the triumph of love over hate, human dignity and equality, and peace with justice." ${ }^{1}$ Hence, Berea was the first interracial and coeducational college in the pre-Civil War South. Berea's primary mission is to serve students of "great promise and limited economic means" by providing them with liberal arts and professional educations of the highest quality. Thus, all students receive a substantial cost-ofeducation scholarship so that no money from student families is required for tuition. Our educational community is predicated on the notion that work of all kinds, mental and physical, provides opportunities for furthering a student's education and personal development. Therefore, all students work in a campus-based labor department. Just as one of our institutional goals is to serve others, so too we seek to prepare our students to be "service-oriented leaders for Appalachia and beyond" (Being and Becoming: Berea College in the 21st Century, 2006, p. 62). Truly, learning, labor, and service are the three pillars upon which Berea's educational edifice is built.

## Berea's Beginnings

In 1855, John G. Fee, the founder of Berea College, and those who assisted him—including Matilda Fee, John A. R. Rogers, Elizabeth Rogers, and others-boldly began to translate their abolitionist principles into a church and then a school perched on a ridge between the Bluegrass farms and the Cumberland Mountains. Cassius M. Clay gave Fee ten acres of land on which Fee began the Berea settlement. Fee named the site "Berea" after the Greek town that Paul described as a place where people "received the Word with all eagerness" (Acts 17:11). Berea's one-room district school founded in 1855 has evolved into the Berea College we know today, their small congregation's worship center into the stately Union Church, and their settlement village into the town of Berea, Kentucky, which is still vital and growing.

The foundational motto of Berea's 1866 catalog and today's Berea College is that "God has made of one blood all peoples of the earth" (Acts 17:26). Fee believed deeply that all people are equally worthy of education, of personal esteem, of mutual respect, and of diverse collaborations. He held that, whether black or white, male or female, Southern or Northern, rich or poor, all of us are God's children and, as such, are deserving of an education that will make our lives more suitable for service. From the beginning, learning, labor, and service have been the underpinning of a Berea education, whether it be on the elementary, the secondary, or the college level. ${ }^{2}$

In the early days, those who taught Berea students in the classroom were the same people who supervised their labor and encouraged them to engage in acts of service both locally and in the mountains. Thus learning, labor, and service were originally well integrated at the College. During this period, the image of educating "the head, the heart, and the hands" captured well what it meant to be an educator at Berea. ${ }^{3}$ However, over the years learning, labor, and service slowly became segmented into different parts of an increasingly complex institution. Although Berea has always encouraged intellectual excellence, it has never narrowed its focus to developing intellectual excellence in liberal arts subjects alone. Therefore, Berea College has taught applied subjects (e.g., education, nursing, and agriculture) throughout all of its history. Berea has striven to educate "the whole person" by encouraging in each student the self-sufficiency found in working with his or her hands and the strong sense that his or her vocation ought to entail service to others. The authors of the 1993 preface to the Great Commitments (see pg. 2) effectively captured this sense that the realms of thought and action should converge here in Berea when it says, "the Berea experience nurtures intellectual, physical, aesthetic, emotional, and spiritual potentials and with those the power to make meaningful commitments and translate them into action." In this and many other respects, Berea College and we Bereans have often fallen short of achieving our ideals-but we have never lost our collective determination to pursue them to the very best of our abilities.
${ }^{1}$ See preface to the Great Commitments on page 4.
${ }^{2}$ Berea was a sixteen-year school until 1968, when it discontinued its elementary and secondary education programs.
${ }^{3}$ British writer and art critic John Ruskin apparently originated this image and phrase; Berea's third president, William G. Frost (1892-1920), was the first to apply it when describing Berea's mission.

## The Berea Vision, continued

## Learning, Labor, and Service at Berea College

William G. Frost, who became President of the College in 1892, brought craftsmen and women from the mountains to Berea and introduced a variety of new labor positions that provided apprenticeships in crafts. During Frost's presidency, the labor program began to take on a separate life of its own as Berea tried to employ all of its students in some kind of meaningful labor. Gradually, a distinct labor program developed with its own learning goals for different student jobs. In 1908, Professor Miles E. Marsh began to oversee Berea's ever more numerous labor positions, and in 1914, he was officially appointed Dean of the Labor Program. By this time, Berea's students were no longer necessarily mentored in their labor positions by the same people who mentored them in the classroom. Although Berea College has always tried to educate the whole person, as time passed, the academic program ("the head"), the labor program ("the hands"), and the service and spiritual development programs ("the heart") simultaneously burgeoned and became distinctly separate institutional entities. Today, most labor supervisors have little direct contact with the classroom (except for those members of the College Faculty who supervise students). The spiritual and service dimensions have also been segmented into the Campus Christian Center, the Center for Excellence in Learning Through Service (CELTS), and a variety of other programs. Thus, over the years, learning, labor, and service have become fairly compartmentalized and sometimes isolated aspects of Berea College and of "the Berea experience" for many students and employees. A primary aim of the College's strategic plan, Being and Becoming: Berea College in the 21st Century (1996), has been to reintegrate these fundamental aspects of our institution and our experience.

Today Berea College depends on College Faculty to provide most of the formal instruction in the classroom, on other employees throughout the institution to provide learning opportunities for students in the labor program, and on yet other employees to guide the spiritual development of students and oversee the service and outreach components of the institution. This realization led the students, faculty, and staff on the Strategic Planning Committee to develop, in consultation with the broader campus community, four pairs of learning goals for all students and workers at the College. These are set forth in Being and Becoming as follows:

1. develop the critical intellectual ability to address complex problems from multiple perspectives and nurture moral growth with a commitment to service;
2. understand the relationship between humans and the natural world and consider both the benefits and limitations of science and technology;
3. explore our individual roots and our shared American culture and know and respect cultures from around the world;
4. educate students, faculty, and staff to be creative, independent thinkers and encourage collaboration and teamwork in learning and working (Being and Becoming, p. ii; see pp. 30-34 for a detailed discussion of each learning goal).

These four sets of learning goals represent an application of the Great commitments within the context of our contemporary world. They are intended to guide the learning and work of all members of the campus community as well as to guide and unify all of the activities of the College, whether academic, extra-curricular, residential, labor, or athletic. The learning goals, then, should be understood as that toward which we all may teach, and work, and learn, whether we are faculty members, groundskeepers, or student members of the residence hall staff.

## The Berea Vision, continued

However, the reintegration of the learning, labor, and service dimensions of the College has required more than simply sharing four pairs of learning goals. For several years, all Berea faculty, staff, and students engaged in conversations about how we could more closely link our learning, labor, and service efforts so that students will be treated everywhere as whole persons-not as heads in the classroom, hands in the labor program, and hearts in the service and worship programs of the College. If we are to reintegrate fully the learning, labor, and service components of "the Berea experience," each one of us at the College must reconceive and reintegrate our own work. Many Bereans from all constituencies of the College are now doing so.

## 1) Integrating Learning

Increasingly, learning at Berea College involves not only the head, but also the heart and often the hands, even in the formal academic setting of the classroom. By providing students with both theoretical knowledge and opportunities to apply the knowledge they gain, by encouraging students to work on applied projects outside the classroom, and by relating classroom activities to the service and labor activities in which students are engaged, more and more Berea faculty members are bringing those other aspects of students' lives into the reflective environment of the classroom. As a colleague recently observed, "Learning in this context means that the faculty is sensitive to students' labor and other activities and encourages their integration in the minds of the students themselves." While the classroom does and must remain the primary domain of instruction in the traditional disciplines, ideally it is also open to students' struggles with their faith, their personal development, and their searches for new ways of viewing their vocation or work in the future. Such a learning environment treats students as whole persons, not just as heads.

## 2) Integrating Labor

Many labor program supervisors are striving to fulfill the four pairs of learning goals listed above with the students whom they supervise. These supervisors are thereby allied in purpose and practice with faculty members who pursue the College-wide learning goals, in addition to their discipline- and course-specific goals, in the classroom. For example, the concept of "guided learning," which informs the work of employees and students in the residential life area, is based on several of our learning goals and Great Commitments. Also, while the labor program has traditionally challenged students' hands through various forms of physical labor, the labor program is working to challenge and develop students' heads and hearts as well by providing ever more intellectually and spiritually rich learning and service opportunities. This is quite different from the primarily physical labor model of Berea's original labor program. In the spring of 2001, the Labor Review Team (LRT) provided a report that called for the "Re-visioning," "Revitalizing," and "Re-structuring" of Berea College's Labor Program. In the fall of 2003, the Strategic Planning Committee sent its proposal to the General Faculty for strengthening the Labor Program that confirms and extends the recommendations of the LRT. The General Faculty passed this SPC revision of the Labor Program on December 11, 2003. These recommendations stress that the Labor Program should enhance opportunities for students to learn, to engage meaningful work tasks, and, thereby, to serve the community.

## The Berea Vision, continued

## 3) Integrating Service

When students engage in service to others, they learn a new way of applying the core values that our Great Commitments and learning goals make central to our community. Berea's faith that "God has created of one blood all peoples of the earth" fosters deep and active appreciation for the value of loving and serving others, and of the dignity of all people-whatever their origins or cultural traditions. By engaging in and reflecting on service to others, our students and we ourselves learn that the more one places one's time and talent at the service of others, the more fulfilling one's own life becomes. This might, at first glance, seem a mere truism. Yet given the communities from which most Berea students come, our students really do come to learn that there are no magic potions to end the grinding poverty they have experienced personally or have seen in their communities. Instead, they learn that to improve such circumstances they must put their heads and their hands at the service of their communities.

Directing one's life and one's vocation toward the betterment of one's community-that is, toward the betterment of the common good-is a deeply rooted Berea College value. Through CELTS, the College is attempting to provide increasing service-learning opportunities for students so that they can absorb this lesson experientially in the midst of an entire community that is dedicated to serving others well. Service programs then can foster students' learning and labor just as the academic and labor programs can engage students in service to others.

Being and Becoming offers a vision of a place where learning, labor, and service increasingly converge, a place where any given dimension of a student's (or a worker's) experience educates the head and hands and heart. An idealistic vision? Yes, certainly-but then, from John Fee's day to the present, Bereans have always been idealistic. Our 21st-Century challenge and goal is to educate Berea College students for an information-rich, technology-driven global society in which they may bring their "whole selves"-their integrity, their sense of purpose, and the real and varied knowledge and capabilities they acquire here-to bear on the problems facing their communities and the larger world. Helping to develop and strengthen the capacities of the "gifted heads, gifted hands, and gifted hearts" of all Berea students and employees has always been and will remain the core enterprise of the College. Each member of Berea's College and General Faculties has the great responsibility and the great opportunity to carry forward this historic enterprise. Thank you for joining other employees at Berea College in undertaking this vitally important mission.

## THE GREAT COMMITMENTS OF BEREA COLLEGE

Berea College, founded by ardent abolitionists and radical reformers, continues today as an educational institution still firmly rooted in its historic purpose "to promote the cause of Christ." Adherence to the College's scriptural foundation, "God has made of one blood all peoples of the earth," shapes the College's culture and programs so that students and staff alike can work toward both personal goals and a vision of a world shaped by Christian values, such as the power of love over hate, human dignity and equality, and peace with justice. This environment frees persons to be active learners, workers, and servers as members of the academic community and as citizens of the world. The Berea experience nurtures intellectual, physical, aesthetic, emotional, and spiritual potentials and with those the power to make meaningful commitments and translate them into action.

To achieve this purpose, Berea College commits itself:

- To provide an educational opportunity primarily for students from Appalachia, black and white, who have great promise and limited economic resources.
- To provide an education of high quality with a liberal arts foundation and outlook.
- To stimulate understanding of the Christian faith and its many expressions and to emphasize the Christian ethic and the motive of service to others.
- To provide for all students through the labor program experiences for learning and serving in community, and to demonstrate that labor, mental and manual, has dignity as well as utility.
- To assert the kinship of all people and to provide interracial education with a particular emphasis on understanding and equality among blacks and whites.
- To create a democratic community dedicated to education and equality for women and men.
- To maintain a residential campus and to encourage in all members of the community a way of life characterized by plain living, pride in labor well done, zest for learning, high personal standards, and concern for the welfare of others.
- To serve the Appalachian region primarily through education but also by other appropriate services.

For more details, please visit: < http://www.berea.edu/about/mission.asp >

Originally adopted by the Board of Trustees in 1969; this revised statement adopted by the Board of Trustees of Berea College, Berea, Kentucky, April 24, 1993

## ACCREDITATION

Berea College is accredited in its awarding of baccalaureate degrees by the Commission on Colleges of the Southern Association of Colleges and Schools (SACS). The College is also accredited by the Commission on Collegiate Nursing Education for the preparation of nurses and the Nursing program has full approval status from the Kentucky Board of Nursing. In addition the College is accredited by the National Council for the Accreditation of Teacher Education (NCATE) for the preparation of elementary, middle, and secondary school teachers with the bachelor's degree as the highest degree approved.

## INSTITUTIONAL MEMBERSHIPS

Berea College is an institutional member of:

- American Academy of Family Physicians (AAFP)
- American Association of Colleges for Teacher Education (AACTE)
- American Association of University Women (AAUW)
- American Bus Association
- American Chestnut Foundation
- American College Health Association (ACHA)
- American Council on Education (ACE)
- Annapolis Group
- Appalachian College Association (ACA)
- Association for Higher Education and Disabilities (AHEAD)
- Association for the Advancement of Sustainability in Higher Education (AASHE)
- Association of American Colleges and Universities (AAC\&U)
- Association of Collegiate Conference and Events Directors International (ACCED-I)
- Association of Energy Engineers
- Association of Governing Boards of Universities (AGB)
- Association of Heating, Refrigeration, and Air Conditioning Engineers (ASHRAE)
- Association of Independent Kentucky Colleges and Universities (AIKCU)
- Association of Physical Plant Administrators (APPA)
- Berea Chamber of Commerce
- College and University Mail Services Association (CUMSA)
- College and University Professional Association (CUPA)
- Council for Higher Education Accreditation (CHEA)
- Council for the Advancement and Support of Education (CASE)
- Council of Independent Colleges (CIC)
- Craft Organization Development Association
- CraftNet Association
- Historical Hotel Association
- International Association of Campus Law Enforcement Administration (IACLEA)
- Kentucky Academy of Science (KAS)
- Kentucky Campus Compact
- Kentucky Chapter - American Academy of Family Physicians (KAFP)
- Kentucky Institute for International Studies (KIIS)
- Kentucky Intercollegiate Athletic Conference (KIAC)

Source: Berea College Catalog, 2009-2010 [http://www.berea.edu/catalog/distinctivefeatures/default.asp](http://www.berea.edu/catalog/distinctivefeatures/default.asp) Office of the President, January 2010

- Kentucky Woodland Owners Association/National Woodland Owners Association
- Mid-South Conference
- National Association for College Activities (NACA)
- National Association for College Employers (NACE)
- National Association for Intercollegiate Athletics (NAIA)
- National Association of College and University Business Officers (NACUBO)
- National Association of College Stores
- National Association of Independent Colleges and Universities (NAICU)
- National Council for Science and the Environment (NCSE)
- National Council for the Accreditation of Teacher Education (NCATE)
- National Fire Protection Association (NFPA)
- Natural Intramural Recreation and Sports Administration
- National Safety Council (NSC)
- Oak Ridge Associated Universities (ORAU)
- Rotary Club
- Smith Travel Research
- Southern Association of Colleges and Schools (SACS)
- Southern University Conference (SUC)
- The College Board
- The Tuition Exchange, Inc.
- Tuition Exchange Program, CIC
- University Leaders for a Sustainable Future (ULSF)
- Work Colleges Consortium (WCC)

NOTE: Alumnae are eligible for membership in the American Association of University Women (AAUW).
Source: Berea College Catalog, 2009-2010 [http://www.berea.edu/catalog/distinctivefeatures/default.asp](http://www.berea.edu/catalog/distinctivefeatures/default.asp) Office of the President, January 2010

## ACADEMIC INFORMATION

## Programs of Study

Berea's curriculum offers the advantage of interdisciplinary general study combined with intensive study within a major field. The academic program is organized within the 4-1-4 calendar system. Students normally enroll in four courses for each of the Fall and Spring terms and one course in the January term. Students may enroll in no more than 2.25 courses in the Summer term. Berea courses are equivalent to four semester hours (6 quarter hours).

Most degree programs require a minimum of 33 earned course credits; the Nursing Program typically requires a minimum of 35 earned course credits.

## Bachelor of Arts Degree Programs:

| African and African American Studies | Education Studies | Physics |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Applied Science and Mathematics | English | Political Science |
| Art | French | Psychology |
| Asian Studies | German | Religion |
| Biology | History | Sociology |
| Chemistry | Mathematics | Spanish |
| Child and Family Studies | Music | Speech Communication |
| Classical Languages (not currently offered) | Philosophy | Theatre |
| Computer and Information Science | Physical Education | Women's Studies |
| Economics |  |  |
| Bachelor of Science Degree Programs: |  |  |

## Agriculture and Natural Resources

Business Administration

Nursing
Technology and Industrial Arts

Independent majors are also available. These majors are designed by students who wish to pursue a field of study that cannot be met through a standard Berea College major program. Students are free to propose topics. Some examples of previously approved independent majors are: Appalachian Studies, Classical Studies or Classical Civilizations, Peace and Social Justice Studies, and Sustainable Community Development.

## Teacher Preparation:

Berea College offers certification programs in Elementary Education (primary - grade 5);
Interdisciplinary Early Childhood Education (birth to kindergarten); Secondary Education (grades 8-12) programs in English, Mathematics, Social Studies (with majors in History, Political Science, and Sociology); primary through grade 12 programs in Art, Health, Instrumental Music, Vocal Music, and Physical Education; and grades 5-12 programs in Family and Consumer Sciences and in Technology Education.

## Minor Programs Offered:

- African and African American Studies*
- Agriculture and Natural Resources
- Appalachian Studies*
- Asian Studies*
- Business Administration
- Computer Science
- Dance
- Economics
- French
- German
*Interdisciplinary Minors
Source: Berea College Catalog, 2009-2010.
[http://www.berea.edu/catalog/academicregulations/degrees.asp](http://www.berea.edu/catalog/academicregulations/degrees.asp)
- Health and Health Teaching
- History
- Latin
- Music
- Peace and Social Justice Studies*
- Philosophy
- Physics
- Political Science
- Religion
- Sociology
- Spanish
- Speech

Communication

- Sustainability and Environmental Studies*
- Women's Studies*


## THE STUDENT LABOR PROGRAM

The Student Labor Program originated in its earliest form at Berea College in 1859 and expanded to become one of the College's Great Commitments providing economic, educational, social, personal, and spiritual benefits to students and those served by their work.

The Labor Program is designed to:

- Support the total educational program at Berea College through experiences providing the learning of skills, responsibility, habits, attitudes, and processes associated with work;
- Provide and encourage opportunities for students to pay costs of board, room, and related educational expenses;
- Provide staff for College operations;
- Provide opportunities for service to the community and others through labor;
- Establish a life-style of doing and thinking, action and reflection, service and learning that carries on beyond the college years.

The Student Labor Program's unifying vision is based on an understanding and expectation of labor as student and learning centered; as service to the College and broader community, and as providing necessary work (i.e., work that needs to be done) being done well. The Student Labor Program systematically and consistently employs this vision to address tensions that may occasionally emerge between student labor as work that needs to be done, as service to the community and College, as student's experiential learning, and as contribution to educational costs, etc. The administration of the program is the responsibility of the Dean of Labor.

Labor assignments function very much like classes. Beginning at basic levels of work, students are expected to progress to more skilled and responsible levels. Through these experiences, it is expected that student workers will 1) develop good work habits and attitudes, 2) gain an understanding of personal interests, skills, and limitations, and 3) exercise creativity, problemsolving, and responsibility. Students may also learn the qualities of leadership, standard setting, and effective supervision.

The Labor Program makes it possible for students to know each other as co-workers as well as classmates. More importantly, linking the Academic and Labor Programs establishes a pattern of learning through work that continues long after college.

For a complete list of all labor departments in which students work, see pages 93 and 94.

Source: Berea College Catalog, 2009-2010. [http://www.berea.edu/catalog/distinctivefeatures/stulaborprogram.asp](http://www.berea.edu/catalog/distinctivefeatures/stulaborprogram.asp)

## THE CONVOCATION SERIES

The Convocation Series is a vital component of Berea's General Education Program. Through the Convocation Series, notable speakers, scholars, performers, and programs present on a variety of subjects to enlarge the intellectual, aesthetic, and religious dimensions of campus life. In addition, Berea's student performing ensembles provide convocations addressing similar issues through music, dance, and theatre. Providing rich experiences for students, faculty, and staff alike, convocations help build and sustain a sense of curiosity and intellectual challenge so basic in an academic community. They make available information and insights on important topics likely to be considered in academic courses.

All students will be enrolled automatically in a one-quarter-credit Convocation course (CNV 100) during each of their regular terms of enrollment, with the exception of the final term of enrollment, for a maximum of eight (8) such terms. For each term of enrollment in CNV 100, the student will earn a grade of CA (which is calculated as an A in the GPA) for receiving at least seven (7) convocation credits. The grade of CF (which is calculated as an F in the GPA) will be awarded given if one receives fewer than seven (7) convocation credits. Enrollment in this course is optional during the final term at Berea (or is prohibited if the student already has enrolled in this course for eight terms).

Convocation credits only count in the GPA and not in the minimum earned credits required for graduation.

To see the Academic Year 2009-10 convocation calendar, [http://www.berea.edu/convocations/\#.](http://www.berea.edu/convocations/%5C#.).

Source: Berea College Catalog, 2009-2010,
[http://www.berea.edu/cataloghandbook/academics/academicprogram/convocations.asp](http://www.berea.edu/cataloghandbook/academics/academicprogram/convocations.asp)

## CLUBS AND ORGANIZATIONS ACADEMIC YEAR 2009-2010

| African Student Association (ASA) | Diversity Peer Education Team |
| :---: | :---: |
| Agriculture Union (AU) | Ecological Sustainability Education Program |
| Alpha Psi Omega | English Club |
| Americans for a Just Peace in the Middle | Episcopal Canterbury Fellowship |
| East (AJPME) | EYCE (pep club) |
| Appalachian Center | Fellowship of Christian Athletes (FCA) |
| Asian Student Union (ASU) | Fighting Rape Through Education and |
| Baptist Campus Ministry | Encouragement (FREE) |
| Berea College.. | Gay-Straight Alliance (GSA) |
| Anime and Manga Club | German Club |
| Amnesty International | Hispanic Student Association (HSA) |
| Association of Student Nurses (BCASN) | History and Political Science Club |
| Billiards Club | International Christian Fellowship (ICF) |
| Concert Choir | Intervarsity |
| Republicans | Intramurals |
| Saddle Club | Invisible Children |
| Women's Chorus | Martial Arts Club |
| Berea Bikes | Men Advocating Awareness of Rape and |
| Berea Entrepreneurs Club | Sexual Assault (MARS) |
| Berea Middle Eastern Dance (BMED) | Mortar Board Honor Society |
| Berea Ultimate Frisbee | Muslim Student Association (MSA) |
| Bereans for Appalachia (BFA) | Newman Club |
| Bereans for Life | Oxfam America at Berea College |
| Black Cultural Center (BCC) | Pagan Coalition |
| Black Music Ensemble (BME) | Phi Kappa Phi |
| Black Student Union (BSU) | Physics Club |
| Buddhist Student Association (BSA) | Pinnacle |
| Campus Activities Board (CAB) | Pre-Med/Dental Club |
| Center for Excellence in Learning | Pre-Pharmacy Club |
| through Service (CELTS) | Psychology Club/Psi Chi |
| Adopt-a-Grandparent | Quaker Campus Fellowship |
| Berea Buddies | Running/Track Club |
| Bonnor Scholars | Sigma Tau Delta |
| First Book-Madison County | Sociology Club |
| Habitat for Humanity | Student Affiliates of the American |
| HEAL | Chemical Society |
| Hispanic Outreach Project (HOP) | Student Artisan League |
| One-on-One Tutoring | Student Government Association (SGA) |
| People Who Care | Freshman Class |
| Service Learning | Sophomore Class |
| Teen Mentoring | Junior Class |
| Chi Alpha | Senior Class |
| Chimes | Students for a Free Tibet |
| Colleges Against Cancer (CAC) | Students in Free Enterprise (S.I.F.E.) |
| Comites Antiquitatis | Swing Dance |
| Cosmopolitan Club | Technology Club |
| Country Dancers | Women Uniting for P.E.A.C.E. |
| Dance Club (Team) | Young Democrats |
| Danish Gymnastics Club |  |
| Delta Tau Alpha |  |

Source: Berea College Student Handbook, as of January 2010
< http://www.berea.edu/campuslife/clubsorgs.asp >

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*Current as of January 2010. Changes in Board composition will be recorded on the following web page, [http://www.berea.edu/ira/factbooks.asp](http://www.berea.edu/ira/factbooks.asp).
**President of the College
Source: Office of the President.


Source: Office of the President, February 6, 2009

## CENTRAL ADMINISTRATIVE OFFICERS

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## ACADEMIC DEPARTMENTAL CHAIRPERSONS ACADEMIC YEAR 2009-2010

Department
Agriculture and Natural Resources
Art
Biology
Chemistry
Child and Family Studies
Economics and Business
Education Studies
English, Theatre and Speech Communication
Foreign Language
History
Library Science
Mathematics and Computer Science
Music
Nursing
Philosophy and Religion
Physical Education and Health
Physics
Political Science
Psychology
Sociology
Technology and Industrial Arts

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Trish Isaacs
Bobby Starnes
Verlaine McDonald
Jeanne Hoch
Robert Foster
Anne Chase James Blackburn-Lynch Kathy Bullock (Interim Chairperson)
Pam Farley
Eric Pearson
Susan Spalding
Amer Lahamer
John Heyrman
Wayne Messer
Jackie Burnside Gary Mahoney

## ACADEMIC PROGRAM / CURRICULA CONTACT PERSONS

| Program/Curricula | Contact Person |
| :--- | :--- |
| African and African <br> American Studies | Jose Pimienta-Bey, Director of African and <br> African American Studies |
| Appalachian Studies | Chad Berry, Director of Appalachian Studies |
| Asian Studies | Jeff Richey, Director of Asian Studies |
| General Education | Steve Gowler, Director of General Education |
| Peace and Social Justice <br> Studies | Michael Rivage-Seul, Director of Peace and Social Justice <br> Studies |
| Sustainability and <br> Environmental Studies | Richard Olson, Director of Sustainability and Environmental Studies |
| Women's Studies | Peggy Rivage-Seul, Director of Women's Studies |

Source: Office of the Dean of the Faculty, September 2009

## CAMPUS GOVERNANCE

The campus governance structure allows for the inclusion and participation at various levels for all employees of the College. Avenues for participation in decision-making include: communication and sharing information, consultation, voice, and vote.

All non-student employees are members of the General Faculty and are eligible for committee service. Due to the size of the General Faculty, the General Faculty Assembly, a smaller body of representatives, serves as the voting body. The General Faculty Assembly concerns itself with nonacademic affairs affecting the general welfare of the College and the fulfillment of its purposes. Within its purview are those matters not restricted to the College Faculty Assembly, including the labor program, financial aid, extracurricular activities, student conduct, residence hall life, College calendar, campus environment, some strategic planning initiatives, and the general working circumstances for staff.

The College Faculty Assembly acts on both academic program matters and recommendations dealing with College Faculty personnel policies.

The Staff Forum, consisting of all non-student employees except those who are members of the College Faculty, provides a formal structure of information-sharing and voice for staff members. It serves in an advisory capacity to administrators and faculty decision-making bodies.

## General Faculty Assembly and College Faculty Assembly Memberships <br> Academic Year 2009-2010

Memberships<br>General Faculty Assembly 266 members<br>NOTE: The General Faculty Assembly includes all members of the College Faculty Assembly.<br>College Faculty Assembly 141 members<br>Source: Berea College Faculty Manual, August 2009<br><www.berea.edu/df/facultymanual/campusgovernance/default.asp><br>Executive Council, September 2009

## FACULTY COUNCIL AND COMMITTEE STRUCTURE

The College and General Faculties are organized to conduct their affairs primarily through five program councils and their subordinate committees. Each of these councils is responsible to either the College Faculty Assembly or General Faculty Assembly, and any recommendations for substantive changes in policy are subject to approval by one or the other body. The councils are: Academic Program, Faculty Status, Labor Program, Strategic Planning, and Student Life. Coordinating and overseeing all elements of the structure is an Executive Council. The functions and composition of the Executive Council and the five program councils and their related committees are described below.

## EXECUTIVE COUNCIL (EC)

The Executive Council coordinates the efforts of the various program councils and is generally responsible for the effective functioning of campus governance.

## Faculty Secretary

The Faculty Secretary is the recorder of official proceedings of the College Faculty Assembly and the General Faculty Assembly meetings.

## Awards Committee

The Awards Committee solicits nominations from the College community for honorary degree and Berea College Service Award candidates. After reviewing the nominations, it recommends candidates for approval by the appropriate bodies.

## ACADEMIC PROGRAM COUNCIL (APC)

The Academic Program Council has comprehensive responsibility for the academic program, with specific responsibilities for curriculum planning, continual review of current programs, policy development, and general supervision of practices, requirements, and services affecting academic affairs.

## Athletic Affairs Committee

The Athletic Affairs Committee has within its purview both intercollegiate and student activity clubs involved in athletic competition.

## Committee on General Education (COGE)

The Committee on General Education, guided by the aims of the General Education curriculum, is charged with acting as the steering committee for the General Education curriculum

## Convocation Committee

The Convocation Committee is primarily concerned with annual program planning. It selects events and presentations that advance the College's educational purpose and enriches the life of the campus and community.

[^0]
## Faculty Council and Committee Structure (continued)

## Learning Commons Committee

The Learning Commons Committee facilitates collaboration between various academic support services across campus to deliver effective and integrated service in support of student learning and student academic success.

Student Admissions and Academic Standing Committee (SAAS)
The Student Admissions and Academic Standing Committee monitors current policies and practices with regard to admission, scholarship, probation and suspension, and formulates policy recommendations.

## Teacher Education Committee

The Teacher Education Committee engages in curriculum development, selects students for the teacher education program, and provides liaison between that program and the rest of the campus.

## FACULTY STATUS COUNCIL (FSC)

The Faculty Status Council deals with questions of faculty status. The Council is responsible for policy review and recommendation to the College Faculty Assembly on College Faculty personnel matters.

## LABOR PROGRAM COUNCIL (LPC)

The Labor Program Council has as its principal concern interpreting and applying the vision for the Student Labor Program.

## STRATEGIC PLANNING COUNCIL (SPC)

The Strategic Planning Council conducts continuous planning for institutional change based on the mission of the College, interpreted in light of opportunities and constraints created by changing internal and external circumstances.

## STUDENT LIFE COUNCIL (SLC)

The Student Life Council develops policy with respect to rules for student conduct, and policy for nonacademic aspects of campus life affecting students.

## ADDITIONAL STANDING COMMITTEES AND OTHER RESPONSIBILITES

## Administrative Committee

The Administrative Committee is responsible to the Board of Trustees and the President of the College for matters of finance, physical properties, and internal management of the College. All instructional and operating departments of the institution are organized under a member of this committee.

## Budget Committee

The Budget Committee serves as an advisory body to the President in the preparation of the annual budget.

Source: Berea College Faculty Manual, August 2009 <www.berea.edu/df/facultymanual/campusgovernance/fccstructure/default.asp>

## Faculty Council and Committee Structure (continued)

## Campus Conduct Hearing Board (CCHB)

The Hearing Board serves as a pool of persons from which panels are selected to hold formal hearings on matters presented to it. For staff hearings, these matters may include individual complaints of discrimination, sexual harassment, or other employment-related grievances which apply to all employees of the College. For students, the Board hears all suspendable nonacademic cases of student misconduct, including violations of the Student Conduct Regulations and misconduct arising from the student labor program or financial aid programs.

## Dean's Advisory Council

The council advises the Dean of Faculty on matters related to the future of the tenure-track faculty positions that are vacated.

## Faculty Advisors to the Student Government Association

The Faculty Advisors to the Student Government Association provide guidance in the development of policies, practices, and other procedures that pertain to the student body.

## Faculty Appeals Committee

The Committee hears appeals of tenure and promotion recommendations, cases involving termination for cause of tenured members of the faculty, and cases involving alleged violation of academic freedom.

## Faculty Liaison to the Board of Trustees

The Faculty Liaison to the Board of Trustees attends the meetings of the full Board, participating with voice but not vote. The Faculty Liaison reports on the Board meetings to the College Faculty Assembly and General Faculty Assembly.

## Provost's Committee

The Provost's Committee is primarily concerned with matters of enrollment management and related procedural matters. It sets goals each year for freshman, transfer, and returning student admissions, monitors retention and graduation rates, rules on student requests for leaves of absence, and coordinates planning among the offices represented on the Committee. This committee also ensures quality of education offered through consortial relationships.

## Safety Committee

The Safety Committee is responsible for coordinating and directing safety efforts on campus.

Source: Berea College Faculty Manual, August 2009 <www.berea.edu/df/facultymanual/campusgovernance/fccstructure/default.asp>

## NUMBER OF TEACHING FACULTY BY RANK AND STATUS

|  | Academic Year 2008-2009 | Academic Year 2009-2010 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Tenure Appointments* | 121 | 121 |
| Unfilled Tenure Positions | 8 | 6 |
| Total Allocated Tenure Track Positions | 129 | 127 |
| Full-time Teaching Appointments** | 131 | 130 |
| Professor | ( 40 ) | ( 39 ) |
| Associate | ( 54 ) | ( 55 ) |
| Assistant | ( 29 ) | ( 32) |
| Instructor | ( 8 ) | ( 4 ) |
| Part-Time | 36 | 32 |
| Full-Time Employees Teaching Part-Time | 15 | 14 |
| Full-Time Equated | 154 | 152 |

*Includes all tenure-track and tenured faculty, including three individuals teaching less than full-time and eight administrators in 2008-2009 and three individuals teaching less than full-time and seven administrators in 2009-2010.
**Includes only full-time teaching faculty, both tenure- and non tenure-track positions.

## FULL-TIME TEACHING FACULTY* LENGTH OF SERVICE AT BEREA BY GENDER ACADEMIC YEAR 2009-2010

|  | Male | Female | Total |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: |
|  |  |  |  |
| 0 to 5 years | 21 | 17 | 38 |
| 6 to 10 years | 17 | 12 | 29 |
| 11 to 20 years | 16 | 15 | 31 |
| 21 to 30 years | 13 | 10 | 23 |
| Over 30 years | 7 | -2 | -9 |
| TOTAL | 74 | 56 | 130 |

*Includes only full-time faculty whose duties are primarily teaching. Does not include sabbatical replacements.

## STUDENT/FACULTY RATIO

|  | Academic Year <br> $\underline{2008-2009}$ | Academic Year <br> $\underline{2009-2010}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Student/Faculty Ratio* (FTE) | $10 / 1$ | $10 / 1$ |

*Ratio is calculated by dividing the FTE Student Enrollment by the FTE full-time Faculty.
Source: Office of the Academic Vice President and Provost, October 2009

## FULL-TIME TEACHING FACULTY* BY AGE

## ACADEMIC YEARS 2000-2001 THROUGH 2009-2010

|  | 2000-2001 |  | 2001-2002 |  | 2002-2003 |  | 2003-2004 |  | 2004-2005 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Age** | N | \% | N | \% | N | \% | N | \% | N | \% |
| Less than 25 years old | 0 | (0\%) | 0 | (0\%) | 0 | (0\%) | 0 | (0\%) | 0 | (0\%) |
| 25-29 years old | 2 | (2\%) | 1 | (2\%) | 1 | (1\%) | 3 | (2\%) | 2 | (2\%) |
| 30-39 years old | 19 | (15\%) |  | (15\%) | 23 | (17\%) | 23 | (18\%) | 22 | (17\%) |
| 40-49 years old | 43 | (34\%) | 38 | (34\%) | 40 | (30\%) | 37 | (28\%) | 38 | (29\%) |
| 50-59 years old | 38 | (30\%) |  | (30\%) | 42 | (31\%) | 43 | (33\%) | 42 | (32\%) |
| 60-69 years old | 23 | (18\%) | 26 | (18\%) | 27 | (20\%) | 23 | (18\%) | 25 | (19\%) |
| Greater than 69 years old | 0 | (0\%) | 0 | (0\%) | 1 | (1\%) | 1 | (1\%) | 2 | (2\%) |
| TOTAL | 125 | (100\%) | 131 | 100\%) | 134 | 100\%) | 130 | (100\%) | 131 | (100\%) |
| Average: | 50 |  | 51 |  | 49 |  | 50 |  | 50 |  |
|  | 2005-2006 |  | 2006-2007 |  | 2007-2008 |  | 2008-2009 |  | 2009-2010 |  |
| Age** | N | \% | N | \% | N | \% | N | \% | N | \% |
| Less than 25 years old | 0 | (0\%) | 0 | (0\%) | 0 | (0\%) | 0 | (0\%) | 0 | (0\%) |
| 25-29 years old | 0 | (0\%) | 1 | (1\%) | 1 | (1\%) | 1 | (1\%) | 4 | (3\%) |
| 30-39 years old | 25 | (19\%) | 21 | (16\%) |  | (16\%) | 23 | (18\%) | 17 | (13\%) |
| 40-49 years old | 30 | (23\%) |  | (23\%) |  | (27\%) | 33 | (25\%) | 36 | (28\%) |
| 50-59 years old | 48 | (37\%) |  | (41\%) |  | (40\%) | 49 | (37\%) | 48 | (37\%) |
| 60-69 years old | 25 | (19\%) | 22 | (17\%) |  | (14\%) | 22 | (17\%) | 22 | (17\%) |
| Greater than 69 years old | 2 | (2\%) | 2 | (2\%) | 2 | (2\%) | 3 | (2\%) | 3 | (2\%) |
| TOTAL | 130 | (100\%) | 128 | 100\%) | 128 | 100\%) | 131 | (100\%) | 130 | (100\%) |
| Average: | 50 |  | 51 |  | 50 |  | 51 |  | 51 |  |

[^1]${ }^{* *}$ Age as of September 1 of the Academic Year.

## FULL-TIME FACULTY* BASE SALARIES BY RANK AND GENDER

## ACADEMIC YEAR 2009-2010

|  | Rank | Number | Male <br> Mean | Median | Number | Female <br> Mean | Median | Number | Total <br> Mean | Median |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Professor | 23 | \$84,000 | \$82,300 | 16 | \$79,300 | \$79,100 | 39 | \$82,100 | \$81,900 |
|  | Associate Prof. | 34 | \$64,100 | \$63,300 | 21 | \$66,500 | \$65,600 | 55 | \$65,000 | \$64,200 |
|  | Assistant Prof. | 17 | \$50,800 | \$49,000 | 15 | \$52,400 | \$51,500 | 32 | \$51,500 | \$50,000 |
|  | Instructor** | 0 |  |  | 4 |  |  | 4 |  |  |
| N | ALL RANKS | 74 | \$67,200 | \$65,500 | 56 | \$64,800 | \$64,800 | 130 | \$66,200 | \$65,200 |

*Includes only full-time faculty whose duties are primarily teaching. Does not include sabbatical replacements.
**Because of the small number of "Instructors," salary figures are not provided for this rank to ensure privacy; however, they are included in the
"All Ranks" salary averages.
Source: Office of the Academic Vice President and Provost, October 2009

## CHARACTERISTICS OF FULL-TIME FACULTY* BY DEPARTMENT OR PROGRAM: GENDER, TERMINAL DEGREE, AND TENURE STATUS

Academic Year 2009-2010

| Department/Program | Gender |  |  | $\frac{\text { Terminal }}{\text { Degree }}$ |  | Tenured |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| African and |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| African American Studies | 2 | 0 | 2 | 1 | (50\%) | 0 | (0\%) |
| Agriculture and |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Natural Resources | 4 | 0 | 4 | 4 | (100\%) | 3 | (75\%) |
| Art | 2 | 4 | 6 | 6 | (100\%) | 3 | (50\%) |
| Biology | 4 | 2 | 6 | 6 | (100\%) | 5 | (83\%) |
| Chemistry | 4 | 1 | 5 | 5 | (100\%) | 3 | (60\%) |
| Child and Family Studies | 1 | 5 | 6 | 5 | (83\%) | 3 | (50\%) |
| Economics and Business | 5 | 3 | 8 | 6 | (75\%) | 7 | (88\%) |
| Education Studies | 1 | 4 | 5 | 4 | (80\%) | 1 | (20\%) |
| English, Theatre and Speech |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Foreign Languages | 3 | 4 | 7 | 7 | (100\%) | 6 | (86\%) |
| General Studies | 8 | 0 | 8 | 7 | (88\%) | 3 | (38\%) |
| History | 3 | 2 | 5 | 5 | (100\%) | 3 | (60\%) |
| Mathematics and Computer Science | 5 | 3 | 8 | 7 | (88\%) | 4 | (50\%) |
| Music | 3 | 3 | 6 | 4 | (67\%) | 5 | (83\%) |
| Nursing | 1 | 5 | 6 | 6 | (100\%) | 3 | (50\%) |
| Philosophy and Religion | 5 | 1 | 6 | 6 | (100\%) | 6 | (100\%) |
| Physical Education and Health | 3 | 6 | 9 | 7 | (78\%) | 3 | (33\%) |
| Physics | 2 | 1 | 3 | 3 | (100\%) | 1 | (33\%) |
| Political Science | 2 | 0 | 2 | 2 | (100\%) | 2 | (100\%) |
| Psychology | 4 | 1 | 5 | 5 | (100\%) | 5 | (100\%) |
| Sociology | 1 | 2 | 3 | 3 | (100\%) | 2 | (67\%) |
| Sustainability and |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Environmental Studies | 2 | 0 | 2 | 1 | (50\%) | 1 | (50\%) |
| Technology and Industrial Arts | 5 | 0 | 5 | 5 | (100\%) | 3 | (60\%) |
| Women's Studies | 0 | 2 | 2 | 2 | (100\%) | 2 | (100\%) |
| TOTAL | 74 | 56 | 130 | 118 | (91\%) | 81 | (62\%) |

*Includes only full-time faculty whose duties are primarily teaching. Does not include sabbatical replacements, but does include faculty in non-tenure track positions. Joint appointments are listed in only one department.

NOTE: Under the Gender column, the following abbreviations are used: $\mathrm{M}=\mathrm{Men}, \mathrm{W}=\mathrm{Women}$, and $\mathrm{T}=$ Total of Men and Women.

Source: Office of the Academic Vice President and Provost, October 2009

## AVERAGE DOLLARS FOR FACULTY DEVELOPMENT PER

 FULL-TIME FACULTY MEMBER|  | Fiscal Year 2004-2005 | Fiscal Year 2005-2006 | Fiscal Year 2006-2007 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Fiscal Year } \\ & 2007-2008^{*} \end{aligned}$ | Fiscal Year |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Professional Travel, Dues, Seminars and Courses |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total Dollars Spent on Faculty Development | \$223,942 | \$329,627 | \$342,139 | \$424,374 | \$247,935 |
| Number of Faculty Receiving Funds | 131 | 130 | 128 | 128 | 131 |
| Percent of Total Full-Time Faculty | 100\% | 100\% | 100\% | 100\% | 100\% |
| Average Total \$ Per Full-Time Faculty | \$1,742 | \$2,951 | \$2,759 | \$3,315 | \$2,017 |
| Sabbatical Leave (Includes Full and Two-Thirds Year Leaves) |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total Dollars Spent on Faculty Sabbaticals | \$438,130 | \$963,586 | \$932,464 | \$528,076 | \$543,730 |
| Number of Faculty on Paid Sabbatical | 9 | 15 | 16 | 9 | 9 |
| Average Total \$ Per Faculty on Sabbatical | \$48,681 | \$64,239 | \$58,279 | \$58,675 | \$60,414 |
| Percent of Total Full-Time Faculty | 6.9\% | 11.5\% | 12.5\% | 7.0\% | 6.9\% |
| Number of Total Full-Time Faculty | 131 | 130 | 128 | 128 | 131 |

[^2]Source: Office of the Academic Vice President and Provost, November 2009

## THE SEABURY AWARD FOR EXCELLENCE IN TEACHING

The Seabury Award for Excellence in Teaching has been presented annually to outstanding Berea College faculty since 1961. The Award, which was made possible through the generosity of the Charles Ward Seabury family, is a cash award presented at Commencement each year. The recipient of the award is selected each year by a committee, composed of the last six recipients of the award, the students who will receive the Wood Achievement Award at the same Commencement, and by the Dean of the Faculty. The Seabury Award carries with it great prestige as the highest honor an active faculty member may receive from the College.

The Seabury Award Committee annually invites students and faculty to nominate persons to receive this recognition. The nominations take the form of a letter addressing why the nominee would be a worthy recipient. The nominations give attention to the following considerations:

- The teacher's enthusiasm for his or her subject and the teacher's capacity to stimulate students' interest in that subject.
- The teacher's effectiveness in helping students move toward greater intellectual and personal maturity.
- The teacher's engagement in scholarly and creative activities in his or her discipline, or in crossdisciplinary study.
- The teacher's willingness to be involved, socially and intellectually, with students outside the classroom and in College activities.

In choosing a person to be honored, the Committee over the years has given relatively little weight to the number of nominations an individual receives in a given year. More important than many nominations is a thoughtful description of a person's accomplishments as a teacher and an explanation why special recognition is deserved. Petitions or letters of nomination signed by more than one person are not considered.

| Recipients of the Seabury Award for Excellence in Teaching |  |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Names of current Berea College faculty members are italicized. |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |
| Dorothy Weeden Tredennick | 1962 | Jonas Patterson Shugars | 1981 |
| Gerrit Levey | 1962 | Philip Schmidt | 1982 |
| Marian Kingman | 1963 | Larry K. Blair | 1983 |
| Robert Gordon Menefee | 1963 | Richard Barnes | 1984 |
| Charlotte P. Ludlum | 1964 | Marlene Waller | 1985 |
| William E. Newbolt | 1964 | Smith T. Powell | 1986 |
| Virginia Ruth Woods | 1965 | John Wallhausser | 1987 |
| George Gilbert Roberts | 1965 | Stephen C. Bolster | 1988 |
| Maureen Faulkner | 1966 | Robert J. Schneider | 1989 |
| Kristjan Sulev Kogerma | 1966 | Ralph Stinebrickner | 1990 |
| Herschel Lester Hull | 1967 | Jeanne M. Hoch | 1991 |
| Frank Junior Wray | 1967 | Dean Warren Lambert | 1992 |
| Jerome William Hughes | 1968 | Ralph L. Thompson | 1993 |
| Thomas Reed Beebe | 1968 | Eugene T. Chao | 1994 |
| Louise Moore Scrivner | 1969 | John E. Courter | 1995 |
| John Douglas Chrisman | 1969 | Paul David Nelson | 1996 |
| Cornelius Gregory Di Teresa | 1970 | L. Eugene Startzman | 1997 |
| Franklin Bryan Gailey | 1970 | Donald Hudson | 1998 |
| Thomas McRoberts Kreider | 1971 | Dorothy Hopkins Schnare | 1999 |
| William John Schafer | 1971 | Thomas A. Boyd | 2000 |
| Robert Jerry Lewis | Richard D. Sears | 2001 |  |
| Stephen Scott Boyce | 1972 | 1972 | Laura A. Crawford |
| Thomas David Strickler | 1973 | Walter E. Hyleck | 2002 |
| Martha Wylie Pride | 1974 | Andrew Baskin | 2003 |
| Glen H. Stassen | Amer Lahamer | 2004 |  |
| John Fletcher White | 1975 | Dawn Anderson | 2005 |
| Mary Louise Pross | Gary Mahoney | 2006 |  |
| Robert Ward Pearson | Ron Rosen | 2007 |  |
| John Seelye Bolin | 1976 | Janice Blythe | 2008 |
| Dennis Michael Rivage-Seul | 1980 |  | 2009 |
|  |  |  |  |

Source: Office of the Dean of Faculty, September 2009

## THE PAUL C. HAGER EXCELLENCE IN ADVISING AWARD

The Paul C. Hager Excellence in Advising Award is given annually at the May Commencement to a person who is an academic advisor and is also a member of the College or General Faculties. The award is named in honor of Paul C. Hager, emeritus administrator and professor (19621997), who supervised the advising process at Berea College during the last part of the twentieth century. The guidelines for the award are published annually in early spring, at which time students and faculty are asked to submit nominations for confidential consideration. The Award Selection Committee consists of the two most recent award winners, with assistance from the Associate Provost for Advising and Academic Success.

## Recipients of the Paul C. Hager Excellence in Advising Award Names of current Berea College faculty members are italicized.

| James Gage | 1993 |
| :--- | :--- |
| Oliver Keels | 1994 |
| Dorothy Schnare | 1995 |
| Carolyn Orr | 1996 |
| Paul C. Hager | 1997 |
| Martie Kazura | 1998 |
| Megan Hoffman | 1999 |
| Meighan Sharp | 2000 |
| Don Hudson | 2001 |
| Barbara Wade | 2002 |
| Dawn Anderson | 2003 |
| Janice Blythe | 2004 |
| Patricia Isaacs | 2005 |
| Michael Panciera | 2006 |
| David Porter | 2007 |
| Ralph Thompson | 2008 |
| Katrina Rivers Thompson | 2009 |
| Ed McCormack | 2009 |

## ADMISSIONS TERRITORY CATEGORIES

Berea College students are characterized by one of three "geographical" categories. They are:

- In-Territory: Students who come from much of the Appalachian region and all of Kentucky within the white area in the map below. In-Territory also includes permanent residents (a non-citizen who has formally established residency in the United States) and refugees who reside in the territory.
- Out-of-Territory: Students who come from outside the In-Territory area, including U.S. Citizens living in foreign countries. Out-of-Territory also includes permanent residents (a non-citizen who has formally established residency in the U.S.) and refugees who reside out of the territory.
- F-1 International: Students who are not U.S. Citizens, permanent residents, or refugees.


ADMISSIONS TERRITORY

| ALABAMA | KENTUCKY | KENTUCKY | KENTUCKY |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Blount | Bourbon** | Jessamine* | Scott** |
| Calhoun | Boyd | Johnson | Shelby** |
| Cherokee | Boyle* | Kenton** | Simpson** |
| Cullman | Bracken* | Knott | Spencer** |
| Dekalb | Breathitt | Knox | Taylor* |
| Etowah | Breckenridge** | Larue** | Todd** |
| Jackson | Bullitt** | Laurel | Trigg** |
| Jefferson | Butler** | Lawrence | Trimble** |
| Limestone | Caldwell** | Lee | Union** |
| Madison | Callowa** | Leslie | Warren** |
| Marshall | Campbell** | Letcher | Washington** |
| Morgan | Carlisle** | Lewis | Wayne |
| St. Clair | Carroll** | Lincoln | Webster** |
| Shelby | Carter | Livingston** | Whitley |
| Talladega | Casey | Logan** | Wolfe |
|  | Christian** | Lyon** | Woodford** |
| GEORGIA | Clark* | McCracken** |  |
| Bartow | Clay | McCreary | NORTH CAROLINA |
| Catoosa | Clinton | McLean** | Alexander |
| Chattooga | Crittenden** | Madison | Alleghany |
| Cherokee | Cumberland | Magoffin | Ashe |
| Dade | Daviess** | Marion* | Avery |
| Dawson | Edmonson** | Marshall** | Buncombe |
| Fannin | Elliott | Martin | Burke |
| Floyd | Estill | Mason* | Caldwell |
| Forsyth | Fayette** | Meade** | Cherokee |
| Gilmer | Fleming* | Menifee | Clay |
| Gordon | Floyd | Mercer* | Graham |
| Habersham | Franklin** | Metcalfe* | Haywood |
| Lumpkin | Fulton** | Monroe* | Henderson |
| Murray | Gallatin** | Montgomery* | Jackson |
| Pickens | Garrard | Morgan | McDowell |
| Rabun | Grant** | Muhlenburg** | Macon |
| Towns | Graves** | Nelson** | Madison |
| Union | Grayson** | Nicholas* | Mitchell |
| Walker | Green* | Ohio** | Polk |
| White | Greenup | Oldham** | Rutherford |
| Whitfield | Hancock** | Owen** | Stokes |
|  | Hardin** | Owsley | Surry |
| KENTUCKY | Harlan | Pendleton** | Swain |
| Adair | Harrison** | Perry | Transylvania |
| Allen** | Hart** | Pike | Wautaga |
| Anderson** | Henderson** | Powell | Wilkes |
| Ballard** | Henry** | Pulaski | Yancey |
| Barren** | Hickman** | Robertson* |  |
| Bath | Hopkins** | Rockcastle |  |
| Bell | Jackson | Rowan |  |
| Boone** | Jefferson** | Russell |  |

## Admissions Territory (continued)

| $\underline{\mathrm{OHIO}}$ | TENNESSEE | VIRGINIA | WEST VIRGINIA |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Adams** | Jackson | Lee | Monroe |
| Athens** | Jefferson | Loudon | Nicholas |
| Brown** | Johnson | Montgomery | Pendleton |
| Clermont** | Knox | Nelson | Pleasants* |
| Gallia** | Loudon | Page | Pocahontas |
| Hamilton*** | McMinn | Patrick | Preston* |
| Highland** | Macon | Pulaski | Putnam |
| Hocking** | Marion | Roanoke | Raleigh |
| Jackson** | Meigs | Rockbridge | Randolph |
| Lawrence** | Monroe | Rockingham | Ritchie* |
| Meigs** | Morgan | Russell | Roane* |
| Monroe** | Overton | Scott | Summers |
| Morgan** | Pickett | Shenandoah | Taylor* |
| Noble** | Polk | Smyth | Tucker |
| Perry** | Putnam | Tazewell | Tyler* |
| Pike** | Rhea | Warren | Upshur* |
| Ross** | Roane | Washington | Wayne |
| Scioto** | Scott | Wise | Webster |
| Vinton** | Sequatchie | Wythe | Wirt* |
| Washington** | Sevier |  | Wood** |
|  | Smith | WEST VIRGINIA | Wyoming |
| SOUTH CAROLINA | Sullivan | Barbour* |  |
| Cherokee | Unicoi | Boone** |  |
| Greenville | Union | Braxton* | TAKEN OUT |
| Oconee | VanBuren | Cabell* | OF TERRITORY |
| Pickens | Warren | Calhoun* | IN 1976 |
| Spartanburg | Washington | Clay* |  |
|  | White | Doddridge* |  |
| TENNESSEE |  | Fayette | Alabama |
| Anderson | VIRGINIA | Gilmer* | Clay |
| Bledsoe | Alleghany | Grant | Cleburne |
| Blount | Amherst | Greenbrier | Fayette |
| Bradley | Augusta | Hampshire | Franklin |
| Campbell | Bath | Hardy | Marion |
| Carter | Bedford | Harrison* | Walker |
| Claiborne | Bland | Jackson* | Winston |
| Clay | Botetourt | Jefferson |  |
| Cocke | Buchanan | Kanawha* |  |
| Cumberland | Carroll | Lewis* | Virginia |
| DeKalb | Clarke | Lincoln | Greene |
| Fentress | Craig | Logan | Madison |
| Grainger | Dickenson | McDowell | Rappahannock |
| Greene | Floyd | Marion* |  |
| Grundy | Franklin | Mason* |  |
| Hamblen | Frederick | Mercer |  |
| Hamilton | Giles | Mineral |  |
| Hancock | Grayson | Mingo |  |
| Hawkins | Highland | Monongalia* |  |
| *Counties added in 1976 |  |  |  |
| **Counties added in 1978 |  |  |  |
| ***County added in 1996 (Hamilton County, Ohio) |  |  |  |
| Source: Admissions Offic |  |  |  |

FIRST-YEAR STUDENTS:
INQUIRIES, APPLIED, ACCEPTED AND ENROLLED

| FALL TERM | INQUIRIES* | APPLIED |  | ACCEPTED |  | ENROLLED |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | \% of |  | \% of |  | \% of |
|  | N | N | Inquiries | N | Applications | N | Accepted |
| 2000 | 14,054 | 1,807 | 13\% | 607 | 34\% | 421 | 69\% |
| 2001 | 15,402 | 1,871 | 12 | 603 | 32 | 424 | 70 |
| 2002 | 15,079 | 1,974 | 13 | 480 | 24 | 356 | 74 |
| 2003 | 15,340 | 2,119 | 14 | 530 | 25 | 396 | 75 |
| 2004 | 15,038 | 2,107 | 14 | 561 | 27 | 400 | 71 |
| 2005 | 13,898 | 1,908 | 14 | 511 | 27 | 378 | 74 |
| 2006 | not available | 1,818 | not available | 532 | 29 | 388 | 73 |
| 2007 | not available | 2,083 | not available | 597 | 29 | 421 | 71 |
| 2008 | not available | 2,468 | not available | 531 | 22 | 413 | 78 |
| 2009 | not available | 2,745 | not available | 516 | 19 | 392 | 76 |

## NUMBER OF FIRST-YEAR STUDENTS


*It is becoming more difficult to maintain an accurate count of "inquiries" as many students gather information about Berea College via the web.

Source: Admissions Office, annual editions of the First-Year Student's Application Report.

## FIRST-YEAR STUDENTS: APPLIED, ACCEPTED AND ENROLLED BY GENDER

|  |  | Males |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | APPLIED |  | PTED |  | LED |
| FALL |  |  | \% of |  | \% of |
| TERM | N | N | Applications | N | Accepted |
| 2000 | 816 | 246 | 30\% | 176 | 72\% |
| 2001 | 843 | 257 | 31 | 183 | 71 |
| 2002 | 879 | 189 | 22 | 150 | 79 |
| 2003 | 897 | 217 | 24 | 156 | 72 |
| 2004 | 868 | 254 | 29 | 191 | 75 |
| 2005 | 861 | 218 | 25 | 159 | 73 |
| 2006 | 817 | 222 | 27 | 168 | 76 |
| 2007 | 892 | 236 | 27 | 169 | 72 |
| 2008 | 1,015 | 220 | 22 | 172 | 78 |
| 2009 | 1,107 | 216 | 20 | 171 | 79 |

## Females

| FALL | APPLIED |
| :---: | :---: |
|  |  |
| TERM | N |
| 2000 | 991 |
| 2001 | 1,028 |
| 2002 | 1,095 |
| 2003 | 1,222 |
| 2004 | 1,242 |
| 2005 | 1,047 |
| 2006 | 1,001 |
| 2007 | 1,191 |
| 2008 | 1,453 |
| 2009 | 1,638 |


| ACCEPTED |  | ENROLLED |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | \% of |  | \% of |
| N | Applications | N | Accepted |
| 361 | 36\% | 245 | 68\% |
| 346 | 34 | 241 | 70 |
| 291 | 27 | 206 | 71 |
| 313 | 26 | 240 | 77 |
| 310 | 25 | 209 | 67 |
| 293 | 28 | 219 | 75 |
| 310 | 31 | 220 | 71 |
| 361 | 30 | 252 | 70 |
| 311 | 21 | 241 | 78 |
| 300 | 18 | 221 | 74 |

NOTE: Inquiries cannot be accurately counted by gender since there is no way to determine gender through many types of inquiries.

Source: Admissions Office, annual editions of the First-Year Student's Application Report

FIRST-YEAR STUDENTS: INQUIRIES, APPLIED, ACCEPTED AND ENROLLED BY TERRITORY


## INQUIRIES*

FALL
TERM

| TERM | N |
| :--- | :---: |
|  |  |
| 2000 | 2716 |
| 2001 | 3635 |
| 2002 | 3266 |
| 2003 | 3996 |
| 2004 | 3382 |
| 2005 | 2523 |
| 2006 | not available |
| 2007 | not available |
| 2008 | not available |
| 2009 | not available |


| APPLIED |  |
| :---: | :---: |
| \% of |  |
| N | Inquiries |
| 227 | $8 \%$ |
| 250 | 7 |
| 271 | 8 |
| 357 | 9 |
| 425 | 13 |
| 295 | 12 |
| 282 | not available |
| 344 | not available |
| 490 | not available |
| 627 | not available |


| ACCEPTED |  |
| ---: | :---: |
| $\%$ <br> N | Applications |
| 97 | $43 \%$ |
| 103 | 41 |
| 86 | 32 |
| 106 | 30 |
| 110 | 26 |
| 89 | 30 |
| 87 | 31 |
| 97 | 28 |
| 110 | 22 |
| 112 | 18 |


| ENROLLED |  |
| :---: | :---: |
| N | \% of <br> Accepted |
|  |  |
| 62 | $64 \%$ |
| 70 | 68 |
| 58 | 67 |
| 80 | 75 |
| 75 | 68 |
| 63 | 71 |
| 63 | 72 |
| 66 | 68 |
| 84 | 76 |
| 86 | 77 |

## F-1 INTERNATIONAL**

INQUIRIES*

| FALL |  |
| :---: | :---: |
| TERM | N |
| 2000 | 3314 |
| 2001 | 2671 |
| 2002 | 2830 |
| 2003 | 2877 |
| 2004 | 3448 |
| 2005 | 3438 |
| 2006 | not available |
| 2007 | not available |
| 2008 | not available |
| 2009 | not available |


| APPLIED |  |
| :---: | :---: |
| N | \% of <br> Inquiries |
| 644 | $19 \%$ |
| 691 | 26 |
| 681 | 24 |
| 716 | 25 |
| 625 | 18 |
| 685 | 20 |
| 542 | not available |
| 567 | not available |
| 639 | not available |
| 650 | not available |


| ACCEPTED |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| N | \% of <br> Applications |  |
| 32 |  | $5 \%$ |
| 34 | 5 |  |
| 32 | 5 |  |
| 36 | 5 |  |
| 32 | 5 |  |
| 32 | 5 |  |
| 35 | 6 |  |
| 30 | 5 |  |
| 39 | 6 |  |
| 37 | 6 |  |


| ENROLLED |  |
| :---: | :---: |
|  | \% of |
| N | Accepted |
| 23 | 72\% |
| 22 | 65 |
| 24 | 75 |
| 29 | 81 |
| 27 | 84 |
| 20 | 63 |
| 31 | 89 |
| 22 | 73 |
| 26 | 68 |
| 24 | 65 |

*It is becoming more difficult to maintain an accurate count of "inquiries" as many students gather information about Berea College via the web.
**The category "F-1 International" does not include all students who come to the College from other countries or with substantial international experience. For example, "permanent residents" who may be asylees or refugees are counted as "In-Territory" or "Out-of-Territory" rather than "F-1 International" depending on residence at the time of application. These students are eligible for federal financial aid that F-1 International students cannot legally receive. In Fall 2009, two (2) first-year students were designated as a "permanent resident."

[^3]
# FIRST-YEAR STUDENTS FROM KENTUCKY <br> FALL TERMS 2000-2009 

Year
2000
2001
2002
2003
2004
2005 2006 2007 2008 2009 00

Year
2000 2001 2002
2003
2004 2005 2006 2007 2008
2009

| Total First-Year <br> Students | Kentucky First-Year <br> Students | Percent Kentucky <br> First-Year Students of Total |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 421 | 166 |  |
| 424 | 144 | $39.4 \%$ |
| 356 | 124 | 34.0 |
| 396 | 130 | 34.8 |
| 400 | 159 | 32.8 |
| 378 | 146 | 39.8 |
| 388 | 163 | 38.6 |
| 421 | 196 | 42.0 |
| 413 | 169 | 46.6 |
| 392 | 169 | 40.9 |
|  |  | 43.1 |

AFRICAN-AMERICAN FIRST-YEAR STUDENTS FALL TERMS 2000-2009

| Year | Total First-Year <br> Students | African-American <br> First-Year Students | Percent <br> African-American of Total |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 2000 | 421 |  | First-Year Students |
| 2001 | 424 | 60 | $14.3 \%$ |
| 2002 | 356 | 68 | 16.0 |
| 2003 | 396 | 81 | 22.8 |
| 2004 | 400 | 67 | 16.9 |
| 2005 | 378 | 85 | 21.3 |
| 2006 | 388 | 75 | 19.8 |
| 2007 | 421 | 74 | 19.1 |
| 2008 | 413 | 75 | 17.8 |
| 2009 | 392 | 63 | 15.0 |
|  |  | 81 | 20.7 |

NON-TRADITIONAL* FIRST-YEAR STUDENTS
FALL TERMS 2000-2009

| Year | Total First-Year <br> Students | Non-traditional |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Nirst-Year Students | Percent Non-traditional <br> First-Year Students of Total |
| 2000 | 421 |  |  |
| 2001 | 424 | 14 |  |
| 2002 | 356 | 18 | $3.3 \%$ |
| 2003 | 396 | 29 | 4.2 |
| 2004 | 400 | 26 | 8.1 |
| 2005 | 378 | 16 | 6.6 |
| 2006 | 388 | 15 | 4.0 |
| 2007 | 421 | 12 | 4.0 |
| 2008 | 413 | 19 | 3.1 |
| 2009 | 392 | 18 | 4.5 |
|  |  | 18 | 4.4 |
|  |  |  | 4.6 |

*Students who are 23 or older, married or have a child.
Source: Admissions Office, annual editions of the First-Year Student's Class Profile Student Life Collegium

## MEAN ACT COMPOSITE SCORES <br> 2000-2009

| Year | Berea's First-Year <br> Students* | Berea <br> Men | Wational <br> Weanen | Kentucky <br> Mean |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 2000 | 23.5 | 23.0 | 23.8 | $\underline{2}$ | 20.0 |
| 2001 | 23.3 | 22.7 | 23.8 | 21.0 | 20.0 |
| 2002 | 23.2 | 22.7 | 23.5 | 20.8 | 20.1 |
| 2003 | 23.0 | 22.8 | 23.1 | 20.8 | 20.2 |
| 2004 | 23.6 | 23.4 | 23.8 | 20.9 | 20.3 |
| 2005 | 23.0 | 22.6 | 23.3 | 20.9 | 20.4 |
| 2006 | 23.1 | 22.7 | 23.4 | 21.1 | 20.6 |
| 2007 | 23.1 | 22.7 | 23.3 | 21.2 | 20.7 |
| 2008 | 23.2 | 22.6 | 23.6 | 21.1 | 20.9 |
| 2009 | 23.5 | 23.0 | 23.9 | 21.1 | 19.4 |

*Approximately $75-85 \%$ of Berea College first-year students submit ACT scores.

Mean ACT Composite Scores



Source: Admissions Office, annual editions of the First-Year Student's Class Profile

## ACT COMPOSITE SCORES OF ACCEPTED AND ENROLLED FIRST-YEAR STUDENTS <br> FALL 2009

| ACT Interval | Number Accepted* | Percent of Total Accepted | Number <br> Enrolled* | Percent of Total Enrolled | Number Enrolled/ Number Accepted |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Less than 19 | 28 | 7.0\% | 23 | 7.5\% | 82.1\% |
| 19-21 | 91 | 22.8\% | 67 | 22.0\% | 73.6\% |
| 22-24 | 115 | 28.8\% | 87 | 28.5\% | 75.7\% |
| 25-26 | 83 | 20.8\% | 71 | 23.3\% | 85.5\% |
| 27-28 | 44 | 11.0\% | 31 | 10.2\% | 70.5\% |
| 29 and above | 38 | 9.5\% | 26 | 8.5\% | 68.4\% |
| TOTAL | 399 | 100.0\% | 305 | 100.0\% | 76.4\% |

ACT COMPOSITE SCORES
ACCEPTED AND ENROLLED FIRST-YEAR STUDENTS
FALL 2009

*Total does not equal the number of first-year students because not all students submitted ACT scores. The total number accepted is 516 and the total number enrolled is 392 .

## SAT VERBAL SCORES OF ACCEPTED AND ENROLLED FIRST-YEAR STUDENTS

FALL 2009

| SAT Verbal Interval | Number Accepted* | Percent of Total Accepted | Number <br> Enrolled* | Percent of Total Enrolled | Number Enrolled/ Number Accepted |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Less than 480 | 17 | 13.8\% | 10 | 15.9\% | 58.8\% |
| 480-530 | 32 | 26.0\% | 18 | 28.6\% | 56.3\% |
| 540-590 | 25 | 20.3\% | 13 | 20.6\% | 52.0\% |
| 600-650 | 30 | 24.4\% | 13 | 20.6\% | 43.3\% |
| 660-710 | 12 | 9.8\% | 7 | 11.1\% | 58.3\% |
| 720 and above | 7 | 5.7\% | 2 | 3.2\% | 28.6\% |
| TOTAL | 123 | 100.0\% | 63 | 100.0\% | 51.2\% |

## SAT VERBAL SCORES <br> ACCEPTED AND ENROLLED FIRST-YEAR STUDENTS

FALL 2009

*Total does not equal the number of first-year students because not all students submitted SAT scores. The total number accepted is 516 and the total number enrolled is 392 .

## SAT MATHEMATICS SCORES OF <br> ACCEPTED AND ENROLLED FIRST-YEAR STUDENTS

FALL 2009

| SAT Mathematics Interval | Number Accepted* | Percent of Total Accepted | Number Enrolled* | Percent of Total Enrolled | Number Enrolled/ Number Accepted |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Less than 480 | 29 | 23.6\% | 17 | 27.0\% | 58.6\% |
| 480-530 | 27 | 22.0\% | 14 | 22.2\% | 51.9\% |
| 540-590 | 35 | 28.5\% | 19 | 30.2\% | 54.3\% |
| 600-650 | 22 | 17.9\% | 8 | 12.7\% | 36.4\% |
| 660-710 | 9 | 7.3\% | 5 | 7.9\% | 55.6\% |
| 720 and above | 1 | 0.8\% | 0 | 0.0\% | 0.0\% |
| TOTAL | 123 | 100.0\% | 63 | 100.0\% | 51.2\% |

SAT MATHEMATICS SCORES
ACCEPTED AND ENROLLED FIRST-YEAR STUDENTS
FALL 2009

*Total does not equal the number of first-year students because not all students submitted SAT scores. The total number accepted is 516 and the total number enrolled is 392 .

Source: Office of Admissions, October 2009

## SAT WRITING SCORES OF <br> ACCEPTED AND ENROLLED FIRST-YEAR STUDENTS

FALL 2009

| SAT Writing Interval | Number Accepted* | Percent of Total Accepted | Number <br> Enrolled* | Percent of Total Enrolled | Number <br> Enrolled/ Number Accepted |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Less than 480 | 21 | 17.1\% | 8 | 12.7\% | 38.1\% |
| 480-530 | 32 | 26.0\% | 20 | 31.7\% | 62.5\% |
| 540-590 | 41 | 33.3\% | 22 | 34.9\% | 53.7\% |
| 600-650 | 13 | 10.6\% | 5 | 7.9\% | 38.5\% |
| 660-710 | 12 | 9.8\% | 6 | 9.5\% | 50.0\% |
| 720 and above | 4 | 3.3\% | 2 | 3.2\% | 50.0\% |
| TOTAL | 123 | 100.0\% | 63 | 100.0\% | 51.2\% |

SAT WRITING SCORES
ACCEPTED AND ENROLLED FIRST-YEAR STUDENTS
FALL 2009

*Total does not equal the number of first-year students because not all students submitted SAT
scores. The total number accepted is 516 and the total number enrolled is 392 .

FIRST-YEAR STUDENTS RANKED IN THE TOP ONE-FIFTH OF THEIR HIGH SCHOOL CLASS BY GENDER AND COHORT TYPE

2005-2009


NOTE: Approximately $80-85 \%$ of first-year students come from high schools where rank in class is reported. International students are not included in the graphs above.

Source: Admissions Office, annual editions of First-Year Student's Class Profile

FIRST-YEAR STUDENTS ASSIGNED TO DEVELOPMENTAL MATHEMATICS COURSES FALL TERMS 2000-2009


NOTE: The number on the top of the bar indicates the percentage of first-year students needing any developmental mathematics.
Source: Academic Services, October 2009

FINANCIAL NEED OF ENTERING FIRST-YEAR STUDENTS:
Federal Pell Grant Recipients


First-Year Enrollment by Gender


First-Year Student Enrollment by Cohort Type

*Includes Permanent Residents (non-citizens, including refugees and asylees who have formally established residency in the U.S.) and U.S. citizens living in foreign countries

Source: Office of Institutional Research and Assessment, October 2009

## First-Year Student Enrollment Trends, continued



Source: Office of Institutional Research and Assessment, October 2009.

## ENROLLMENT CATEGORY HIGHLIGHTS

Fall 2009
All Degree-Seeking Students
$N=1,496$
Fall 2009
First-Year Students
$\mathrm{N}=392$

| Gender |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Male | 613 | $41 \%$ | 171 | $44 \%$ |
| Female | 883 | $59 \%$ | 221 | $56 \%$ |


| Territory |  |  |  |  |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| In-Territory | 1,067 | $71 \%$ | 282 | $72 \%$ |
| Out-of-Territory | 317 | $21 \%$ | 86 | $22 \%$ |
| F-1 International | 112 | $7 \%$ | 24 | $6 \%$ |
|  |  |  |  |  |
| Students With International Experience | 141 | $9 \%$ | 26 | $7 \%$ |


| Ethnicity |  |  |  | 81 |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| African-American | 273 | $18 \%$ | $21 \%$ |  |
| Other minorities | 71 | $5 \%$ | 18 | $5 \%$ |
| White | 1,010 | $68 \%$ | 263 | $67 \%$ |
| Unknown (includes F-1 International) | 142 | $9 \%$ | 30 | $8 \%$ |


| Non-Traditional Students | 198 | $13 \%$ | 18 | $5 \%$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |

## Definitions:

In-Territory: Students who come from much of the Appalachian region and all of Kentucky.
In-Territory also includes permanent residents (a non-citizen who has formally established residency in the United States) and refugees who reside in the territory.

Out-of-Territory: Students who come from outside the In-Territory area, including U.S. Citizens living in foreign countries. Out-of-Territory also includes permanent residents (a non-citizen who has formally established residency in the U.S.) and refugees who reside out of the territory.

F-1 International: Students who are not U.S. Citizens, permanent residents, or refugees.
Students With International Experience: All students who are classified as "F-1 International" and other students who are classified as "permanent residents" (students who may be asylees or refugees).

African-American: Students (not F-1 International students) who indicated "African-American, nonhispanic" on their admissions application.

Other Minorities: Students (not F-1 International students) who indicated "American Indian or Alaskan Native," "Asian or Pacific Islander," or "Hispanic" on their admissions application.

Unknown: Students who indicated "Prefer not to respond" on their admissions application and all F-1 International students because they are not coded on the basis of ethnicity.

Non-Traditional Students: Students who are 23 or older, married, or have a child.

## FIRST-GENERATION COLLEGE STUDENTS

Entering Student Data


Graduating Student Data


Source: Office of Institutional Research and Assessment, annually
Entering Student Surveys (Response rates range from 85\% to 97\%)
Graduating Senior Exit Surveys (Response rates range from 68\% to 86\%).

FALL HEADCOUNT ENROLLMENT


FALL ENROLLMENTS BY CLASSIFICATION 2005-2009

|  | $\underline{2005}$ | $\underline{2006}$ | $\underline{2007}$ | $\underline{2008}$ | $\underline{2009}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Total (Full-Time and Part-Time)* |  |  |  |  |  |
| Freshman | 470 | 472 | 498 | 491 | 458 |
| First-Year Students | (378) | (388) | (421) | (413) | (392) |
| Other** Freshmen | (92) | (84) | (77) | (78) | (66) |
| Sophomore | 366 | 334 | 354 | 336 | 356 |
| Junior | 344 | 338 | 313 | 339 | 320 |
| Senior | 343 | 376 | 363 | 325 | 362 |
| TOTAL DEGREE-SEEKING STUDENTS | 1,523 | 1,520 | 1,528 | 1,491 | 1,496 |
| Berea Community School | 26 | 23 | 25 | 27 | 20 |
| Madison Southern High School | 8 | 7 | 8 | 4 | 11 |
| College Employee | 8 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 3 |
| Community (Special) | 21 | 14 | 13 | 12 | 8 |
| Post Graduate | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Transient/Exchange | 8 | 10 | 5 | 11 | 10 |
| TOTAL NON-DEGREE-SEEKING STUDENTS | 72 | 56 | 54 | 58 | 52 |
| TOTAL HEADCOUNT | 1,595 | 1,576 | 1,582 | 1,549 | 1,548 |

*For a breakdown of full and part-time students, please see the next page.
NOTE: For Fall 2009, there were four first-year students "officially" classified as sophomores. For Fall 2008, there were two first-year students "officially" classified as sophomores. For Fall 2007, there were six first-year students "officially" classified as sophomores and one as a junior. For Fall 2006, there were four first-year students "officially" classified as sophomores and one as a junior. For Fall 2005, there was one first-year student "officially" classified as a junior.

## Definitions:

Full-time Student - A student who has a 3 to 4 1/2 credits course load.
Part-time Student - A student who is registered for less than 3 credits course load.
First-Year Students - Students who have enrolled at Berea College for the first time and did not transfer from another institution.
**Other Freshmen - Includes continuing (students who were enrolled at Berea during the previous term), returning (students previously enrolled, withdrew, and subsequently accepted for readmission), and transfer students (students who have been enrolled at another post secondary institution) who are classified as freshman.

Non-Degree-Seeking Classifications:
Berea Community School or Madison Southern High School- Junior and senior high school students who take no more than two courses per term at Berea College upon the recommendation of their Guidance Counselor and concurrence of the Associate Provost.

Community (Special) - Non-degree-seeking students who wish to take courses for personal enrichment or for limited educational gain.

Transient/Exchange - Transient students are students who take courses at Berea College to transfer back to their home institution. Exchange students are enrolled at Berea full-time under an exchange agreement with another institution.

Post Graduate - A student attending Berea College full-time after earning a baccalaureate degree who is not seeking an additional degree.

## FALL ENROLLMENTS BY CLASSIFICATION (Continued)

|  | $\underline{2005}$ | $\underline{2006}$ | $\underline{2007}$ | $\underline{2008}$ | $\underline{2009}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Full-Time Students |  |  |  |  |  |
| Freshman | 470 | 472 | 498 | 491 | 458 |
| First-Year Students | (378) | (388) | (421) | (413) | (392) |
| Other** Freshmen | (92) | (84) | (77) | (78) | (66) |
| Sophomore | 366 | 334 | 354 | 336 | 355 |
| Junior*** | 344 | 338 | 313 | 338 | 320 |
| Senior | 340 | 372 | 362 | 323 | 362 |
| TOTAL DEGREE-SEEKING |  |  |  |  |  |
| FULL-TIME STUDENTS | 1,520 | 1,516 | 1,527 | 1,488 | 1,495 |
| Berea Community School | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 |
| Madison Southern High School | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| College Employee | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Community (Special) | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 |
| Post Graduate | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Transient/Exchange | 8 | 9 | 4 | 7 | 6 |
| TOTAL NON-DEGREE-SEEKING FULL-TIME STUDENTS | 9 | 11 | 5 | 8 | 6 |
| TOTAL FULL-TIME STUDENTS | 1,529 | 1,527 | 1,532 | 1,496 | 1,501 |
| Part-Time Students |  |  |  |  |  |
| Freshman | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| First-Year Students | (0) | (0) | (0) | (0) | (0) |
| Other** Freshmen | (0) | (0) | (0) | (0) | (0) |
| Sophomore | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 |
| Junior*** | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 |
| Senior | 3 | 4 | 1 | 2 | 0 |
| TOTAL DEGREE-SEEKING |  |  |  |  |  |
| PART-TIME STUDENTS | 3 | 4 | 1 | 3 | 1 |
| Berea Community School | 26 | 23 | 25 | 26 | 20 |
| Madison Southern High School | 8 | 6 | 8 | 4 | 11 |
| College Employee | 8 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 3 |
| Community (Special) | 21 | 13 | 12 | 12 | 8 |
| Post Graduate | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Transient/Exchange | 0 | 1 | 1 | 4 | 4 |
| TOTAL NON-DEGREE-SEEKING PART-TIME STUDENTS | 63 | 45 | 49 | 50 | 46 |
| TOTAL PART-TIME STUDENTS | 66 | 49 | 50 | 53 | 47 |
| FTE ENROLLMENT | 1,555 | 1,546 | 1,553 | 1,518 | 1,517 |

**Other freshmen includes continuing (students who were enrolled at Berea during the previous term), returning (students previously enrolled, withdrew, and subsequently accepted for readmission), and transfer students (students who have been enrolled at another post secondary institution) who are classified as freshman.

NOTE: FTE (Full-Time Equivalent) Enrollment is calculated by equating part-time students to full-time status (enrolled in at least a 3 credit course load). FTE for each part-time student is determined by dividing the total number of courses taken by 3. Our current part-time enrollment of 47 students has a FTE of 16.01.

DEGREE-SEEKING STUDENTS WITH INTERNATIONAL EXPERIENCE* FALL TERMS 2000-2009

| Year | Total <br> Degree-Seeking <br> Students | International <br> Experience* <br> Students | Percent International <br> Experience* |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Students of Total |  |  |  |

*Students who are classified as "F-1 international" and other students who are classified as "permanent residents" (students who may be asylees or refugees).

# AFRICAN-AMERICAN DEGREE-SEEKING STUDENTS FALL TERMS 2000-2009 

| Year | Total Degree-Seeking <br> Students | Sfrican-American <br> Students | Percent <br> African-American |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 2000 | 1,496 | 178 | $\underline{\text { Students of Total }}$ |

NON-TRADITIONAL** DEGREE-SEEKING STUDENTS FALL TERMS 2000-2009

| Year | TotalDegree-Seeking <br> Students | Non-traditional** <br> Students | Percent Non-traditional <br> Stu <br> Students of Total |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 2000 | 1,496 |  |  |
| 2001 | 1,619 | 259 | $10.0 \%$ |
| 2002 | 1,524 | 367 | 23.0 |
| 2003 | 1,511 | 378 | 25.0 |
| 2004 | 1,514 | 362 | 24.0 |
| 2005 | 1,523 | 304 | 20.0 |
| 2006 | 1,520 | 274 | 18.0 |
| 2007 | 1,528 | 284 | 19.0 |
| 2008 | 1,491 | 240 | 15.7 |
| 2009 | 1,496 | 253 | 17.0 |
|  |  | 198 | 13.2 |

**Students who are 23 or older, married or have a child.
Source: Office of Institutional Research and Assessment, October 2009

## FALL 2009 ENROLLMENT BY STATE AND

## U.S. TERRITORIES

Degree-Seeking Students:

| Alabama | 89 | (6\%) | Nebraska | 1 | (*) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Alaska | 5 | (*) | Nevada | 3 | (*) |
| Arkansas | 6 | (*) | New Hampshire | 1 | (*) |
| California | 2 | (*) | New Jersey | 4 | (*) |
| Colorado | 3 | (*) | New Mexico | 2 | (*) |
| Delaware | 2 | (*) | New York | 10 | (1\%) |
| Florida | 8 | (1\%) | North Carolina | 67 | (4\%) |
| Georgia | 47 | (3\%) | North Dakota | 1 | (*) |
| Hawaii | 1 | (*) | Ohio | 158 | (10\%) |
| Idaho | 2 | (*) | Oregon | 5 | (*) |
| Illinois | 11 | (1\%) | Pennsylvania | 13 | (1\%) |
| Indiana | 17 | (1\%) | Rhode Island | 1 | (*) |
| lowa | 1 | (*) | South Carolina | 20 | (1\%) |
| Kentucky | 601 | (39\%) | Tennessee | 138 | (9\%) |
| Louisiana | 2 | (*) | Texas | 8 | (1\%) |
| Maine | 2 | (*) | Utah | 1 | (*) |
| Maryland | 7 | (*) | Vermont | 4 | (*) |
| Massachusetts | 4 | (*) | Virgin Islands | 1 | (*) |
| Michigan | 15 | (1\%) | Virginia | 46 | (3\%) |
| Mississippi | 4 | (*) | Washington | 1 | (*) |
| Missouri | 8 | (1\%) | West Virginia | 48 | (3\%) |
| Montana | 3 | (*) | Wisconsin | 2 | (*) |

$\left.\begin{array}{rrrr}\text { Sub-Total } & 1,375 & \text { (89\%) } \\ \text { Students Enrolled from Outside the U.S. and/or Its Territories } \\ \text { (For more detail, see the following page.) }\end{array}\right)$

Non-Degree-Seeking Students:

| Berea Community School | 20 |
| :--- | ---: |
| Madison Southern High School | 3 |
| College Employee | 11 |
| Community (Special) | 8 |
| Post Graduate | 0 |
| Transient/Exchange | 10 |
| $\quad$ Sub-Total | 52 |

Total Non-Degree-Seeking Students
TOTAL HEADCOUNT ENROLLMENT
$52(3 \%)$
$1,548 \quad(100 \%)$
*Denotes percentages less than 1.
NOTE: For the degree-seeking students above, the states and U.S. territories are determined by the address given at the time of acceptance to the College. "Students enrolled from outside the U.S. and/or Its Territories," therefore include more students than those classified as "F-1 International."

## FALL 2009 ENROLLMENT BY COUNTRY ORGANIZED BY CONTINENT

Degree-Seeking Students:

| Africa |  |  |
| :--- | ---: | ---: |
| Botswana |  |  |
| Burkina Faso | 3 | $(2 \%)$ |
| Cameroon | 1 | $(1 \%)$ |
| Eritrea | 3 | $(2 \%)$ |
| Ethiopia | 1 | $(1 \%)$ |
| Gambia | 2 | $(2 \%)$ |
| Ghana | 1 | $(1 \%)$ |
| Kenya | 3 | $(2 \%)$ |
| Liberia | 5 | $(4 \%)$ |
| Malawi | 2 | $(2 \%)$ |
| Nigeria | 2 | $(2 \%)$ |
| Rwanda | 5 | $(4 \%)$ |
| Tanzania |  | $(1 \%)$ |
| Zimbabwe |  | 1 |
|  |  | $(1 \%)$ |
|  | Africa Total | 37 |
|  |  | $(6 \%)$ |
|  |  |  |

## Asia

| Afghanistan | 3 | $(2 \%)$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Bangladesh | 3 | $(2 \%)$ |
| Burma (Myanmar) | 6 | $(5 \%)$ |
| China | 4 | $(3 \%)$ |
| India | 2 | $(2 \%)$ |
| Indonesia | 1 | $(1 \%)$ |
| Iraq | 1 | $(1 \%)$ |
| Japan | 1 | $(1 \%)$ |
| Kyrgyzstan | 1 | $(1 \%)$ |
| Lebanon | 3 | $(2 \%)$ |
| Malaysia | 1 | $(1 \%)$ |
| Mongolia | 1 | $(1 \%)$ |
| Nepal | 3 | $(2 \%)$ |
| Pakistan | 2 | $(2 \%)$ |
| Russia | 1 | $(1 \%)$ |
| Sri Lanka | 3 | $(2 \%)$ |
| Taiwan | 1 | $(1 \%)$ |
| Tibet, The Former | 5 | $(4 \%)$ |
| Turkmenistan | 4 | $(3 \%)$ |
| Uzbekistan | 3 | $(2 \%)$ |
|  |  |  |

## Asia, continued

| Vietnam |  | 4 | $(3 \%)$ |
| :--- | :--- | ---: | ---: |
| West Bank |  | 1 | $(1 \%)$ |
| Yemen |  | 1 | $(1 \%)$ |
|  |  | Asia Total | 56 |
|  |  | $(46 \%)$ |  |


| Europe |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Azerbaijan | 1 | (1\%) |
| Bulgaria | 1 | (1\%) |
| Georgia | 1 | (1\%) |
| Germany | 1 | (1\%) |
| Kosovo | 1 | (1\%) |
| Montenegro | 1 | (1\%) |
| Romania | 2 | (2\%) |
| Ukraine | 1 | (1\%) |
| United Kingdom | 2 | (2\%) |
| Europe Total | 11 | (9\%) |

## North America

| Dominica | 1 | $(1 \%)$ |
| :--- | ---: | ---: |
| Guatemala | 2 | $(2 \%)$ |
| Haiti | 3 | $(2 \%)$ |
| Honduras | 1 | $(1 \%)$ |
| Jamaica | 1 | $(1 \%)$ |
| Mexico | 2 | $(2 \%)$ |
| Trinidad and Tobago | 1 | $(1 \%)$ |
| $\quad$ North America Total | 11 | $(9 \%)$ |

## South America

| Argentina | 1 | $(1 \%)$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Bolivia | 1 | $(1 \%)$ |
| Brazil | 2 | $(2 \%)$ |
| Columbia | 1 | $(1 \%)$ |
| Ecuador | 1 | $(1 \%)$ |
| $\quad$ South America Total | 6 | $(5 \%)$ |

TOTAL OF ALL COUNTRIES 121 (100\%)

NOTE: For the degree-seeking students above, the countries are determined by the address given at the time of acceptance to the College. The one-hundred-twenty-one (121) students above include more students than those classified as "F-1 International" and represent approximately $8 \%$ of the total degree-seeking enrollment.

Source: Office of Institutional Research and Assessment, Geographical Report, October 2009.
For more details visit < http://www.berea.edu/ira/georeports.asp> and [http://www.worldatlas.com/cntycont.htm](http://www.worldatlas.com/cntycont.htm).

# FALL ENROLLMENTS OF DEGREE-SEEKING STUDENTS BY TERRITORY <br> 2005-2009 

|  | $\underline{2005}$ | $\underline{2006}$ |  | $\underline{2007}$ |  | $\underline{2008}$ |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |

*For a complete description of Berea's Territory and its changes, please see pages 30-32. Berea's Territory also includes permanent residents (a non-citizen who has formally established residency in the United States) and refugees who reside in the territory.
**The "Out-of-Territory" classification includes students who come from outside Berea's Territory, including U.S. citizens living in foreign countries. "Out-of-Territory" also includes permanent residents (a non-citizen who has formally established residency in the United States) and refugees who reside out of the territory.
***The category "F-1 International" does not include all students who come to the College from other countries or with substantial international experience. For example, "permanent residents" who may be asylees or refugees are counted as "In-Territory" or "Out-of-Territory" rather than "F-1 International" depending on residence at the time of application. These students are eligible for federal financial aid that F-1 International students cannot legally receive. In Fall 2009, twenty-nine (29) Berea College students were designated as "permanent residents."

NOTE: This table does not include non-degree-seeking students: community (special) students, employees, transient/exchange, post-graduates, Berea Community School students, or Madison Southern High School students.


Source: Office of Institutional Research and Assessment, annual editions of The Geographical Report, [http://www.berea.edu/ira/georeports.asp](http://www.berea.edu/ira/georeports.asp)

FALL ENROLLMENTS OF DEGREE-SEEKING STUDENTS BY ETHNICITY 2005-2009

|  | 2005 |  | 2006 |  | 2007 |  | 2008 |  | 2009 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | N | (\%) |  | (\%) | N | (\%) | N | (\%) | N | (\%) |
| African-American (Non-Hispanic) | 283 | (19\%) | 278 | (18\%) | 273 | (18\%) | 253 | (17\%) | 273 | (18\%) |
| American Indian or Alaskan Native | 14 | (1\%) | 11 | (1\%) | 12 | (1\%) | 18 | (1\%) | 11 | (1\%) |
| Asian or Pacific Islander | 20 | (1\%) | 21 | (1\%) | 24 | (2\%) | 22 | (1\%) | 21 | (1\%) |
| Hispanic | 25 | (2\%) | 24 | (2\%) | 29 | (2\%) | 33 | (2\%) | 39 | (3\%) |
| White (Non-Hispanic) | 1,044 | (69\%) | 1,037 | (68\%) | 1,051 | (69\%) | 1,016 | (68\%) | 1,010 | (68\%) |
| Students who chose not to respond | 28 | (2\%) | 28 | (2\%) | 33 | (2\%) | 38 | (3\%) | 30 | (2\%) |
| F-1 International Students | 109 | (7\%) | 121 | (8\%) | 106 | (7\%) | 111 | (7\%) | 112 | (7\%) |
| TOTAL | 1,523 | (100\%) | 1,520 | (100\%) | 1,528 | (100\%) | 1,491 | (100\%) | 1,496 | (100\%) |

NOTES: Percentages may not equal $100 \%$ due to rounding.
Ethnic categories are derived from admissions application data.

Source: Office of Institutional Research and Assessment, September 2009

FALL ENROLLMENTS OF DEGREE-SEEKING STUDENTS BY AGE* 2005-2009

| Age* | 2005 |  | 2006 |  | 2007 |  | 2008 |  | 2009 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | N | (\%) | N | (\%) | N | (\%) | N | (\%) | N | (\%) |
| Less than 18 years old | 26 | (2\%) | 37 | (2\%) | 37 | (2\%) | 37 | (2\%) | 16 | (1\%) |
| 18-24 years old | 1,404 | (92\%) | 1,392 | (92\%) | 1,416 | (93\%) | 1,377 | (92\%) | 1,398 | (93\%) |
| 25-29 years old | 58 | (4\%) | 57 | (4\%) | 43 | (3\%) | 49 | (3\%) | 50 | (3\%) |
| 30-34 years old | 17 | (1\%) | 17 | (1\%) | 13 | (1\%) | 13 | (1\%) | 15 | (1\%) |
| 35-39 years old | 4 | (**) | 2 | (**) | 4 | (**) | 4 | (**) | 6 | (**) |
| 40-44 years old | 4 | (**) | 7 | (**) | 5 | (**) | 4 | (**) | 4 | (**) |
| 45-49 years old | 4 | (**) | 3 | (**) | 4 | (**) | 3 | (**) | 3 | (**) |
| 50-54 years old | 5 | (**) | 4 | (**) | 5 | (**) | 1 | (**) | 0 | (0\%) |
| 55-59 years old | 1 | (**) | 0 | (0\%) | 1 | (**) | 2 | (**) | 4 | (**) |
| 60-64 years old | 0 | (0\%) | 0 | (0\%) | 0 | (0\%) | 0 | (0\%) | 0 | (0\%) |
| Greater than 65 years old | 0 | (0\%) | 0 | (0\%) | 0 | (0\%) | 0 | (0\%) | 0 | (0\%) |
| TOTAL | 1,514 | (100\%) | 1,523 | 100\%) | 1,520 | (100\%) | 1,491 | 100\%) | 1,496 | 100\%) |

*Age is as of the first day of classes in September.
**Denotes percentages less than 1.
NOTE: Percentages may not equal $100 \%$ due to rounding.
Source: Office of Institutional Research and Assessment, September 2009

FALL 2009 JUNIOR AND SENIOR ENROLLMENT BY MAJOR AND COHORT TYPE

|  | African-American$\qquad$ |  | All Other Domestic N (\%) |  | F-1 International$\qquad$ |  | Total | tal (\%) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| African and African American Studies | 2 | (2\%) | 1 | (*) | 0 | (0\%) | 3 | (*) |
| Agriculture and Natural Resources | 0 | (0\%) | 17 | (3\%) | 2 | (3\%) | 19 | (3\%) |
| Applied Science and Mathematics | 1 | (1\%) | 1 | (*) | 1 | (1\%) | 3 | (*) |
| Art | 1 | (1\%) | 18 | (3\%) | 1 | (1\%) | 20 | (3\%) |
| Asian Studies | 0 | (0\%) | 8 | (1\%) | 0 | (0\%) | 8 | (1\%) |
| Biology | 9 | (8\%) | 34 | (6\%) | 7 | (9\%) | 50 | (7\%) |
| Business Administration | 8 | (7\%) | 32 | (6\%) | 8 | (11\%) | 48 | (7\%) |
| Chemistry | 3 | (3\%) | 15 | (3\%) | 4 | (5\%) | 22 | (3\%) |
| Child and Family Studies | 3 | (3\%) | 34 | (6\%) | 1 | (1\%) | 38 | (5\%) |
| Computer and Information Science | 1 | (1\%) | 10 | (2\%) | 5 | (7\%) | 16 | (2\%) |
| Economics | 0 | (0\%) | 4 | (1\%) | 8 | (11\%) | 12 | (2\%) |
| Education Studies | 7 | (6\%) | 35 | (6\%) | 1 | (1\%) | 43 | (6\%) |
| Elementary Education | 0 | (0\%) | 1 | (*) | 0 | (0\%) | 1 | (*) |
| English | 6 | (5\%) | 23 | (4\%) | 0 | (0\%) | 29 | (4\%) |
| Foreign Languages |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| French | 0 | (0\%) | 2 | (*) | 0 | (0\%) | 2 | (*) |
| German | 0 | (0\%) | 4 | (1\%) | 1 | (1\%) | 5 | (1\%) |
| Spanish | 3 | (3\%) | 9 | (2\%) | 0 | (0\%) | 12 | (2\%) |
| History | 3 | (3\%) | 19 | (3\%) | 0 | (0\%) | 22 | (3\%) |
| Independent | 4 | (3\%) | 30 | (6\%) | 3 | (4\%) | 37 | (5\%) |
| Mathematics | 0 | (0\%) | 14 | (3\%) | 10 | (13\%) | 24 | (3\%) |
| Music | 3 | (3\%) | 20 | (4\%) | 1 | (1\%) | 24 | (3\%) |
| Nursing | 10 | (8\%) | 22 | (4\%) | 7 | (9\%) | 39 | (5\%) |
| Philosophy | 1 | (1\%) | 4 | (1\%) | 0 | (0\%) | 5 | (1\%) |
| Physical Education | 7 | (6\%) | 15 | (3\%) | 0 | (0\%) | 22 | (3\%) |
| Physics | 0 | (0\%) | 5 | (1\%) | 4 | (5\%) | 9 | (1\%) |
| Political Science | 3 | (3\%) | 11 | (2\%) | 4 | (5\%) | 18 | (2\%) |
| Psychology | 3 | (3\%) | 16 | (3\%) | 4 | (5\%) | 23 | (3\%) |
| Religion | 1 | (1\%) | 11 | (2\%) | 0 | (0\%) | 12 | (2\%) |
| Sociology | 1 | (1\%) | 10 | (2\%) | 0 | (0\%) | 11 | (1\%) |
| Speech Communication | 11 | (9\%) | 18 | (3\%) | 1 | (1\%) | 30 | (4\%) |
| Technology and Industrial Arts | 9 | (8\%) | 39 | (7\%) | 2 | (3\%) | 50 | (7\%) |
| Theatre | 6 | (5\%) | 11 | (2\%) | 0 | (0\%) | 17 | (2\%) |
| Women's Studies | 4 | (3\%) | 9 | (2\%) | 0 | (0\%) | 13 | (2\%) |
| Undecided | 9 | (8\%) | 41 | (8\%) | 0 | (0\%) | 50 | (7\%) |
| TOTAL | 119 | (100\%) | 543 | (100\%) | 75 | (100\%) | 737 | (100\%) |

*Denotes percentages less than 1.
Note: These are duplicate headcounts that include double degrees and double majors. The 737 majors represent 682 junior and senior students enrolled in Fall 2009.
Compiled by: Office of Institutional Research and Assessment, November 2009

FALL ENROLLMENT TRENDS

Fall Enrollment of Degree-Seeking Students* by Gender


Fall Enrollment of Degree-Seeking Students* by Cohort Type

*Includes full and part-time students.
Source: Office of Institutional Research and Assessment, September 2009

## Fall Enrollment Trends, continued

Fall Enrollment of Degree-Seeking Students* by Territory


*Includes full and part-time students.
Source: Office of Institutional Research and Assessment, September 2009

## SPRING ENROLLMENTS BY CLASSIFICATION 2005-2009

|  | $\underline{2005}$ | $\underline{2006}$ | $\underline{2007}$ | $\underline{2008}$ | $\underline{2009}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Total (Full-Time and Part-Time)* |  |  |  |  |  |
| Freshman | 387 | 328 | 346 | 363 | 338 |
| First-Year Students | (18) | (7) | (16) | (9) | (3) |
| Other** Freshmen | (369) | (321) | (330) | (354) | (335) |
| Sophomore | 318 | 329 | 298 | 312 | 324 |
| Junior | 323 | 326 | 332 | 308 | 291 |
| Senior | 419 | 431 | 447 | 442 | 400 |
| TOTAL DEGREE-SEEKING STUDENTS | 1,447 | 1,414 | 1,423 | 1,425 | 1,353 |
| Berea Community School | 11 | 19 | 13 | 17 | 27 |
| Madison Southern High School | 3 | 8 | 6 | 3 | 4 |
| College Employee | 11 | 5 | 3 | 4 | 4 |
| Community (Special) | 13 | 12 | 11 | 12 | 12 |
| Transient/Exchange | 8 | 10 | 9 | 5 | 9 |
| TOTAL NON-DEGREE-SEEKING STUDENTS | 46 | 54 | 42 | 41 | 56 |
| TOTAL HEADCOUNT | 1,493 | 1,468 | 1,465 | 1,466 | 1,409 |

*For a breakdown of full and part-time students, please see the next page.
Definitions:
Full-time Student - A student who has a 3 to $41 / 2$ credits course load.
Part-time Student - A student who is registered for less than a 3 credits course load.
First-Year Students - Students who have enrolled at Berea College for the first time and did not transfer from another institution.
**Other Freshmen - Includes continuing (students who were enrolled at Berea during the previous term), returning (students previously enrolled, withdrew, and subsequently accepted for readmission), and transfer students (students who have been enrolled at another post secondary institution) who are classified as freshman.

## Non-Degree-Seeking Classifications:

Berea Community School or Madison Southern High School- Junior and senior high school students who take no more than two courses per term at Berea College upon the recommendation of their Guidance Counselor and concurrence of the Associate Provost.

Community (Special) - Non-degree-seeking students who wish to take courses for personal enrichment or for limited educational gain.

Transient/Exchange - Transient students are students who take courses at Berea College to transfer back to their home institution. Exchange students are enrolled at Berea full-time under an exchange agreement with another institution.

## SPRING ENROLLMENTS BY CLASSIFICATION (Continued)

| Full-Time Students | $\underline{2005}$ | 2006 | $\underline{2007}$ | 2008 | 2009 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Freshman | 387 | 328 | 346 | 363 | 338 |
| First-Year Students | (18) | (7) | (16) | (9) | (3) |
| Other** Freshmen | (369) | (321) | (330) | (354) | (335) |
| Sophomore | 318 | 329 | 298 | 312 | 324 |
| Junior | 322 | 326 | 332 | 307 | 290 |
| Senior | 419 | 425 | 438 | 439 | 398 |
| TOTAL DEGREE-SEEKING |  |  |  |  |  |
| FULL-TIME STUDENTS | 1,446 | 1,408 | 1,414 | 1,421 | 1,350 |
| Berea Community School | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 |
| Madison Southern High School | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 |
| College Employee | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Community (Special) | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 0 |
| Transient/Exchange | 5 | 8 | 7 | 4 | 7 |
| TOTAL NON-DEGREE-SEEKING FULL-TIME STUDENTS | 5 | 8 | 9 | 6 | 7 |
| TOTAL FULL-TIME STUDENTS | 1,451 | 1,416 | 1,423 | 1,427 | 1,357 |
| Part-Time Students | $\underline{2005}$ | 2006 | 2007 | 2008 | 2009 |
| Freshman | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| First-Year Students | (0) | (0) | (0) | (0) | (0) |
| Other** Freshmen | (0) | (0) | (0) | (0) | (0) |
| Sophomore | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Junior |  | 1 | 0 | 1 | 1 |
| Senior | 0 | 6 | 9 | 3 | 2 |
| TOTAL DEGREE-SEEKING PART-TIME STUDENT | 1 | 7 | 9 | 4 | 3 |
| Berea Community School | 11 | 19 | 12 | 17 | 27 |
| Madison Southern High School | 3 | 8 | 6 | 3 | 4 |
| College Employee | 11 | 5 | 3 | 4 | 4 |
| Community (Special) | 13 | 12 | 11 | 10 | 12 |
| Transient/Exchange | 3 | 2 | 1 | 1 | 2 |
| TOTAL NON-DEGREE-SEEKING PART-TIME STUDENTS | 41 | 46 | 33 | 35 | 49 |
| TOTAL PART-TIME STUDENTS | 42 | 52 | 42 | 39 | 52 |
| FTE Enrollment | 1,454 | 1,447 | 1,438 | 1,444 | 1,379 |

[^4]NOTE: FTE (Full-Time Equivalent) Enrollment is calculated by equating part-time students to full time status (enrolled in at least a 3 credits course load). FTE For each part-time student is determined by dividing the total number of courses taken by 3. Our part-time enrollment of 52 students has an FTE of 21.75.

## All First-Year Students



By Gender


Source: Office of Institutional Research and Assessment, September 2009

By Cohort Type


| $\square$ | African-American | $\square$ | All Other Domestic | $\square \square$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |

By Territory


| $\square$ In-Territory | $\square$ | Out-of-Territory | $\square$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |

Source: Office of Institutional Research and Assessment, September 2009

## FIRST-YEAR STUDENT RETENTION/ATTRITION <br> FALL TERMS 1999-2008

| Year | Number <br> Enrolled | Percent <br> Returned for <br> Second Year | Total <br> Number <br> Withdrawn | Breakdown of Withdrawals  <br> Academic  <br> Suspensions  | Other <br> Suspensions** | Voluntary <br> Departures |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1999 | 423 | $76.8 \%$ | 98 | 24 | 7 | 67 |
| 2000 | 421 | 82.7 | 73 | 13 | 3 | 57 |
| 2001 | 424 | 79.7 | 86 | 16 | 2 | 68 |
| 2002 | 356 | 80.1 | 71 | 18 | 10 | 43 |
| 2003 | 396 | 82.3 | 70 | 23 | 5 | 42 |
| 2004 | 400 | 81.5 | 74 | 17 | 6 | 51 |
| 2005 | 378 | 81.7 | 69 | 26 | 4 | 39 |
| 2006 | 388 | 83.0 | 66 | 14 | 2 | 50 |
| 2007 | $420^{*}$ | 77.9 | 93 | 25 | 4 | 64 |
| 2008 | 413 | 81.8 | 75 | 26 | 3 | 46 |

NOTE: For all years reported above, the percent retained represents both students who re-enrolled the second year as well as those students granted a "leave of absence." Students who do not return from official leaves are not counted as withdrawn until they fail to re-enroll after their leaves.

## PERCENTAGE OF TOTAL WITHDRAWALS ATTRIBUTED TO: ACADEMIC SUSEPENSIONS, OTHER SUSPENSIONS**, AND VOLUNTARY DEPARTURES



[^5]Source: Office of Institutional Research and Assessment, September 2009

## MALE FIRST-YEAR STUDENT RETENTION/ATTRITION <br> FALL TERMS 1999-2008

| Year | Number <br> Enrolled | Percent <br> Returned for <br> Second Year | Total <br> Number <br> Withdrawn | Breakdown of Withdrawals |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Academic |  |  |  |  |
| Suspensions |  |  |  |  |$\quad$| Other |
| :---: |
| Suspensions* |$\quad$| Voluntary |
| :---: |
| Departures |

NOTE: For all years reported above, the percent retained represents both students who re-enrolled the second year as well as those students granted a "leave of absence." Students who do not return from official leaves are not counted as withdrawn until they fall to re-enroll after their leaves.

## PERCENTAGE OF TOTAL MALE WITHDRAWALS ATTRIBUTED TO: <br> ACADEMIC SUSEPENSIONS, OTHER SUSPENSIONS*, AND VOLUNTARY DEPARTURES


*Includes expulsion, disciplinary, labor, convocation, and administrative dismissals.
Source: Office of Institutional Research and Assessment, September 2009

## FEMALE FIRST-YEAR STUDENT RETENTION/ATTRITION FALL TERMS 1999-2008

| Year | Number <br> Enrolled | Percent <br> Returned for <br> Second Year | Total <br> Number <br> Withdrawn | Breakdown of Withdrawals  <br> Academic  <br> Suspensions  | Other <br> Suspensions** | Voluntary <br> Departures |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 2999 | 233 | $80 \%$ | 46 | 7 | 3 | 36 |
| 2000 | 245 | 86 | 34 | 4 | 0 | 30 |
| 2001 | 241 | 82 | 43 | 6 | 1 | 36 |
| 2002 | 206 | 83 | 36 | 6 | 6 | 24 |
| 2003 | 240 | 83 | 42 | 11 | 2 | 29 |
| 2004 | 209 | 87 | 28 | 4 | 1 | 23 |
| 2005 | 219 | 83 | 38 | 10 | 2 | 26 |
| 2006 | 220 | 84 | 35 | 9 | 2 | 28 |
| 2007 | 252 | 80 | 50 | 15 | 2 | 3 |
| 2008 | 241 | 85 | 36 | 11 | 1 | 24 |

NOTE: For all years reported above, the percent retained represents both students who re-enrolled the second year as well as those students granted a "leave of absence." Students who do not return from official leaves are not counted as withdrawn until they fail to re-enroll after their leaves.

## PERCENTAGE OF TOTAL FEMALE WITHDRAWALS ATTRIBUTED TO: ACADEMIC SUSPENSIONS, OTHER SUSPENSIONS**, AND VOLUNTARY DEPARTURES



[^6]Source: Office of Institutional Research and Assessment, September 2009

# AFRICAN-AMERICAN FIRST-YEAR STUDENT RETENTION/ATTRITION FALL TERMS 1999-2008 

| Year | Number <br> Enrolled | Percent <br> Returned for <br> Second Year | Total <br> Number <br> Withdrawn | Breakdown of Withdrawals <br> Academic <br> Suspensions  Other <br> Suspensions** Voluntary <br> Departures <br> 1999   $\quad 69$ | $78 \%$ | 15 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 20 | 5 | 6 | 4 | 5 |  |  |
| 2001 | 61 | 68 | 85 | 10 | 5 | 0 |
| 2002 | 82 | 80 | 16 | 7 | 0 | 4 |
| 2003 | 67 | 85 | 10 | 6 | 4 | 5 |
| 2004 | 85 | 87 | 11 | 3 | 1 | 5 |
| 2005 | 75 | 76 | 18 | 7 | 1 | 3 |
| 2006 | 72 | 83 | 12 | 3 | 1 | 7 |
| 2007 | 75 | 75 | 6 | 7 | 2 | 10 |
| 2008 | 63 | 90 |  | 3 | 0 | 8 |

NOTE: For all years reported above, the percent retained represents both students who re-enrolled the second year as well as those students granted a "leave of absence." Students who do not return from official leaves are not counted as withdrawn until they fail to re-enroll after their leaves.

## PERCENTAGE OF TOTAL AFRICAN-AMERICAN WITHDRAWALS ATTRIBUTED TO: ACADEMIC SUSPENSIONS, OTHER SUSPENSIONS**, AND VOLUNTARY DEPARTURES



NOTE: These numbers DO NOT include F-1 International students.
*Denotes cohort numbers that have been adjusted due to the death of a student. In each case, the number in the cohort has been reduced by one.
**Includes expulsion, disciplinary, labor, convocation, and administrative dismissals.
Source: Office of Institutional Research and Assessment, September 2009

GRADUATION RATES* FOR FIRST-YEAR STUDENTS

*Students who withdraw and return are included in their original class. If a student graduates mid-year, the additional fall term is counted as another year.

Source: Office of Institutional Research and Assessment, September 2009.

## GRADUATION RATES* FOR FIRST-YEAR STUDENTS BY GENDER

 FALL TERMS 1996-2005

*Students who withdraw and return are included in their original class. If a student graduates mid-year, the additional fall term is counted as another year.

Source: Office of Institutional Research and Assessment, September 2009



F-1 INTERNATIONAL STUDENTS

*Students who withdraw and return and included in their original class. If a student graduates mid-year, the additional fall term is counted as another year.

Source: Office of Institutional Research and Assessment, September 2009



F-1 INTERNATIONAL STUDENTS

*Students who withdraw and return and included in their original class. If a student graduates mid-year, the additional fall term is counted as another year.

Source: Office of Institutional Research and Assessment, September 2009

GRADUATION RATES* FOR NEW TRANSFER STUDENTS

*Students who withdraw and return are included in their original class. If a student graduates mid-year, the additional fall term is counted as another year.

Source: Office of Institutional Research and Assessment, September 2009.

## GRADUATION RATES* FOR NEW TRANSFER STUDENTS BY GENDER FALL TERMS 1996-2005



*Students who withdraw and return are included in their original class. If a student graduates mid-year, the additional fall term is counted as another year.

Source: Office of Institutional Research and Assessment, September 2009

# NUMBER OF GRADUATES, DEGREES, AND MAJORS 

| Academic Years |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 2004-2005 | 2005-2006 | 2006-2007 | 2007-2008 | 2008-2009 | Total |
| Graduates (unduplicated headcount) | 308 | 271 | 327 | 309 | 267 | 1,482 |
| Degrees Conferred |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| B.A. | 221 | 227 | 239 | 232 | 197 | 1,116 |
| B.S. | 93 | 46 | 92 | 80 | 70 | 381 |
| TOTAL | 314 | 273 | 332 | 312 | 267 | 1,497 |
|  | 334 | 292 | 350 | 334 | 279 | 1,589 |
| (includes double degrees and double majors) |  |  |  |  |  |  |

*See the following pages $(76-82)$ for more detail regarding majors.
Note: Totals reflect graduates/degrees conferred/majors from September 1 through July 1 of each year.

| Major Programs | 2004-2005 | 2005-2006 | 2006-2007 | 2007-2008 | 2008-2009 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| African and African American |  |  |  |  |  |
| Studies | Major available | as an independent major. | 1 | 4 | 3 |
| Agriculture and Natural |  |  |  |  |  |
| Resources | 18 | 7 | 12 | 8 | 9 |
| Art | 13 | 7 | 10 | 10 | 18 |
| Asian Studies | Major available only as an independent major. |  |  | 1 | 4 |
| Biology | 21 | 23 | 21 | 23 | 20 |
| Business Administration | 35 | 24 | 36 | 41 | 26 |
| Chemistry | 8 | 13 | 9 | 6 | 4 |
| Child and Family Studies | 27 | 24 | 26 | 25 | 18 |
| Computer and Information Science |  | Major available only as an independent major. |  | 3 | 3 |
| Economics | 5 | 6 | 4 | 7 | 4 |
| Education Studies | 16 | 7 | 4 | 4 | 6 |
| Elementary Education | 8 | 11 | 7 | 11 | 7 |
| English | 11 | 12 | 19 | 17 | 11 |
| Foreign Languages | 14 | 11 | 21 | 4 | 12 |
| Classical Languages | (1) | (0) | (2) | (0) | (0) |
| French | (3) | (1) | (4) | (1) | (2) |
| German | (6) | (2) | (5) | (0) | (4) |
| Spanish | (4) | (8) | (10) | (3) | (6) |
| History | 3 | 10 | 10 | 12 | 12 |
| Independent Major** | 14 | 16 | 14 | 18 | 17 |
| Mathematics | 17 | 6 | 9 | 10 | 7 |
| Music | 8 | 6 | 9 | 9 | 4 |
| Nursing | 11 | 11 | 11 | 19 | 13 |
| Philosophy | 4 | 3 | 5 | 8 | 3 |
| Physical Education | 9 | 9 | 6 | 11 | 10 |
| Physics | 2 | 1 | 1 | 4 | 2 |
| Political Science | 2 | 10 | 14 | 5 | 8 |
| Psychology | 22 | 18 | 18 | 16 | 11 |
| Religion | 6 | 2 | 12 | 4 | 4 |
| Sociology | 2 | 13 | 11 | 15 | 5 |
| Speech Communication | 17 | 17 | 15 | 13 | 6 |
| Technology and |  |  |  |  |  |
| Industrial Arts | 29 | 14 | 33 | 17 | 22 |
| Theatre | 8 | 7 | 10 | 7 | 8 |
| Women's Studies | 5 | 4 | 2 | 2 | 2 |
| TOTALS* | 334 | 292 | 350 | 334 | 279 |

*These are duplicative headcounts that include double degrees and double majors. Please see page 74 for an unduplicated headcount of graduates.
**See page 77 for a more complete description of independent majors.
Note: These totals reflect majors from September 1 through July 1 of each year.
Compiled by the Office of Institutional Research and Assessment, October 2009

## INDEPENDENT MAJORS* AWARDED TO GRADUATES <br> Academic Years 2004-2005 through 2008-2009

Independent majors are designed for students who wish to pursue a field of study that cannot be met through a standard Berea College major program. Students are free to propose majors. The student must secure an independent major adviser. The adviser must be above the rank of instructor and a member of the Teaching Faculty from one of the departments with course work included in the proposed major curriculum. After consultation with the independent major adviser and a College reference librarian regarding available resources, a tentative curriculum plan is developed. Approval of the curriculum plan must be obtained from the chairperson/director of all departments and interdisciplinary programs in which two or more courses in the major are required. Completed proposals are submitted to the Office of Academic Services for review by the Coordinator of Advising, liaison to the Academic Program Council. The Council and/or its liaison may accept, reject, or request that the student modify and resubmit the proposal.

2004-2005: 14 majors
American Studies
Asian Studies (6)
Black Studies
Computer Science (3)
Ecological Design
International Political Economy
Outdoor Recreation and Education
2005-2006: 16 majors
Appalachian Studies
Asian Studies (5)
Black Studies (2)
Computer Science (2)
Computer/Information Science (2)
General Studies
Japanese Studies
Performing Arts Administration
Sustainable Development
2006-2007: 14 majors
Animal Behavior
Appalachian Studies
Asian Studies (3)
Computer and Information Science
Computer Science
Geoscience
Global Health
Health Studies
Human Development Studies
Outdoor Education
Sustainable Building Design
Theatre Management
*Includes double degrees and double majors.
Notes: These totals reflect majors from September 1 through July 1 of each academic year.
The following majors became regular majors and are no longer independent majors: Computer and Information Science; and Asian Studies.

Source: [http://www.berea.edu/catalog/academicregulations/degrees.asp\#indmajors](http://www.berea.edu/catalog/academicregulations/degrees.asp%5C#indmajors)
Compiled by the Office of Institutional Research and Assessment, September 2009.

# SUMMARY OF GRADUATES' MAJORS* WITH CONCENTRATIONS 5 Year Summary: Academic Years 2004-05 through 2008-09 

| African and African American Studies........ 8 |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Agriculture and Natural Resources........... 53 |  |  |
| General | 37 |  |
| Agribusiness | 1 |  |
| SENS | 7 |  |
| Sustainable Systems | 8 |  |
| Art ................................................... 58 |  |  |
| General | 1 |  |
| Education | 6 |  |
| History | 4 |  |
| Studio | 47 |  |
| Asian Studies.. |  | . 5 |
| Biology .................................................................... 108 |  |  |
| General | 60 |  |
| Biomolecular, Cellular, and Systems | 35 |  |
| Field and Organismal | 13 |  |
| Business Administration ...................... 161 |  |  |
| General | 2 |  |
| Accounting | 61 |  |
| Economics | 2 | Included in concentration list |
| Finance | 52 | are 37 additional |
| Management | 44 | concentrations for a total of 198 |
| Marketing | 37 |  |

Chemistry40

Child and Family Studies ......................... 120
Child Development 50
Early Childhood Educ. 11
Family Cons. Sci. Educ. 2
Family Studies 69
Food, Nutrition, and Culinary Science 1
Nutrition 8
Computer and Information Science............ 6
General 4
Computer Science 2
Economics .............................................. 27
Education Studies.................................... 34
Education................................................ 47
Elementary P-5 44
Middle Grades 5-8 3
English
Education 8
Literature 31
Writing 32
Foreign Languages
Classical Languages 3
French 10
German 14

Foreign Languages, continued German Education 2 Spanish 27 Spanish Education 3
History 47
General 41
Education 6
Independent**.................................... 79
Mathematics ..................... ........... ..... 49
General 47
Education 2
Music ............................... .......... ..... 36

| General | 26 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Education | 4 |  |
| Instrumental | 6 | onal |
| Keyboard Perform. | 2 | concentrations for a total of 40 |
|  |  |  |

Nursing .............................................. 66
Philosophy ....................... ................. 23
Physical Education ............ ................ 45
General 10
Education 5
Exercise Science/
Sports Medicine 27
Wellness/Health
Promotion 3
Physics........................ ................. 10
Political Science ................ ................. 39
Psychology ...................... ................. 86
Religion.............................................. 28
General 4
Biblical Studies 16
Religious Thought
and Ethics 6
World Religions 2
Sociology....................................... 46
General 43
Education 3
Speech Communication..................... 68
Technology and Industrial Arts...... ... 116
Education 6
Management 110
Theatre............................................. 40
Women's Studies............... .............. 15
GRAND TOTAL MAJORS.............1,589
(awarded to 1,482 graduates)
NOTE: In four of the majors with concentrations, there were 63 students who completed more than one concentration within that major. See details above in boxes.

[^7]SUMMARY OF MINORS* AWARDED TO GRADUATES 5 Year Summary: Academic Years 2004-05 through 2008-09

| African and African American |  |  |
| :--- | ---: | ---: |
| Studies/Black Studies <br> Agriculture and Natural <br> $\quad$ Resources | 20 | $(5.8 \%)$ |
| Appalachian Studies | 3 | $(0.9 \%)$ |
| Asian Studies | 7 | $(2.0 \%)$ |
| Business Administration | 9 | $(2.6 \%)$ |
| Computer Science | 71 | $(20.5 \%)$ |
| Dance | 9 | $(2.6 \%)$ |
| Economics | 16 | $(4.6 \%)$ |
| French | 38 | $(11.0 \%)$ |
| German | 16 | $(4.6 \%)$ |
| Health | 16 | $(4.6 \%)$ |
| Health Teaching Minor | 22 | $(6.4 \%)$ |
| History | 3 | $(0.9 \%)$ |
| Latin | 18 | $(5.2 \%)$ |
| Music | 5 | $(1.4 \%)$ |
| Peace and Social Justice Studies | 3 | $(0.9 \%)$ |
| Philosophy | 10 | $(2.9 \%)$ |
| Political Science | 6 | $(1.7 \%)$ |
| Religion | 11 | $(3.2 \%)$ |
| Sociology | 15 | $(4.3 \%)$ |
| Spanish | 17 | $(4.9 \%)$ |
| Speech Communication | 2 | $(0.6 \%)$ |
| Sustainability and Environmental |  |  |
| Studies | 11 | $(3.2 \%)$ |
| Women's Studies | 13 | $(3.8 \%)$ |
| TOTAL | 346 | $(100.0 \%)$ |

*This is a duplicative headcount that includes double minors. The 346 minors were awarded to 329 graduates. The 329 graduates who received a minor represent $22 \%$ of the 1,482 graduates during this five-year time period.

Note: These totals reflect majors from September 1 through July 1 of each year.

## MAJORS* AWARDED TO GRADUATES BY GENDER 5 Year Summary: Academic Years 2004-2005 through 2008-2009

|  | Academic Years <br> 2004-2005 through 2008-2009 |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Males |  | Females |  | Total |  |
|  |  | \% |  | \% |  | Grand Total |
| African and African American |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Studies (first grad: 2006-07) | 2 | 25\% | 6 | 75\% | 8 | 0.5\% |
| Agriculture and Natural |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Resources | 25 | 47\% | 28 | 53\% | 53 | 3.3\% |
| Art | 16 | 28\% | 42 | 72\% | 58 | 3.7\% |
| Asian Studies (first grad: 2007-08) | 5 | 100\% | 0 | 0\% | 5 | 0.3\% |
| Biology | 37 | 34\% | 71 | 66\% | 108 | 6.8\% |
| Business Administration | 78 | 48\% | 83 | 52\% | 161 | 10.1\% |
| Chemistry | 17 | 43\% | 23 | 58\% | 40 | 2.5\% |
| Child and Family Studies | 11 | 9\% | 109 | 91\% | 120 | 7.6\% |
| Computer and Information |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Science (first grad: 2007-08) | 6 | 100\% | 0 | 0\% | 6 | 0.4\% |
| Economics | 16 | 59\% | 11 | 41\% | 27 | 1.7\% |
| Education |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Education Studies | 11 | 32\% | 23 | 68\% | 34 | 2.1\% |
| Elementary Education | 2 | 4\% | 43 | 96\% | 45 | 2.8\% |
| Middle Grades Education | 1 | 50\% | 1 | 50\% | 2 | 0.1\% |
| English | 19 | 27\% | 51 | 73\% | 70 | 4.4\% |
| Foreign Languages | 16 | 27\% | 43 | 73\% | 59 | 3.7\% |
| History | 26 | 55\% | 21 | 45\% | 47 | 3.0\% |
| Independent** | 36 | 46\% | 43 | 54\% | 79 | 5.0\% |
| Mathematics | 33 | 67\% | 16 | 33\% | 49 | 3.1\% |
| Music | 16 | 44\% | 20 | 56\% | 36 | 2.3\% |
| Nursing | 9 | 14\% | 57 | 86\% | 66 | 4.2\% |
| Philosophy | 14 | 61\% | 9 | 39\% | 23 | 1.4\% |
| Physical Education | 20 | 44\% | 25 | 56\% | 45 | 2.8\% |
| Physics | 8 | 80\% | 2 | 20\% | 10 | 0.6\% |
| Political Science | 19 | 49\% | 20 | 51\% | 39 | 2.5\% |
| Psychology | 25 | 29\% | 61 | 71\% | 86 | 5.4\% |
| Religion | 12 | 43\% | 16 | 57\% | 28 | 1.8\% |
| Sociology | 7 | 15\% | 39 | 85\% | 46 | 2.9\% |
| Speech Communication | 23 | 34\% | 45 | 66\% | 68 | 4.3\% |
| Technology and Industrial |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Arts | 89 | 77\% | 27 | 23\% | 116 | 7.3\% |
| Theatre | 15 | 38\% | 25 | 63\% | 40 | 2.5\% |
| Women's Studies | 0 | 0\% | 15 | 100\% | 15 | 0.9\% |
| RAND TOTAL* | 614 | 39\% | 975 | 61\% | 1,589 | 100.0\% |

[^8]Note: These totals reflect majors from September 1 through July 1 of each year.

MAJORS* AWARDED TO GRADUATES BY COHORT TYPE 5 Year Summary: Academic Years 2004-2005 through 2008-2009

|  | African-American |  | All Others |  | F-1 International |  | Total |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | N | (\%) | N | (\%) | N | (\%) | N | (\%) |
| African \& African American Studies (first grad: 06-07) | 7) 7 | (88\%) | 1 | (13\%) | 0 | (0\%) | 8 | (0.5\%) |
| Agriculture and Natural Resources | 1 | (2\%) | 52 | (98\%) | 0 | (0\%) | 53 | (3.3\%) |
| Art | 1 | (2\%) | 56 | (97\%) | 1 | (2\%) | 58 | (3.7\%) |
| Asian Studies (first grad: 07-08) | 2 | (40\%) | 3 | (60\%) | 0 | (0\%) | 5 | (0.3\%) |
| Biology | 17 | (16\%) | 79 | (73\%) | 12 | (11\%) | 108 | (6.8\%) |
| Business Administration | 39 | (24\%) | 85 | (53\%) | 37 | (23\%) | 161 | (10.1\%) |
| Chemistry | 4 | (10\%) | 25 | (63\%) | 11 | (28\%) | 40 | (2.5\%) |
| Child and Family Studies | 34 | (28\%) | 84 | (70\%) | 2 | (2\%) | 120 | (7.6\%) |
| Computer and Information Science (first grad: 07-08) | 8) 0 | (0\%) | 6 | (100\%) | 0 | (0\%) | 6 | (0.4\%) |
| Economics | 1 | (4\%) | 6 | (22\%) | 20 | (74\%) | 27 | (1.7\%) |
| Education |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Education Studies | 9 | (26\%) | 24 | (71\%) | 1 | (3\%) | 34 | (2.1\%) |
| Elementary Education | 3 | (7\%) | 42 | (93\%) | 0 | (0\%) | 45 | (2.8\%) |
| Middle Grades Education | 0 | (0\%) | 2 | (100\%) | 0 | (0\%) | 2 | (0.1\%) |
| English | 6 | (9\%) | 63 | (90\%) | 1 | (1\%) | 70 | (4.4\%) |
| Foreign Languages | 2 | (3\%) | 47 | (80\%) | 10 | (17\%) | 59 | (3.7\%) |
| History | 8 | (17\%) | 39 | (83\%) | 0 | (0\%) | 47 | (3.0\%) |
| Independent** | 8 | (10\%) | 68 | (86\%) | 3 | (4\%) | 79 | (5.0\%) |
| Mathematics | 1 | (2\%) | 25 | (51\%) | 23 | (47\%) | 49 | (3.1\%) |
| Music | 6 | (17\%) | 27 | (75\%) | 3 | (8\%) | 36 | (2.3\%) |
| Nursing | 13 | (20\%) | 46 | (70\%) | 7 | (11\%) | 66 | (4.2\%) |
| Philosophy | 2 | (9\%) | 21 | (91\%) | 0 | (0\%) | 23 | (1.4\%) |
| Physical Education | 8 | (18\%) | 36 | (80\%) | 1 | (2\%) | 45 | (2.8\%) |
| Physics | 0 | (0\%) | 5 | (50\%) | 5 | (50\%) | 10 | (0.6\%) |
| Political Science | 6 | (15\%) | 23 | (59\%) | 10 | (26\%) | 39 | (2.5\%) |
| Psychology | 13 | (15\%) | 68 | (79\%) | 5 | (6\%) | 86 | (5.4\%) |
| Religion | 3 | (11\%) | 25 | (89\%) | 0 | (0\%) | 28 | (1.8\%) |
| Sociology | 14 | (30\%) | 30 | (65\%) | 2 | (4\%) | 46 | (2.9\%) |
| Speech Communication | 16 | (24\%) | 52 | (76\%) | 0 | (0\%) | 68 | (4.3\%) |
| Technology and Industrial Arts | 18 | (16\%) | 96 | (83\%) | 2 | (2\%) | 116 | (7.3\%) |
| Theatre | 11 | (28\%) | 28 | (70\%) | 1 | (3\%) | 40 | (2.5\%) |
| Women's Studies | 2 | (13\%) | 13 | (87\%) | 0 | (0\%) | 15 | (0.9\%) |
| TOTAL* | 255 | (16\%) | 1,177 | (74\%) | 157 | (10\%) | 1,589 | (100\%) |

* These are duplicative headcounts that include double degrees and double majors. The 1,589 majors represent 1,482 graduates during this five-year time period.
${ }^{* * *}$ Please see page 77 for a more complete description of independent majors.
Note: These totals reflect graduates from September 1 through July 1 of each year. Percentages may not total $100 \%$ due to rounding.
Compiled by: Office of Institutional Research and Assessment, September 2009.


## MAJORS* AWARDED TO GRADUATES BY GENDER 5 Year History



[^9]Compiled by: Office of Institutional Research and Assessment, September 2009.


Graduates by Cohort Type

*Includes Permanent Residents (non-citizens, including refugees and asylees who have formally established residency in the U.S.) and U.S. citizens living in foreign countries.

Source: Office of Institutional Research and Assessment, October 2009


## EDUCATION ABROAD

From the Berea College Catalog, 2009-2010:
The Francis and Louise Hutchins Center for International Education (CIE) at Berea College fosters understanding of, and respect for, all peoples of the earth. Many of the Eight Great Commitments of Berea College are achieved through international education- an integral part of a strong liberal-arts curriculum. The College prepares students to take an active role in global society by undertaking a variety of initiatives to help its students - tomorrow's leaders - strengthen their international awareness. International education for Berea students takes place both on campus and abroad in many ways, including: encouraging international perspectives in course work and curriculum across the disciplines; hosting students, faculty, and guest lecturers from around the world; organizing a variety of programs that bring artists, musicians, and speakers from other countries to campus; and encouraging all students to participate in academically rigorous, cross-cultural, education abroad programs. The Berea College CIE is the campus focal point for international education.

## BEREA COLLEGE EDUCATION ABROAD PARTICIPANTS ACADEMIC YEARS 2004-2005 THROUGH 2008-2009

| Length of Time Spent Abroad | Number of Participants for Academic Year |  |  |  | 2008-2009 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 2004-2005 | 2005-2006 | 2006-2007 | 2007-2008 |  |
| Full Year | 1 | 1 | 1 | 2 | 0 |
| Semester | 36 | 31 | 31 | 26 | 23 |
| Short Term | 123 | 141 | 95 | 171 | 132 |
| Summer | 61 | 87 | 105 | 58 | 63 |
| TOTAL | 221 | 260 | 232 | 257 | 218 |
| Percent of Students who Participated* | 21\% | 24\% | 22\% | 25\% | 22\% |

* The percentages above are based on the number of participants divided by the average of the Fall and Spring full-time upperclassmen (sophomores, juniors, and seniors) degree-seeking student enrollment. The percentages above differ from prior Fact Books.


## EDUCATION ABROAD PARTICIPANTS BY PROGRAM/SPONSOR AND COUNTRY

Academic Year 2008-2009

|  | Number of Participants |  | Number of Participants |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Academic Year (0) |  | Internships |  |
|  |  | Nepal | 1 |
| Semester (23) |  | New Zealand | 2 |
| Berea Term Abroad |  | Sri Lanka | 1 |
| Australia | 1 | Non Credit |  |
| England | 2 | Kenya | 1 |
| India | 3 | Team-Initiated Studies |  |
| Ireland | 2 | England | 2 |
| Japan | 1 | Ghana | 2 |
| Morocco | 1 | Summer (63) |  |
| New Zealand | 1 | Independent Studies |  |
| Vietnam | 1 | France | 1 |
| Wales | 1 | Internships |  |
| Department of Foreign Languages |  | Israel | 1 |
| France | 1 | Guatemala | 1 |
| Germany | 1 | Mexico | 2 |
| Mexico | 3 | Romania | 1 |
| Spain | 2 | Kentucky Institute for In | tional Studies (KIIS) |
| BMW |  | Austria | 1 |
| Hungary | 1 | Costa Rica | 3 |
| Independent Studies |  | Czech Republic | 3 |
| Japan | 1 | Denmark | 4 |
| Mexico | 1 | Greece | 10 |
| Short Term (132) |  | Japan | 8 |
| Berea Course Credit |  | Mexico | 7 |
| Bahamas | 6 | Spain | 1 |
| Denmark | 5 | Turkey | 3 |
| Egypt | 2 | Ukraine | 6 |
| Ghana | 3 | Non Berea |  |
| India | 2 | China | 1 |
| Faculty-Led Berea Courses |  | Non Credit |  |
| Europe | 39 | Germany | 3 |
| France | 22 | Greece | 2 |
| Honduras | 20 | Guatemala | 2 |
| Mexico | 21 | Kazakstan | 1 |
| Independent Studies |  | Nicaragua | 1 |
| Cameroon | 1 | Senegal | 1 |
| England | 1 |  |  |
| Scotland 1 |  |  |  |
|  |  | TOTAL | 218 |

Source: Center for International Education, November 2009

## ACADEMIC CREDIT INTERNSHIPS

The Internship Program is an experiential education program individually designed for those with a special academic interest requiring integration of classroom learning with practical experience. The program, which will include on-campus seminars with academic sponsors as well as nonclassroom experience, is open to sophomores, juniors, and seniors. One to three course credits in one 14 -week term or one credit in Short Term may be taken in Internships. An Internship may be either a departmental or a General Studies offering. Every departmental-rubric Internship proposal requires the approval of two faculty sponsors and the department assumes the responsibility for determining credit allowance. General Studies Internship proposals require the approval of two faculty sponsors, and the Coordinator of Internships assumes responsibility for determining credit allowance. Final approval for Internship proposals is given by the Coordinator of Internships.

Internship placements are located in various states and abroad and are available in many areas of study.

Specific internship titles over the last few years have included examples such as the following:

- USDA Biological Control Lab, Australia
- Hope Community Resources, Alaska
- University of Kentucky Cooperative Extension Sevice, Kentucky
- Amazon conservation Association, Madre de Dios, Peru
- Shepherd Poverty Alliance, Various Locations
- Refugee and Immigration Services, Richmond, Virginia
- Making Nature Visible: Planning an Italian Ecovillage, Italy


## Number of Internships <br> Academic Years 2004-2005 through 2008-2009

| Term | 2004-2005 | 2005-2006 | 2006-2007 | 2007-2008 | 2008-2009 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Fall | 7 | 0 | 3 | 9 | 2 |
| Short | 29 | 30 | 33 | 29 | 26 |
| Spring | 11 | 1 | 3 | 2 | 4 |
| Summer | 79 | 67 | 94 | 82 | 100 |
| TOTAL | 126 | 98 | 133 | 122 | 132 |
| Percent of Students who Participated*: | : 12\% | 9\% | 9\% | 12\% | 13\% |

NOTE: Many other students participate in internships that do not involve academic credit.
*The percentages above are based on the number of participants divided by the average of the Fall and Spring full-time upperclassmen (sophomores, juniors, and seniors) degree-seeking student enrollment. The percentages above differ from prior Fact Books.

Source: Berea College Catalog, 2009 - 2010, [http://www.berea.edu/catalog/dpc/opportunities.asp\#internship](http://www.berea.edu/catalog/dpc/opportunities.asp%5C#internship) Office of Internships, November 2009

Service-learning is an educational experience based upon a collaborative partnership between college and community. Learning through service enables students to apply academic knowledge and critical thinking skills to meet genuine community needs. Through reflection and assessment, students gain deeper understanding of course content and the importance of civic engagement.

From the Berea College Catalog, 2009-2010:
Based upon its commitment to promote the Christian ethic of service and to serve the Appalachian region, Berea College created the Center for Excellence in Learning through Service (CELTS) to educate students for leadership in service and social justice. Established in 2000, CELTS coordinates the campus' student-led, community-service programs and supports service-learning in the academic curriculum. CELTS builds upon Berea's commitment to serving the Appalachian region through student-led volunteer programs, including Students For Appalachia, Bonner Scholars, Habitat for Humanity, and People Who Care. Through their labor positions, students lead these service programs and coordinate activities including tutoring young children, mentoring at-risk teens, visiting elderly hospital patients, helping to build houses for low-income families, organizing the annual communitywide Hunger Hurts food drive, and taking on environmental and social-justice issues. CELTS also coordinates and supports service-learning in the academic curriculum. In service-learning courses, students apply academic knowledge to address community needs while developing their academic skills, sense of civic responsibility, and commitment to the community through critical, reflective thinking. Service-learning courses are taught each term in a variety of departments at Berea College. Designated service-learning courses meet the Active Learning Experience (ALE) requirement in the General Education Program.

## NUMBER OF SERVICE-LEARNING COURSES, PROJECTS, AND EDUCATIONAL ACTIVITIES



Source: Berea College Catalog, 2009-2010 [http://www.berea.edu/catalog/bereastory/intservlearning.asp](http://www.berea.edu/catalog/bereastory/intservlearning.asp) Center for Excellence in Learning through Service (CELTS), October 2009 [http://www.berea.edu/celts/](http://www.berea.edu/celts/)

## DOMESTIC SHORT TERM EXCHANGE PROGRAM

There are many opportunities to take classes at other institutions during Short Term, and there are two types of such exchanges:

1. Tuition Waiver Exchange—Students pay room and meals at the host institution, but tuition costs are waived. Students should register for EXC 101 if the exchange has been confirmed before Web Registration ends. If the Exchange has not yet been confirmed, the student may register for an on-campus course, then change the registration later. Some Colleges with which we have exchange agreements specify that exchanges must be one-for-one exchanges, i.e., for any Berea College student to do an exchange at the institution, there must be a student from that institution who will do an exchange at Berea.
2. Transient Exchange-Berea College is not able to arrange special Exchanges for students to schools having no Exchange agreement with us. Arrangements to attend such schools must be initiated by the student. Students should register for EXC 102 if the Exchange has been confirmed before Web Registration ends. If the Exchange has not yet been confirmed, the student may register for an on-campus course, then change the registration later.

It is the belief of the faculty at Berea College and at the schools with which we currently have established exchange contracts that this program is of tremendous benefit to many students. Not only do students have available to them courses at a number of schools, but they are able to experience college life in different parts of the United States. Berea College has considerable academic strength in a variety of curriculum areas. With the availability of twenty-four majors in the B. A. degree program and a variety of B. S. degree programs and minors, the Short Term is exciting at Berea. Our experience is that Berea College students find Short Term at our exchange schools to complement well the work that they have accomplished here.

## SHORT TERM EXCHANGE PROGRAM PARTICIPANTS

| Short Term | Tuition-Only <br> Exchange | Transient Student <br> Exchange | TOTAL |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 2003 | 2 | 0 | 2 |
| 2004 | 6 | 0 | 6 |
| 2005 | 7 | 0 | 7 |
| 2006 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 2007 | 6 | 0 | 6 |
| 2008 | 2 | 0 | 2 |
| 2009 | 3 | 0 | 3 |

Source: Office of Academic Services, September 2009
[http://www.berea.edu/cataloghandbook/enrollmentreg/er/exchangeprograms.asp](http://www.berea.edu/cataloghandbook/enrollmentreg/er/exchangeprograms.asp)

The Undergraduate Research and Creative Projects Program was developed to provide students in all majors learning opportunities not ordinarily found in courses or other forms of experiential learning. Typically, two or three students and a faculty mentor would engage a project for eight to ten weeks during the summer. The central purpose should be to provide opportunities for students to experience research and creative activity through the structure of an apprenticementor relationship. This purpose requires that faculty mentors go beyond supervising student learning to working alongside students in providing active models of how research and creative processes are engaged. The purpose also implies that projects will be chosen very carefully and structured to satisfy two conditions:

1. Projects must be accessible to genuine student involvement. That is, students must be capable of understanding the project's meaning and significance, and they must be capable of making creative contributions to project work. Absent these conditions, students have no opportunity to actually experience the nature of research and creative activity.
2. Projects must also be at a level that elicits faculty involvement in research and creative processes. That is, the project itself should be at a level expected of faculty professionals. This allows the faculty mentor to provide a model for engaging research and creative activity. In this regard, proposals should contain adequate background information establishing possible contributions of the faculty/student research to the current body of knowledge in the area of interest.

The goals of the program include:

- to enhance student learning by providing opportunities to engage challenging, collaborative and directed projects in an apprentice-mentor relationship with faculty;
- to foster student-faculty interaction in creative work;
- to help students understand the interplay between collaboration and independent thought and action in a complex, open-ended project;
- to enhance students' communication skills;
- to provide experience that would be helpful to students who wish to pursue subsequent research and learning opportunities (e.g., off-campus, summer research programs or international learning opportunities);
- to allow students to build their self-confidence to pursue careers and further study beyond Berea; and
- to supply experience that will help students make informed career and graduate school decisions.


## Number of Undergraduate Research and Creative Projects and Participants*

| Summer | Number of <br> Projects | Number of <br> Faculty | Number of <br> 2005 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 11 | 13 | Students |  |
| 2006 | 8 | 12 | 26 |
| 2007 | 17 | 20 | 16 |
| 2008 | 19 | 22 | 39 |
| 2009 | 8 | 8 | 39 |
|  |  |  | $19^{* *}$ |

[^10]
## THE LABOR SUPERVISOR OF THE YEAR AWARD

Members of the student body are asked to submit recommendations for the Outstanding Labor Supervisor on campus. Because departments vary in the number of students an individual (faculty/staff) may be asked to supervise, more than one award may be appropriate. Therefore, the Labor Program Office has categorized eligibility based on the number of students supervised. Provided there are enough nominations submitted per category, there may be up to three labor supervisors of the year selected. The Award Selection Committee consists of five to seven individuals (faculty/staff) from within the campus community. The award and/or awards will be presented in the form of gift certificates and plaques.

Recipients of the Labor Supervisor of the Year Award
Names of current Berea College faculty and/or staff members are italicized.

| Janet Tronc | 2005 |
| :--- | :--- |
| Deloris Coleman | 2006 |
| Linda Reynolds | 2006 |
| Loretta Reynolds | 2007 |
| Dave Porter | 2008 |
| Larky Kim Crawford | 2008 |
| Sandy Wells | 2009 |
| Leslie Kaylor | 2009 |

# SUMMARY OF LABOR CONTRACT ASSIGNMENTS BY DEPARTMENTAL CATEGORIES 

FALL 2009
(As of September 2009)

| Departmental Categories $\begin{gathered}\text { First-Year Students } \\ \text { Primary Only }\end{gathered}$ |  | All St <br> Primary | dents* Secondary | Total Hours Contracted Per Week | Mean Hours Contracted Per Week |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Academic Support | 16 | 125 | 38 | 1,795 | 11.01 |
| Alumni and College Relations | 8 | 44 | 7 | 547 | 10.73 |
| Auxiliary Enterprises: Residence Halls (maintenance crews), Food Service | - 97 | 170 | 7 | 1,967 | 11.11 |
| College Community Service | 16 | 75 | 7 | 912 | 11.12 |
| College Related | 0 | 2 | 0 | 20 | 10.00 |
| Community Partnerships | 1 | 11 | 1 | 122 | 10.17 |
| Farms | 0 | 4 | 0 | 49 | 12.25 |
| General and Administrative | 45 | 150 | 4 | 1,655 | 10.75 |
| Instruction | 38 | 358 | 61 | 4,672 | 11.15 |
| Plant Operations | 45 | 92 | 6 | 1,039 | 10.60 |
| Student Industries: Crafts | 42 | 104 | 1 | 1,087 | 10.35 |
| Student Industries: Services | 25 | 39 | 1 | 423 | 10.58 |
| Student Services | 54 | 273 | 16 | 3,315 | 11.47 |
| No Labor** | 0 | 24 | 0 | - | - |
| SUB-TOTAL | 387 | 1,471 | 149 | - | - |
| No Status Form*** | 5 | 25 | n/a | - | - |
| TOTAL | 392 | 1,496 | 149 | 17,603 | 11.03 |

352 - Extended primary position for more than ten hours per week.
112 - Contracted in both a primary and at least one secondary position.
464 - Contracted for more than ten hours a week.
*Includes first-year students.
**Includes degree-seeking students who are excused from labor for various reasons such as offcampus opportunities and student teaching.
***Includes students who have withdrawn from school during the month of September 2009.
NOTES: 1. For a breakdown of departments within the various categories, please see the next two pages.
2. Minimum Labor Requirements: 10 hours per week for the full term
3. Pay Ranges, 2009 - 2010: \$ 3.80-\$ 6.05; Unclassified $\$ 6.25$

Compiled by: Office of Institutional Research and Assessment, September 2009.

## LABOR DEPARTMENTS

## Academic Support

| Academic Services | Hutchins Library |
| :--- | :--- |
| Appalachian Center | Internships |
| Black Cultural Center | Learning Center |
| Center for International Education | Office of the Academic Vice President/Provost |
| Convocations | Office of the Dean of Faculty |
| Draper Building Office Services | Science Library |
| Environmental Health and Safety |  |

## Alumni and College Relations

| Alumni Relations | Public Relations |
| :--- | :--- |
| College Relations |  |

## Auxiliary Enterprises: Residence Halls (Only includes Dorm Maintenance Crews), Food Service

| Anna Smith | Fairchild |
| :--- | :--- |
| Bingham | James |
| Blue Ridge | Kentucky |
| Dana | Kettering |
| Danforth | Pearsons |
| Ecovillage | Seabury Residence Hall |
| Edwards | Talcott |
| Elizabeth Rogers |  |
| Estill Street Residential Complex | Food Service |

## College Community Service

CELTS (Center for Excellence in Learning through Service)

| Adopt-a-Grandparent | Hispanic Outreach Project (H.O.P) | TRIO Programs |
| :--- | :--- | :---: |
| Berea Buddies | Micah 6 Transportation Project | Carter G. Woodson Math |
| Berea Teen Mentoring | One-on-One Tutoring | and Science Institute |
| Bonners Scholars Program | People Who Care | Upward Bound |
| First Book-Madison County | Students for Appalachia (SFA) | Educational Talent |
| Habitat for Humanity | Summer Tutoring Programs | Search |

Gear Up
Special Programs
College Related
Brushy Fork Institute
Community Partnerships (only includes projects to which students are assigned this academic year)

Appalachian College Association (ACA)
Berea Arts Council
Berea Community School
Berea Credit Union

## Farms

## General and Administrative

| Child Development Lab | Institutional Research and Assessment |
| :--- | :--- |
| College Post Office | People Services |
| Conference Services | President's Office |
| Financial Affairs | Printing Services |
| Information Systems and Services | Vice President for Business and Administration |
| $\quad$ (includes Media Services and Phone Center) | Office |

MACED
Peacecraft
Save the Children

College Farm

Institutional Research and Assessment
People Services
President's Office
Vice President for Business and Administration Office

## Labor Departments (Continued)

## Instruction

African and African-American Studies
Agriculture and Natural Resources
Art
Biology
Chemistry
Child and Family Studies
Economics and Business
Ecovillage Ecological Education Program
Education Studies
English, Theatre, and Speech Communication
Entrepreneurship for Public Good (EPG) Program
Foreign Languages
General Education
History

## Mathematics and Computer Science

Music
Nursing
Philosophy and Religion
Physical Education and Health
Physics
Political Science
Psychology
SENS Program
Sociology
Technology and Industrial Arts
Theatre Lab
Women's Studies

## Plant Operations

Campus Gardeners
Facilities Management Office
Forest Property Management

## Student Industries: Crafts

Boone Tavern Gift Shop
Broomcraft
Ceramics
Log House Craft Gallery

## Student Industries: Services

Boone Tavern Hotel
College Bookstore

## Student Services

| Admissions Office | Campus Christian Center |
| :--- | :--- |
| Athletic Department | College Health Service |
| Campus Life/Recreation and Wellness | Labor Program Office (includes Career |
| Berea Bikes | Development) |
| Campus Activities Board (CAB) | Public Safety |
| Chimes | Seabury Center |
| Intramurals | Student Financial Aid Services |
| Office Staff | Student Life - Residence Halls/Family Housing |
| Pinnacle | Student Service Center |
| Student Government Association (SGA) | Vice President for Labor and Student Life |

## AVERAGE HOURS WORKED PER WEEK

 BY STUDENT CLASSIFICATION

## COST OF EDUCATION AND OTHER STUDENT COSTS

|  | Academic Year 2005-2006 | Academic Year 2006-2007 | Academic Year $\underline{2007-2008}$ | Academic Year 2008-2009 | Academic Year <br> $\underline{2009-2010}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Cost Of Education (COE)* | \$ 21,600 | \$ 22,300 | \$ 23,400 | \$ 24,500 | \$ 25,500 |
| Registration Costs: |  |  |  |  |  |
| Room | 2,660 | 2,794 | 2,934 | 3,082 | 3,082 |
| Board | 2,320 | 2,436 | 2,558 | 2,686 | 2,686 |
| Accident Fund | 20 | 20 | 20 | 20 | 20 |
| Campus Activities Fee | 46 | 46 | 50 | 50 | 50 |
| Chimes (School Yearbook) | 28 | 28 | 28 | 34 | 34 |
| Health Fee | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 |
| Health Insurance | 0 | 255 | 270 | 340 | 350 |
| Pinnacle (School Paper) | 12 | 12 | 12 | 12 | 12 |
| Student Government | 10 | 10 | 10 | 10 | 10 |
| Technology Fee** | 300 | 300 | 300 | 300 | 300 |
| SUBTOTAL | \$ 5,496 | \$ 6,005 | \$ 6,282 | \$ 6,634 | \$ 6,644 |
| Average other Costs: |  |  |  |  |  |
| Books and Supplies | 700 | 750 | 750 | 750 | 750 |
| Personal | 1,300 | 1,350 | 1,350 | 1,376 | 1,376 |
| Transportation | 384 | 400 | 400 | 426 | 426 |
| SUBTOTAL | \$ 2,384 | \$ 2,500 | \$ 2,500 | \$ 2,552 | \$ 2,552 |
| TOTAL STUDENT COST | \$ 7,880 | \$ 8,505 | \$ 8,782 | \$ 9,186 | \$ 9,196 |

*Cost of Education (COE) is provided by the College (not the student) from the endowment, gifts, scholarships, and grants brought by students. COE covers expenses related to the faculty and staff, library, support services, etc.; it does not include costs of development and alumni programs.
**Every student was equipped with a laptop computer provided by the College as part of the Universal Access Project. Students are expected to pay $\$ 300$ to offset the cost of networking all residence hall rooms, making classrooms usable for laptops, supplying and supporting software, and providing additional training to students. The laptop computer will become the property of the student at graduation.

Source: Office of Student Financial Aid Services, January 2009. < http://www.berea.edu/catalog/admfinaid/financialplan.asp >

## total student cost



## Legend

Cost of Education (COE) is provided by the College (not the student) from the endowment, gifts, scholarships and grants brought by students. COE covers expenses related to the faculty and staff, library, support services, etc.; it does not include costs of development and alumni programs.

Registration Costs include room, board, accident fund, campus activities fee, Chimes (school yearbook), health fee, Pinnacle (school paper), technology fee, health insurance and student government fees. For more details, please see page 96 .

Average Other Costs include books and supplies, personal expenses, and transportation costs. For more details, please see page 96 .

Source: Office of Student Financial Aid Services, January 2009 < http://www.berea.edu/catalog/admfinaid/financialplan.asp >

## ALUMNI ASSOCIATION EXECUTIVE COUNCIL ACADEMIC YEAR 2009-2010

President
James Cecil Owens, ' 66
Kentucky
President Elect
Celeste Patton Armstrong, ' 90
Alabama
Past President
Rob Stafford, ' 89
Kentucky

President of Berea College
Larry D. Shinn, Honorary '09
Kentucky
Director of Alumni Relations
Mae Suramek, '95
Kentucky
VP for Alumni and College Relations
William A. Laramee, Honorary '10
Kentucky

## Alumni Trustees, including year his/her term ends

2010: Janice Hunley Crase, '60
Kentucky
2012: Jim Lewis, '70
Illinois

2011: Vicki Allums, '79
Virginia
2013: Lynne Blankenship Caldwell, '79 Virginia

## Members-At-Large, including year his/her term ends

2010: Larry Woods, '75
Kentucky
Larry Owen, '61
North Carolina
Jason Miller, '98
Kentucky

2011: Lowell Hamilton, '61
Alabama
D. Wesley Poythress, ' 89

Indiana

2012: Edward Seay, '95
Georgia
Joe Brandenburg, '71
Georgia
2013: Jason Von Cody, ‘94
Tennessee
William Churchill, '70
Texas

Jennifer Jones Allen, '01
Kentucky
Karen Thomas Troxler, '80 Ohio

Peggy Mitchell Mannering, '71
Florida

Bob Miller, '58
Kentucky
Ronald Dockery, '70
Kentucky

Timothy Jones, '94
Kentucky
Willie Sanders, '69
Florida
David Cook, ‘ 85
Kentucky
Cara Stewart, '03
Kentucky

## YOUNG ALUMNI ADVISORY COUNCIL

## ACADEMIC YEAR 2009-2010

Shawn Adkins, '01
Ohio

Brandy Sloan Brabham, '00
West Virginia

Jarrod Brown, '04
Kentucky

Dwayne Compton, '01
Kentucky

Jennifer Goodpaster, '03
Tennessee

Steve Goodpaster, '03
Tennessee

David Harrison, '01
Kentucky

Jonathan Johnson, '99
Kentucky

Markesha Flagg McCants, '04 Kentucky

Christina Perkins, '98
Tennessee

Jeremy Rotty, '05
Maryland

Renee Waller, '00
Florida

Destiny Harper, '06 Kentucky

## ALUMNI* BY STATE AND U.S. TERRITORIES As of October 2009

| Alabama | 444 | Nebraska | 21 |
| :--- | ---: | :--- | ---: |
| Alaska | 18 | Nevada | 26 |
| Arizona | 113 | New Hampshire | 17 |
| Arkansas | 45 | New Jersey | 74 |
| California | 371 | New Mexico | 50 |
| Colorado | 101 | New York | 168 |
| Connecticut | 48 | North Carolina | 1,357 |
| Delaware | 23 | North Dakota | 3 |
| District of Columbia | 33 | Ohio | 1,174 |
| Florida | 590 | Oklahoma | 33 |
| Georgia | 535 | Oregon | 80 |
| Hawaii | 22 | Pennsylvania | 169 |
| Idaho | 20 | Puerto Rico | 1 |
| lllinois | 238 | Rhode Island | 8 |
| Indiana | 391 | South Carolina | 351 |
| lowa | 48 | South Dakota | 6 |
| Kansas | 30 | Tennessee | 1,396 |
| Kentucky | 643 | Texas | 319 |
| Louisiana | 44 | Utah | 16 |
| Maine | 27 | Vermont | 21 |
| Maryland | 244 | Virgin Islands | 3 |
| Massachusetts | 86 | Virginia | 1,121 |
| Michigan | 195 | Washington | 98 |
| Minnesota | 65 | West Virginia | 550 |
| Mississippi | 39 | Wisconsin | 48 |
| Missouri | 105 | Wyoming | 4 |
| Montana | 23 |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  | Countries other than the U.S.** |

*Alumni include graduates as well as anyone who received academic credit from Berea College, for whom the Alumni Association has a current address.
**For more detail about other countries, please see page 101.

## ALUMNI* BY COUNTRIES <br> ORGANIZED BY CONTINENT <br> As of October 2009



[^11]Source: Alumni Office, October 2009

## ALUMNI* BY OCCUPATION

| Accounting | 164 | Interior Decorating/Design | 9 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Administrative/Clerical/Secretarial | 166 | Journalism | 11 |
| Advertising | 22 | Judiciary | 10 |
| Agriculture/Ranching | 96 | Labor/Human Resources | 14 |
| Animal Science/Veterinary Medicine | 17 | Landscaping | 9 |
| Architecture/Urban Planning | 14 | Law/Legal Services | 156 |
| Art | 43 | Library Science | 117 |
| Arts - Fine | 30 | Management | 346 |
| Arts - Performing/Creative | 47 | Manufacturing | 129 |
| Aviation/Aerospace | 10 | Marketing | 45 |
| Banking | 71 | Mathematics/Statistics | 6 |
| Biological Sciences | 1 | Mechanical | 7 |
| Brokerage/Securities/Investments | 22 | Media | 12 |
| Business - Administration | 79 | Medical/Health (not M.D., RN, Dentist, Pharmacy) | 199 |
| Business - Entrepreneur/Owner | 185 | Merchandising/Sales/Marketing | 26 |
| Business - Management | 95 | Military | 31 |
| Business - Owner | 47 | Ministry | 135 |
| Childcare | 24 | Missionary | 6 |
| City Service Officer | 3 | Musician | 1 |
| Civil Service | 16 | Nonprofit | 9 |
| Clergy | 12 | Nursing | 473 |
| Communications | 27 | Nutrition | 29 |
| Computing/High Technology | 227 | Personal Services | 6 |
| Construction/Contracting | 52 | Personnel/Human Resources | 41 |
| Consulting | 49 | Pharmacology | 5 |
| Counseling | 108 | Pharmacy | 14 |
| Crafts | 6 | Physical Sciences/Math | 12 |
| Dentistry | 22 | Physician | 104 |
| Economics | 2 | Public Relations | 8 |
| Education-Administrative | 361 | Public Service (Firefighter, Police, Sanitation) | 36 |
| Education - Student Affairs | 44 | Publishing | 39 |
| Education - Teaching | 1,494 | Radio/TV/Film | 4 |
| Energy Resources (Oil, etc.) | 20 | Real Estate | 43 |
| Engineering | 133 | Recreation/Leisure Services | 14 |
| Entertainment | 11 | Research/Development | 76 |
| Environmental Science | 33 | Restaurant | 9 |
| Estate Planning/Trusts/Taxation | 1 | Retired | 2,489 |
| Extension Work | 20 | Sales | 130 |
| Fashion/Beauty | 2 | Science | 75 |
| Financial Services | 69 | Self-Employed | 11 |
| Foreign Service | 3 | Social Science | 15 |
| Foundations | 1 | Social Work | 207 |
| Fund Raising | 25 | Sports/Recreation | 14 |
| Funeral Services | 4 | Student | 3 |
| Government - Elected | 45 | Support Staff/Secretaria//Clerical | 25 |
| Government - Non-elected | 169 | Trade/Craft | 36 |
| Graphic Design | 14 | Transportation | 32 |
| Health | 62 | Travel Industry | 9 |
| Homemaking | 258 | Utilities | 19 |
| Hotel/Restaurant/Catering | 40 | Veterinarian | 6 |
| Import/Export | 3 | Volunteerism | 32 |
| Insurance | 76 | Writing | 31 |
|  |  | Unknown (Includes "Other") | 7,787 |
|  |  | TOTAL | 17,657 |
| * Alumni include graduates as well as anyone who received academic credit from Berea College. |  |  |  |
| NOTE: Updates from news items sent by alumni are used. Of the 17,657 alumni on record, information on occupations is known for $56 \%$. |  |  |  |

## ALUMNI* GIVING SUMMARY

Fiscal Year Ended June 30

## Alumni Berea Fund - Goal

Alumni Berea Fund - Received
Other Gifts (includes gift-in-kind)

## TOTAL

Percent Participation - All Alumni**
Percent Participation - All Graduates**

|  | 2005** |  | $\underline{2006}$ |  | $\underline{2007}$ |  | $\underline{2008}$ | $\underline{2009}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| \$ | 775,000 | \$ | 790,000 | \$ | 801,850 | \$ | 815,000 | \$ 835,000 |
| \$ | 855,754 | \$ | 852,796 | \$ | 969,111 | \$ | 985,192 | \$ 1,049,887 |
|  | 2,187,336 |  | 3,551,288 |  | 4,778,929 |  | 2,593,792 | 15,669,649 |
| \$ | 3,043,090 | \$ | 4,404,084 | \$ | 5,748,040 | \$ | 3,578,984 | \$16,719,536 |
|  | 32.1\% |  | 30.0\% |  | 29.4\% |  | 28.0\% | 28.3\% |
|  | 34.5\% |  | 32.6\% |  | 31.2\% |  | 30.1\% | 29.6\% |


*Alumni include graduates as well as anyone who received academic credit from Berea College.
**The percentage of alumni donor participation is based on the number of alumni solicited who are celebrating a reunion year, gift club members, the ten most recent classes, and those whose last gift was made sometime during the last ten years. Beginning in fiscal year ended June 30, 2005, the participation rates include alumni/graduates whose only gifts are through donor-advised funds and family foundations.

Source: College Relations, October 2009

# BEREA COLLEGE <br> DESIGNATION OF FUNDS <br> For Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2009 

## Current Operations

| Berea Fund - Unrestricted | \$ 4,540,941 |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Student Aid - Restricted | 110,367 |  |  |
| Other - Restricted | 916,298 |  |  |
| TOTAL CURRENT OPERATIONS |  | \$ | 5,567,606 |
| Capital Purposes |  | \$ | 536,813 |
| Student Loan Fund |  | \$ | 18,900 |
| Endowment from Gifts and Bequests |  |  |  |
| Restricted | $\begin{array}{r} \$ 1,186,731 \\ 27,735,165 \end{array}$ |  |  |
| Unrestricted |  |  |  |
| TOTAL ENDOWMENT |  |  | 28,921,896 |
| Gift Value of Annuities and Life Income Agreements |  |  | 738,400 |
| TOTAL GIFTS, BEQUESTS, AND GIFT VALUE |  |  |  |
| Gifts-In-Kind |  |  | 57,410 |
| GRAND TOTAL |  |  | 35,841,025 |

## SOURCE OF CONTRIBUTIONS

TO BEREA COLLEGE
For Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2009

| Number <br> of Gifts | Percent of <br> Total Gifts | Dollar <br> Amount | Percent of <br> Total Dollars |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |

Source of Support

| General welfare foundations | 276 | $1.71 \%$ | $\$ 2,031,723$ | $5.67 \%$ |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Corporations and corporate foundations | 492 | $3.05 \%$ | $1,229,634$ | $3.43 \%$ |
| Organizations, associations, and clubs | 64 | $0.40 \%$ | 194,921 | $0.54 \%$ |
| Religious groups | 18 | $0.11 \%$ | 7,992 | $0.02 \%$ |
| Fund-raising consortia | 4 | $0.03 \%$ | 17,301 | $0.05 \%$ |
| Individuals (other than alumni) | 10,210 | $63.36 \%$ | $2,113,646$ | $5.90 \%$ |
| Alumni | 4,681 | $29.05 \%$ | $1,168,050$ | $3.26 \%$ |
| Bequests - Alumni | 42 | $0.26 \%$ | $14,693,116$ | $41.00 \%$ |
| Bequests - Non-Alumni | 241 | $1.50 \%$ | $13,588,832$ | $37.91 \%$ |
|  |  | 16,028 | $99.47 \%$ | $\$ 35,045,215$ |

Gift Value of Annuities and
Life Income Agreements
Alumni
Non-Alumni
TOTAL GIFTS, BEQUESTS, AND
GIFT VALUE OF ANNUITIES AND GIF VALUE OF ANNUIES LIFE INCOME AGREEMENTS 16,058 99.66\% \$ 35,783,615
99.84\%

Gifts-In-Kind
Alumni
Non-Alumni
$110.07 \%$

| 127 | $0.00 \%$ |
| ---: | ---: |
| 57,283 | $0.16 \%$ |

GRAND TOTAL $\quad \underline{16,113} \quad 100.00 \% \quad \$ 35,841,025 \quad 100.00 \%$

Source: College Relations, October, 2009

# BEREA COLLEGE ALUMNI AND FRIENDS GIVING* BY STATE, U.S. TERRITORIES AND OTHER COUNTRIES For Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2009 

|  | Number <br> of Gifts | Dollar <br> Amount |  | Number <br> of Gifts | Dollar <br> Amount |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | :--- | ---: | ---: |
| Alabama | 170 | $\$$ | $1,020,150$ |  | Montana |

*Includes gifts-in-kind and bequests.
Source: College Relations, October, 2009

## BEREA FUND GOALS AND AMOUNTS RECEIVED

FISCAL YEARS 1999-2000 THROUGH 2008-2009

|  | 1999-2000 | 2000-2001 | 2001-2002 | 2002-2003 | 2003-2004 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Goal <br> Received | \$3,790,000 | \$3,900,000 | \$4,050,000 | \$4,150,000 | \$4,000,000 |
|  | \$4,410,050 | \$4,391,390 | \$4,226,765 | \$4,091,714 | \$4,228,691 |
|  | 2004-2005 | 2005-2006 | 2006-2007 | 2007-2008 | 2008-2009 |
| Goal | \$4,000,000 | \$4,060,000 | \$4,120,000 | \$4,200,000 | \$4,245,000 |
| Received | \$4,000,022 | \$4,128,644 | \$4,117,085 | \$4,377,103 | \$4,540,941 |

## Berea Fund: Goals and Amounts Received <br> Fiscal Years 1999-2000 through 2008-2009



Source: College Relations, October 2009

## DONATIONS

Fiscal Years 1999-2000 through 2008-2009


[^12]
## GIFTS FROM ALUMNI AND FRIENDS ORGANIZED BY NUMBER OF DONORS

| Dollar Range | Number of Donors* | Percent of Total Donors | Dollar <br> Amount** | Percent of Total \$ Amount |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Less than 10 | 374 | 3.65\% | 1,405 | 0.00\% |
| 10-24 | 1,069 | 10.44\% | 16,036 | 0.04\% |
| 25-49 | 1,969 | 19.22\% | 54,246 | 0.15\% |
| 50-99 | 2,025 | 19.77\% | 109,502 | 0.31\% |
| 100-199 | 1,971 | 19.24\% | 214,038 | 0.60\% |
| 200-499 | 1,354 | 13.22\% | 349,421 | 0.97\% |
| 500-749 | 485 | 4.73\% | 257,317 | 0.72\% |
| 750-999 | 63 | 0.61\% | 51,128 | 0.14\% |
| 1,000-2,499 | 494 | 4.82\% | 630,599 | 1.76\% |
| 2,500-4,999 | 125 | 1.22\% | 395,635 | 1.10\% |
| 5,000-7,499 | 81 | 0.79\% | 430,588 | 1.20\% |
| 7,500-9,999 | 24 | 0.23\% | 203,410 | 0.57\% |
| 10,000-19,999 | 88 | 0.86\% | 1,155,092 | 3.22\% |
| 20,000-29,999 | 32 | 0.31\% | 767,405 | 2.14\% |
| 30,000-49,999 | 21 | 0.20\% | 758,920 | 2.12\% |
| 50,000-69,999 | 18 | 0.18\% | 1,004,460 | 2.80\% |
| 70,000-99,999 | 10 | 0.10\% | 805,626 | 2.25\% |
| 100,000-149,999 | 16 | 0.16\% | 1,803,757 | 5.03\% |
| 150,000-249,999 | 6 | 0.06\% | 1,154,784 | 3.22\% |
| 250,000-499,999 | 10 | 0.10\% | 3,039,143 | 8.48\% |
| 500,000-999,999 | 4 | 0.04\% | 2,520,193 | 7.03\% |
| 1,000,000-2,499,999 | 2 | 0.02\% | 2,711,524 | 7.57\% |
| 2,500,000 and up | 3 | 0.03\% | 17,406,797 | 48.57\% |
| TOTALS | 10,244 | 100\% | \$35,841,025 | 100\% |

The 10,244 donors gave 16,113 gifts in FY 2009 for a total of $\$ 35,841,025$.

|  |  |
| :--- | ---: |
| Average (Mean) | $\$ 3,499$ |
| Median | $\$ 60$ |
| Mode | $\$ 50$ |

NOTE: Please see page 110 for a breakdown of gifts by the Number of Gifts.
*Donor category is based on total giving for the fiscal year. Only one donor is counted per gift even if two donors received credit.
**Includes gifts-in-kind.
Source: College Relations, October 2009

| Dollar Range | Number of Gifts | Percent of <br> Total \# of Gifts | Dollar <br> Amount* | Percent of <br> Total \$ Amount |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Less than 10 | 1,226 | 7.61\% | \$4,055 | 0.01\% |
| 10-24 | 2,628 | 16.31\% | 37,982 | 0.11\% |
| 25-49 | 3,735 | 23.18\% | 99,597 | 0.28\% |
| 50-99 | 2,748 | 17.05\% | 145,483 | 0.41\% |
| 100-199 | 2,732 | 16.96\% | 286,159 | 0.80\% |
| 200-499 | 1,374 | 8.53\% | 344,342 | 0.96\% |
| 500-749 | 560 | 3.48\% | 289,070 | 0.81\% |
| 750-999 | 40 | 0.25\% | 32,632 | 0.09\% |
| 1,000-2,499 | 549 | 3.41\% | 693,724 | 1.94\% |
| 2,500-4,999 | 141 | 0.88\% | 461,206 | 1.29\% |
| 5,000-7,499 | 123 | 0.76\% | 671,977 | 1.87\% |
| 7,500-9,999 | 32 | 0.20\% | 277,628 | 0.77\% |
| 10,000-19,999 | 104 | 0.65\% | 1,391,351 | 3.88\% |
| 20,000-29,999 | 33 | 0.20\% | 794,686 | 2.22\% |
| 30,000-49,999 | 23 | 0.14\% | 845,679 | 2.36\% |
| 50,000-69,999 | 13 | 0.08\% | 702,384 | 1.96\% |
| 70,000-99,999 | 6 | 0.04\% | 488,549 | 1.36\% |
| 100,000-149,999 | 22 | 0.14\% | 2,439,548 | 6.81\% |
| 150,000-249,999 | 10 | 0.06\% | 1,987,294 | 5.54\% |
| 250,000-499,999 | 6 | 0.04\% | 2,006,963 | 5.60\% |
| 500,000-999,999 | 3 | 0.02\% | 1,961,914 | 5.47\% |
| 1,000,000-2,499,999 | 2 | 0.01\% | 2,500,000 | 6.98\% |
| 2,500,000 and up | 3 | 0.02\% | 17,378,802 | 48.49\% |
| TOTALS | 16,113 | 100\% | \$ 35,841,025 | 100\% |

The 10,244 donors gave 16,113 gifts in FY 2009 for a total of $\$ 35,841,025$.

| Average (Mean) | $\$ 2,224$ |
| :--- | ---: |
| Median | $\$ 50$ |
| Mode | $\$ 25$ |

NOTE: Please see page 109 for a breakdown of gifts by the Number of Donors.
*Includes gifts-in-kind.

Source: College Relations, October 2009

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS YEARS ENDED JUNE 30, 2009 AND 2008

|  | 2009 | 2008 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| OPERATING REVENUE | \$ 77,972,937 | \$ 75,224,258 |
| OPERATING EXPENSES | \$ 69,161,495 | \$ 67,964,732 |
| OPERATING REVENUE IN EXCESS OF EXPENSES FROM CONTINUING OPERATIONS | \$ 8,811,442 | \$ 7,259,526 |
| ADDITIONS TO PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT | \$ 13,796,859 | \$ 9,158,367 |
| LONG-TERM INVESTMENTS OF THE ENDOWMENT AND TUITION REPLACEMENT FUNDS |  |  |
| Original gift value Investments at market | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 399,186,430 \\ & \$ 791,209,800 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{lr} \$ \\ \$ 1,023,254,700 \end{array}$ |
| Interest and dividends, net Return | $\begin{array}{rr} \$ 16,126,355 \\ 1.6 \% \end{array}$ | \$ $\begin{array}{r}21,175,329 \\ 1.9 \%\end{array}$ |
| Market price decrease Return | $\begin{gathered} \$(228,120,519) \\ -22.4 \% \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{array}{r} \$(72,956,786) \\ -6.6 \% \end{array}$ |
| Total return Percent - time weighted | $\begin{array}{r} \$(211,994,164) \\ -20.8 \% \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} \$ \quad(51,781,457) \\ -4.7 \% \end{array}$ |
| CASH AND IN-KIND CONTRIBUTIONS |  |  |
| Cash Gifts Bequests Total cash gifts | $\begin{array}{r} \$ 7,501,667 \\ 28,281,948 \\ \hline 35,783,615 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{rr} \$ & 9,871,990 \\ 16,398,891 \\ \hline 26,270,881 \end{array}$ |
| Gifts-in-kind | 57,410 | 125,907 |
| Total | \$ 35,841,025 | \$ 26,396,788 |

Source: Office of Financial Affairs, October 2009

## STATEMENTS OF FINANCIAL POSITION <br> June 30, 2009 and 2008

| ASSETS | 2009 | 2008 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |
| CURRENT ASSETS |  |  |
| Cash and cash equivalents | 25,541,383 | 23,165,985 |
| Other investments - absolute return fund |  | 5,448,357 |
| Accured interest on investments | 1,580,307 | 2,337,135 |
| Accounts and notes receivable | 3,564,530 | 1,981,139 |
| Inventories | 1,434,029 | 1,624,956 |
| Prepaid expenses and other assets | 114,815 | 51,925 |
| Contributions receivable and bequests in probate | 7,678,037 | 16,447,195 |
| Total current assets | 39,913,101 | 51,056,692 |
| NON-CURRENT PREPAID EXPENSES AND OTHER ASSETS | 2,727,392 | 1,219,279 |
| CONTRIBUTIONS RECEIVABLE AND BEQUESTS IN PROBATE | 2,655,285 | 3,377,313 |
| LONG-TERM RECEIVABLES | 1,312,799 | 1,335,234 |
| LONG-TERM INVESTMENTS |  |  |
| Donor-restricted endowment | 445,508,900 | 573,607,800 |
| Tuition replacement | 345,700,900 | 449,646,900 |
| Annuity and life income | 22,790,400 | 28,767,600 |
| Funds held in trust by others | 18,860,900 | 23,684,800 |
| Total long-term investments | 832,861,100 | 1,075,707,100 |
| BOND PROCEEDS FOR CAPITAL ADDITIONS | 3,265,911 | - |
| BOND DEFEASANCE ESCROW | - | 503,443 |
| PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT (net) | 149,801,990 | 142,149,654 |
| Total assets | $\underline{\text { \$ 1,032,537,578 }}$ | $\underline{\text { \$ 1,275,348,715 }}$ |
| LIABILITIES AND NET ASSETS |  |  |
| CURRENT LIABILITIES |  |  |
| Accounts payable and accrued expenses | \$ 4,991,787 | \$ 6,235,943 |
| Accrued salaries and wages | 2,792,342 | 2,631,745 |
| Deposits and agency funds | 475,517 | 418,251 |
| Deferred income | 144,722 | 111,707 |
| Current maturities of long-term debt | 1,914,982 | 2,195,000 |
| Total current liabilities | 10,319,350 | 11,592,646 |
| LONG-TERM LIABILITIES |  |  |
| Actuarial liability for annuities payable and other liabilities | 15,530,163 | 14,989,580 |
| Long-term debt | 62,060,567 | 60,105,000 |
| Total long-term liabilities | 77,590,730 | 75,094,580 |
| Total liabilities | 87,910,080 | 86,687,226 |
| NET ASSETS |  |  |
| Unrestricted | 615,759,311 | 816,355,437 |
| Temporarily restricted | 81,449,675 | 126,983,479 |
| Permanently restricted | 247,418,512 | 245,322,573 |
| Total net assets | 944,627,498 | 1,188,661,489 |
| Total liabilities and net assets | \$ 1,032,537,578 | \$ 1,275,348,715 |

## STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES YEARS ENDED JUNE 30, 2009 AND 2008

## OPERATING REVENUE

Spendable return from long-term investments
Gifts and donations
Federal grants
Cost of education fees paid by federal and state scholarships
Fees paid by students
Other income
Residence halls and food service
Student industries and rentals
Net assets released from restrictions

Gross operating revenue
Less: Student aid
Net operating revenue
OPERATING EXPENSES
Program Services --
Educational and general
Residence halls and food service
Student industries and rentals
Total program services
Support services
Total operating expenses
Operating revenue in excess of operating expenses
from continuing operations

## OTHER CHANGES IN NET ASSETS

Gain on sale of property, plant, and equipment
Loss on valuation of interest rate swaps
Investment return less than amounts designated for current operations
Gifts and bequests restricted or designated for longterm investments
Restricted gifts for property, plant and equipment and other specific purposes
Restricted spendable return on endowment investments
Reclassification of net assets released from restrictions Net adjustment of annuity payment and deferred giving liability

## Total change in net assets

| \$ | 44,950,728 | \$ | 41,511,289 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 5,351,568 |  | 5,260,535 |
|  | 7,421,522 |  | 7,346,497 |
|  | 2,755,000 |  | 2,615,000 |
|  | 1,508,813 |  | 1,430,102 |
|  | 2,462,116 |  | 3,854,924 |
|  | 7,516,824 |  | 7,280,522 |
|  | 3,263,481 |  | 3,748,822 |
|  | 5,765,578 |  | 5,202,704 |
|  | $\begin{array}{r} 80,995,630 \\ (3,022,693) \\ \hline \end{array}$ |  | $\begin{gathered} 78,250,395 \\ (3,026,137) \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ |
|  | 77,972,937 |  | 75,224,258 |
|  | 44,285,917 |  | 43,800,318 |
|  | 7,107,081 |  | 7,421,851 |
|  | 5,309,036 |  | 4,703,052 |
|  | 56,702,034 |  | 55,925,221 |
|  | 12,459,461 |  | 12,039,511 |
|  | 69,161,495 |  | 67,964,732 |
|  | 8,811,442 |  | 7,259,526 |
|  | $\begin{gathered} 91,849 \\ (2,085,100) \end{gathered}$ |  | $\begin{gathered} 24,540 \\ (2,013,900) \end{gathered}$ |
|  | $(267,365,773)$ |  | $(100,289,606)$ |
|  | 19,817,309 |  | 14,651,072 |
|  | 1,180,962 |  | 998,809 |
|  | 5,596,981 |  | 5,178,360 |
|  | $(5,765,578)$ |  | $(5,202,704)$ |
|  | $(4,316,083)$ |  | $(2,157,874)$ |
| \$ | $(244,033,991)$ | \$ | $(81,551,777)$ |

Source: Office of Financial Affairs, October 2009

## TEN-YEAR SUMMARY OF MARKET VALUES AND HISTORICAL BOOK VALUES

| June 30, | Fiscal Year-End <br> Market Value <br> Of Long-Term | Historical <br> Book |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Investments | $\underline{\text { Value }^{*}}$ |  |
| 2000 | $861,302,700$ | $217,908,897$ |
| 2001 | $788,263,200$ | $231,656,539$ |
| 2002 | $716,522,800$ | $253,657,334$ |
| 2004 | $695,812,000$ | $270,794,617$ |
| 2005 | $794,962,600$ | $291,178,337$ |
| 2006 | $861,678,500$ | $310,184,731$ |
| 2007 | $948,737,700$ | $328,194,014$ |
| 2008 | $1,102,272,000$ | $349,235,652$ |
| 2009 | $1,023,254,700$ | $368,689,457$ |
|  | $791,209,800$ | $399,186,430$ |

*Historical Book Value represents the accumulated value of all additions to long-term investments from inception.


Source: Office of Financial Affairs, October 2009

# ASSET ALLOCATION OF LONG-TERM INVESTMENTS YEARS ENDED JUNE 30, 2009 AND 2008 

| Endowment and Tuition Replacement: | 2009 |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |
| Pooled Investments - |  |  |  |  |
| U.S. equities | \$ | 225,920,800 | \$ | 314,991,100 |
| International equities |  | 164,560,000 |  | 222,820,000 |
| Corporate notes and bonds |  | 76,710,900 |  | 91,079,100 |
| U.S. Government securities |  | 37,327,300 |  | 38,404,300 |
| Foreign bonds |  | 735,400 |  | 454,800 |
| Structured notes |  | 30,085,700 |  | 69,621,600 |
| Private equity - venture capital |  | 8,709,600 |  | 11,905,900 |
| Private equity - buy out |  | 20,537,900 |  | 17,709,800 |
| Private equity - debt funds |  | 7,318,200 |  | 5,229,400 |
| Private equity - fund of funds |  | 41,234,700 |  | 51,953,100 |
| Hedge funds |  | 110,087,200 |  | 133,908,800 |
| Real estate |  | 895,800 |  | 1,247,900 |
| Short-term investments and cash |  | 64,068,900 |  | 60,542,600 |
| Total |  | 788,192,400 |  | 1,019,868,400 |
| Non Pooled Investments - |  |  |  |  |
| U.S. equities |  | 11,500 |  | 248,600 |
| Corporate notes and bonds |  | - |  | 101,400 |
| U.S. Government securities |  | - |  | 20,700 |
| Real estate |  | 2,978,500 |  | 2,978,500 |
| Short-term investments and cash |  | 27,400 |  | 37,100 |
| Total |  | 3,017,400 |  | 3,386,300 |
| Total endowment and tuition replacement |  | 791,209,800 |  | 1,023,254,700 |
| Annuity and Life Income: |  |  |  |  |
| Pooled Annuity Investments - |  | 5,572,900 |  | 9,045,200 |
| U.S. equities |  | 2,918,100 |  | 1,952,900 |
| International equities |  | 1,237,100 |  | 4,338,000 |
| Corporate notes and bonds |  | 1,770,700 |  | - |
| Short-term investments and cash |  | 191,600 |  | 237,700 |
| Total |  | 11,690,400 |  | 15,573,800 |
| Separately Invested Trusts - |  |  |  |  |
| U.S. equities |  | 4,383,200 |  | 6,112,300 |
| International equities |  | 2,341,200 |  | 1,394,100 |
| Corporate notes and bonds |  | 2,313,000 |  | 4,726,500 |
| U.S. Government securities |  | 1,455,700 |  | 330,200 |
| Real estate |  | 330,000 |  | 330,000 |
| Short-term investments and cash |  | 276,900 |  | 300,700 |
| Total |  | 11,100,000 |  | 13,193,800 |
| Total annuity and life income |  | 22,790,400 |  | 28,767,600 |
| Funds Held in Trust by Others: Where Berea College receives all or a stipulated percent of income |  | 18,860,900 |  | 23,684,800 |
| Total long-term investments | \$ | 832,861,100 | \$ | 1,075,707,100 |

Source: Office of Financial Affairs, October 2009

## FISCAL YEAR 2009-2010 <br> OPERATING BUDGET HIGHLIGHTS

SOURCES OF REVENUES USED FOR EDUCATIONAL AND GENERAL PURPOSES

| Endowment Spendable Return | $\$ 31,750,300$ <br> $78.4 \%$ |
| :--- | ---: |
| Gifts for Current Operations | $\$$$\$, 800,000$ <br> $9.4 \%$ |
| Federal and State Sources | $\$$$3,988,000$ <br> $9.9 \%$ |
| Other Miscellaneous Income | $\$ 1,123,000$ |
| $2.8 \%$ |  |

## CURRENT OPERATING BUDGET

## REVENUES

Gross Endowment Income
Less: Capital and Plant Fund
TCERF
Net Endowment Income
Gifts for Current Operations
Cost of Education Fees
Federal Work Study Grant
Fees Paid by Students
Other Income
TOTAL

Student Industries and Rentals Residence Halls and Food Service

TOTAL REVENUES

## EXPENDITURES

| Educational and General | $40,489,100$ | $42,988,000$ | $(2,498,900)$ | $-5.81 \%$ |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Student Industries and Rentals | $5,212,000$ | $4,787,000$ | 425,000 | $8.88 \%$ |
| Residence Halls and Food Service | $7,402,000$ | $7,434,300$ | $(32,300)$ | $-0.43 \%$ |
| TOTAL EXPENDITURES | $\ldots 53,103,100$ | $55,209,300$ | $(2,106,200)$ | $-3.81 \%$ |

Excess of Revenues over Expenditures $\xlongequal{\$-} \xlongequal{\$ 1} \xlongequal{\$ 1}-$

## EDUCATIONAL AND GENERAL BUDGET SUMMARY

## REVENUES

| $2009-10$ <br> Budget | $2008-09$ <br> Budget |  | Dollar <br> Change | Percentage <br> Change |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |
| $40,715,000$ | $\$$ | $43,028,000$ | $\$(2,313,000)$ | $-5.38 \%$ |
| $(5,174,400)$ | $(5,651,200)$ | 476,800 | $-8.44 \%$ |  |
| $(3,790,300)$ | $(3,048,800)$ | $(741,500)$ | $24.32 \%$ |  |
| $31,750,300$ | $34,328,000$ |  | $(2,577,700)$ | $-7.51 \%$ |

EXPENDITURES

| Salaries and Wages |  | 22,437,600 |  | 23,797,350 |  | $(1,359,750)$ | -5.71\% |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Salary Churn |  | $(350,000)$ |  | $(350,000)$ |  | - |  |
| Net Salaries and Wages |  | 22,087,600 |  | 23,447,350 |  | $(1,359,750)$ | -5.80\% |
| Fringe Benefits |  | 5,759,300 |  | 6,101,000 |  | $(341,700)$ | -5.60\% |
| Student Payroll |  | 2,905,000 |  | 2,905,000 |  | - | - |
| Net Controllable Expense |  | 8,984,200 |  | 9,781,650 |  | $(797,450)$ | -8.15\% |
| Computer Capital Fund |  | 448,000 |  | 448,000 |  | - | - |
| Equipment Reserve |  | 202,000 |  | 202,000 |  | - | - |
| Strategic Planning Initiatives |  | 103,000 |  | 103,000 |  | - | - |
| TOTAL EXPENDITURES |  | 40,489,100 |  | 42,988,000 |  | $(2,498,900)$ | -5.81\% |
| Excess of Revenues over Expenditures | \$ | - | \$ | - | \$ | - |  |

Source: Office of Financial Affairs, October 2009

## CURRENT OPERATING EDUCATIONAL AND GENERAL EXPENDITURES

## 5-Year History

| Classification by Function | 2004-05 <br> Actual | \% of <br> Total |  | 2005-06 <br> Actual | \% of <br> Total |  | 2006-07 <br> Actual | \% of <br> Total | 2007-08 <br> Actual | \% of <br> Total | 2008-09 <br> Actual | \% of <br> Total |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Instruction | \$ 12,340,735 | 33.1\% | \$ | 13,431,338 | 34.6\% | \$ | 13,376,736 | 35.3\% | \$ 14,419,651 | 36.0\% | \$14,573,495 | 36.1\% |
| Public Service | 519,614 | 1.4\% |  | 500,696 | 1.3\% |  | 473,648 | 1.2\% | 665,021 | 1.7\% | 672,540 | 1.7\% |
| Academic Support | 3,755,045 | 10.1\% |  | 3,915,217 | 10.1\% |  | 3,949,316 | 10.4\% | 4,376,280 | 10.9\% | 4,327,149 | 10.7\% |
| Student Services and Activities | 4,145,184 | 11.1\% |  | 4,487,701 | 11.6\% |  | 4,589,786 | 12.1\% | 5,010,511 | 12.5\% | 5,011,224 | 12.4\% |
| General and Administrative | 6,619,883 | 17.8\% |  | 5,752,119 | 14.8\% |  | 6,264,070 | 16.5\% | 6,450,592 | 16.1\% | 6,900,806 | 17.1\% |
| Development and Alumni | 3,171,950 | 8.5\% |  | 3,209,703 | 8.3\% |  | 3,342,764 | 8.8\% | 3,640,952 | 9.1\% | 3,500,017 | 8.7\% |
| Plant Operations | 5,701,900 | 15.3\% |  | 6,901,271 | 17.8\% |  | 5,301,984 | 14.0\% | 4,745,671 | 11.9\% | 4,594,491 | 11.4\% |
| Capital and Special Projects | 1,040,300 | 2.8\% |  | 644,700 | 1.7\% |  | 641,500 | 1.7\% | 731,000 | 1.8\% | 753,000 | 1.9\% |
| TOTAL | \$ 37,294,611 | 100.0\% | \$ | 38,842,745 | 100.0\% | \$ | 37,939,804 | 100.0\% | \$ 40,039,678 | 100.0\% | \$ 40,332,722 | 100.0\% |

Source: Office of Financial Affairs, October 2009

## RESIDENCE LIVING <br> Academic Year 2009-2010

The fifteen traditional residence halls comprise an important component of a Berea College education. Varying in architecture, size, room arrangement and traditions, the residential experience is based on a shared sense of common good, something students should learn to value and seek to create throughout their lives. Via student staff and residents, a sense of community is fostered within each hall to provide an environment that is conducive to both academics and friendships. Both first-year and upperclassmen students live in the traditional residence halls.

The Ecovillage is an ecologically-sustainable residential and learning complex designed to meet housing needs for student families, childcare for campus children, and provide a living/labor opportunity for students interested in sustainability. The Harrison-McLain Home Management House is utilized for the family resource management practicum and serves as an upper level female residence hall for selected departmental majors.

Traditional
$\frac{\text { Residence Halls* }}{\text { Anna Smith }} \quad \frac{\text { Capacity }}{80}$
Bingham 67

Blue Ridge 100
Dana 132
Danforth 146
Edwards 33
Elizabeth Rogers 89
Estill St. Res. Complex 46
Fairchild 75
James 104
Kentucky 94
Kettering 146
Pearsons 118
Seabury 38
Talcott $\quad 88$
Subtotal 1,356
$\frac{\text { Houses }}{\text { Home Management House } 11}$
$\frac{\text { Family Housing }}{\text { Ecovillage }} 65$

| Farm Houses/College Buildings |  |
| :--- | ---: |
| Head House |  |
| Hunt Acres |  |
| Subtotal |  |
|  |  |
|  |  |

TOTAL 1,437
Capacity for Women (848)
Capacity for Men (589)

As of October 8, 2009, approximately $90 \%$ of students lived in college housing.

## CAPITAL CONSTRUCTION PROJECTS, 1980-2009

## New Construction

Project

| Racquetball Courts | 1993 |
| :--- | :--- |
| Ross Jelkyl Drama Building | 1994 |
| Farm Mix Mill and Hog Feeding Floor | 1995 |
| Athletic Track | 1995 |
| Mueller Woodcraft Building Track | 1996 |
| Married Student Housing | 2004 |
| Hutchins Library Addition | 2006 |
| Computer Center Addition | 2009 |
| Married Student Housing |  |

## Renovations

## Date

Campus Child Care Program<br>Seabury Center<br>Farrowing House - College Farms<br>Tennis Courts<br>Tennis Pavilion<br>Child Development Laboratory at EcoVillage<br>Central Plant Building/Distribution<br>Fee Glade

## Project <br> Elizabeth Rogers Residence Hall 1999

Pearsons Hall Fire Escape 1999
Kentucky Residence Hall 1999
James Residence Hall
Goldthwaite Agriculture Building 1999 and Addition
Science Hall Renovation and Addition
President's Home
Talcott Residence Hall
Frost Basement - Computer Lab
ARC House Renovation 2001
Pearson Residence Hall 2001
Boone Tavern
2002
Blue Ridge Residence Hall 2002
Kentucky Annex
Hutchins Library Renovation 2002
Berea College Health Service 2002
Draper Building - Center for Effective 2002 Communication

2003
Lincoln Hall Basement - 2003 Duplicating Services Center 2003
Utilities/Laundry 2003
Students for Appalachia - Trades 2003 Building
Alumni Building
2003

- 2004

Draper Classrooms
2004
President's Home
Alumni Building
Boone Tavern
Edwards $1^{\text {st }} \& 2^{\text {nd }}$ floors (Administrative Offices) 2006
Resurfacing of Track
Systems upgraded in Dana Residence Hall 2006
Phelps Stokes - Seating and Refinishing 2007
Married Student Laundry
2007
Frost Renovation
2007
Food Service Renovation 2008
Science Laboratories
2008
Computer Center
Craft Center
2008
Crossroads Complex
2008
Fairchild Residence Hall

Log House Remodel
Phelps-Stokes Air Conditioning
Alumni Building Remodel
Appalachian Center/Bruce Building
Student House/Jackson Street (Knight House)
Danforth Residence Hall
Kettering Residence Hall
Bruce/Trades (phase one)
Draper Carillon
Bruce/Trades (phase two)/Connector
Blue Ridge Residence Hall
Student Parking Lot Improvements
Draper Building
Kentucky Residence Hall
Art Gallery Addition
Soccer Field Complex
College Bookstore Renovation
Computer Center Renovation
Talcott/Annex Residence Hall Renovation
Presser Hall Renovation
Lincoln Hall Renovation
EcoVillage Apartments
EcoVillage SENS House
Baseball/Softball Fields
James Hall Renovation
Boone Tavern Garage Renovation for:
Public Relations Department
Visitors Center at College Square
Central Plant
Campus Building Retro Fits
Resurfacing of the Track
Sturt Cottage
Haaga House
Pearsons Residence Hall
Middletown School
Appalachian Center Gallery Renovation
Elizabeth Rogers Renovation
Edwards $3^{\text {rd }}$ Floor (Residence Hall) Renovation
Seabury Center Gym Floor Replacement
Emery Building
Boone Tavern
Edwards $3^{\text {rd }}$ Floor (Residence Hall) (phase two)

## HUTCHINS LIBRARY

## (Fiscal Year 2009)

| Library Collections |  | Total Net Added During Fiscal Year | Total Number Held at End of Fiscal Year |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Print Collection (books, bound serials and government documents) |  |  |  |
| Volumes (item count) |  | 0 | 381,418 |
| Media Collection (phono records, videos, CDs, DVDs and audio tapes) |  |  |  |
| Volumes (item count) |  | 858 | 13,273 |
| Electronic Collection |  |  |  |
| E-books and cataloged websites |  | 4,476 | 71,889 |
| Digitized audio (hours) |  | [350] | [1.350] |
| Berea Digital (pages/images) |  | 1,689 | 1,689 |
| Microforms (books, journals and newspapers) |  |  |  |
| Physical units |  | 2,709 | 147,680 |
| Serials (journals and serials) |  |  |  |
| Print \& microform subscriptions: journals and serials |  | (10) | 840 |
| Electronic titles: journals and serials |  | 0 | 1,039 |
| Full-text journals available through databases |  | 4,613 | 37,154 |
| Manuscripts and Archives (in linear feet) |  | 208 | 4,940 |
| Cartographic Material (in units) |  | 0 | [2,500] |
| Library Expenditures Amount |  |  |  |
| Books - paper and microforms | \$ | 96,786 |  |
| Periodicals- paper and microforms |  | 168,214 |  |
| Serials - paper and microforms |  | 30,882 |  |
| Electronic resources |  | 178,392 |  |
| Media |  | 15,518 |  |
| Microform |  | 25,791 |  |
| Preservation |  | 10,972 |  |
| TOTAL ACQUISITIONS EXPENDITURES | \$ | 526,555 |  |
| Acquisitions Expenditures per Student | \$ | 353.63 |  |

Source: Hutchins Library, October 2009 [http://www.berea.edu/hutchinslibrary/](http://www.berea.edu/hutchinslibrary/)

## HUTCHINS LIBRARY, continued (Fiscal Year 2009)

## Library Services

| Main Library hours open per week Special Collections hours open per week | 94.25 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Library Instruction - General Studies Program | Sessions |  |
| GSTR 110 (first year) | 59 |  |
| GSTR 210 (first year) | 29 |  |
| Other General Studies Courses | 6 |  |
| Other Courses | 32 |  |
| Special Collections | 16 |  |
| Outside Groups | 3 |  |
| TOTAL | 142 |  |
| Percentage of GSTR First-Year courses with library sessions |  |  |
| GSTR 110 (2 Sessions) | 100\% |  |
| GSTR 210 (1 Session) | 100\% |  |
| Reference and Research Assistance |  |  |
| Library Reference Desk Transactions Total | 3,911 |  |
| Research Consultations | 50 |  |
| Special Collections Reading Room Visits Total | 984 |  |
| Special Collections Reference Requests (non-visits) | 1,046 |  |
| Computer Access |  |  |
| Public Access Workstations | 12 |  |
| Public Network Connections | 102 |  |
| Wireless Network Connections | Yes |  |
| Circulation Transactions | Number | Average per Student FTE |
| Print and media collections - faculty and staff | 6,193 |  |
| Print and media collections - students | 36,029 | 24.2 |
| Print collections - town | 1,369 |  |
| TOTAL | 43,585 |  |
| Reserve materials | 431 |  |
| Equipment (computers and media) uses | 1,542 |  |
| Classrooms and study rooms uses | 7,660 |  |
| Special Collections uses | 1,909 |  |
| Electronic collection searches | 228,830 |  |
| Berea Digital searches | 1,107 |  |
| Interlibrary Loan | Number |  |
| Provided to other libraries | 3,381 |  |
| Received from other libraries | 1,776 |  |

Source: Hutchins Library, October 2009
[http://www.berea.edu/hutchinslibrary/](http://www.berea.edu/hutchinslibrary/)

## INFORMATION SYSTEMS AND SERVICES

Information Systems and Services (IS\&S) supports the campus information and communications infrastructure in support of student success and institutional effectiveness. This includes instructional and media technologies, administrative systems, analytical tools, web/portal applications, wireless, VOIP and much more. IS\&S serves the College's mission by maintaining a robust technology infrastructure designed to address current needs and future growth.

## Technology Infrastructure:

Campus Network: The campus is connected electronically by a fiber optic network backbone which provides access to resources from every residence hall, administrative, and academic building. Wireless network connectivity is provided in the Hutchins Library, Draper, Science, Frost, Woods-Penn, Knapp Hall and the Technology and Industrial Arts buildings as well as the Quad and Crossroads outdoor spaces. The campus network is secured by Microsoft Active Directory account management and by Cisco Clean Access network access control. The network is subdivided into VLAN's to allow appropriate restrictions to traffic between different areas of the campus.

Communications Capabilities: All faculty, staff, and students have e-mail accounts using Microsoft Exchange 2007 Server and Microsoft Outlook, available both on campus and via the Internet. E-mail accounts are also offered to retirees. The e-mail system includes public folders in which announcements or discussion interactions can be posted for all to see. All faculty and staff offices and each residence hall room have telephone extensions set up on the campus PBX system. Network based VoIP phones are in use in several departments and over time the Cisco VoIP Call Manager will replace the Nortel Meridian PBX system. AT\&T cell phones or PDA phones are provided to staff who need mobile communication for their jobs.

Desktop Computers and Software: IS\&S supports a large inventory of desktop and laptop computers for use by students, faculty and staff. Dell computers are the standard system, though some faculty and staff use Apple computers due to the requirements of their discipline. IS\&S is qualified as a self maintainer for both Dell and Apple computers so all computer repairs can be accomplished quickly on site. Software site licenses are provided for Microsoft Office 2007, Filemaker Pro, EndNote, and McAfee Antivirus, making these functions available to all faculty, staff and students. Concurrent user licenses are available for many software packages used in teaching and for Adobe Creative Suite CS2 graphics and publishing programs and SPSS basic statistics used for both academic and administrative functions.

Internet Access: The campus is connected to the Internet via Kentucky's KPEN statewide contract. The current setup provides 65 Megabits/second bandwidth into and out of the campus. Campus systems are protected from hackers, viruses, and other threats by industry standard firewall, enterprise wide virus protection and web filtering devices. Bandwidth is managed by a packet shaping device to give priority to teaching and learning over recreational use.

Network Resources: In addition to e-mail, the network connects users to various servers which provide file storage space or specific applications. Applications include the Blackboard course management system, the ID card and access control system, FileMaker database servers, the BANNER administrative database system, the MyBerea web portal, and the Berea.edu web site. A Equitrac Express print management system operated by the Printing Services department manages all network connected laser printers and copiers. All campus copiers are multi-function devices that can also be used as scanners or printers.

Technical Support: IS\&S operates a Help Desk providing phone support for faculty, staff and students who have computer or phone problems or who need instruction in using computers, phones, or core software. Laptop computer users can also bring their computer to the Computer Center for assistance or for repair service. IS\&S student and staff technicians are available to come to faculty and staff offices to troubleshoot and repair computers. Media Services, also located in the Computer Center, provides support for projectors and other audio-visual equipment used in classrooms or for meetings and projects. Media Services is also responsible for support of mobile phones. The Computer Center services are open 8-5 on weekdays.

Source: Information Systems and Services, October 2009

## INFORMATION SYSTEMS AND SERVICES, continued

## Supporting Student Success:

Academic Software: Students have access to a wide range of software applicable to various academic disciplines. Most software will run on the EDGE laptop computers, though some are available only in specialized computer labs. Examples include Maple for math and physics students, Autodesk products for CAD, ChemDraw for chemistry classes, Sibelius for music scoring and Final Cut Express for video editing.

Course Management System: The Blackboard Learning Management System (LMS) allows faculty to manage courses online, to post course information and syllabus documents, to communicate with students, to facilitate student discussion and collaboration, to receive paperless assignment documents, and to access some electronic testing features. Students and faculty are able to access their Blackboard account from the MyBerea portal via the campus network or over the Internet. Conversation from Blackboard to Moodle, an open source LMS, will begin during the 2009-2010 academic year.

EDGE Laptop Program: The EDGE (Empowering a Dynamic Generation in Education) program provides a laptop computer for each student. The program is primarily funded through a special endowment. The laptop computers are able to run almost all of the software used in teaching, allowing students to gain much more experience with the software than was available in traditional computer labs. Computer labs remain for specialized software that require an Apple computer or that can be run more efficiently or at a lower cost in a lab environment.

Faculty Support: Faculty are provided with technology tools for their teaching based on their particular discipline's best practices and their personal style. Each professor has a laptop computer comparable to those in use by students, allowing him or her to develop electronic activities for students to engage in. Most classrooms are equipped with digital projectors and many also include multi-media systems providing a range of media input options. The Instructional Technology Resource Center in the Hutchins Library is available to assist faculty with technology usage and to support students whose assignments require specialized software or equipment. The Media Services center is also available to faculty for checkout of audio-visual equipment and for media production services such as audio and video editing, poster and banner printing, media conversions and copying, and lamination.

MyBerea Portal: MyBerea, launched in Spring 2008, brings together many information resources and self-service features utilized by students. It provides web-browser-based access to e-mail, the course management system, and many units of information that will be helpful to students navigating college life without requiring them to have special knowledge to find or access the resources. The portal interface to our Banner administrative system allows easy viewing of course schedules, grades, student financial accounts, and payroll information, and provides for self-service course registration and emergency contact updates. MyBerea also offers features to faculty and advisors that allow them to communicate with students and monitor their status.

Specialized Equipment Access: Through the Instructional Technology Resource Center, students and faculty can utilize technology that is not yet widely available in classrooms or labs. Examples include digital audio and video editing, smartboards and classroom feedback clicker devices. IS\&S staff and student technicians are available at the center to assist faculty or students with projects. Students and faculty can also check out equipment from the Media Services desk located in the Computer Center and use the equipment for projects. Examples of available equipment include portable PA systems, cameras, audio recorders and projectors.

## INFORMATION SYSTEMS AND SERVICES, continued

## Supporting Institutional Effectiveness:

Enterprise Data Systems: The College uses the Banner software from Sungard Higher Education, an integrated administrative system for financial, student records, financial aid, human resources/payroll, and alumni/development functions. The Student, Finance and Employee self-service modules of Banner allow for access to Banner information and functions through the MyBerea portal. BANNER is supplemented by NOLIJ, a document image management system which stores electronic copies of applications for admission, financial aid statements, purchase orders, invoices, and other documents.

MyBerea Portal: The MyBerea portal brings together a wide range of information, functions and links to make faculty and staff work life easier and more efficient. Faculty can view their class schedules, class lists, advisees' transcripts and grades, and manage their advisees' registration process using self-service functions. Faculty and staff can view e-mail as well as personal employment and payroll information. Blackboard and Banner can be accessed via the portal when applicable.

Personal Computers and Phones: All faculty and most staff are provided with a personal laptop or desktop computer for personal productivity and for access to e-mail and other campus network resources and the Internet. Faculty and staff offices are equipped with telephones for communication on and off campus, and cell phones or PDA phones are provided to staff who need mobile communication for their job function

Specialized Applications: Specialized applications support various administrative functions across campus including Chemical Inventory, Electronic Lock Access Management, ID Card production, Printer/Copier control/payment, Health Clinic appointment scheduling and others. IS\&S assists departments with selecting software to be sure it will function well on the network and standard computing equipment. IS\&S will also establish and refine appropriate operational and support structures as appropriate to support new and emerging technologies. Functional support for specialized software is typically obtained directly from software providers.

| Statistics: | $\underline{2008-09}$ | $\underline{\mathbf{2 0 0 9 - 1 0}}$ |
| :--- | ---: | ---: |
| Technology Infrastructure: |  |  |
| Internet Connection Speed (megabits/second) | 45 | 65 |
| Network Backbone Speed (megabits/second) | 6,000 | 20,000 |
| Network Ports | 7,000 | 7,000 |
| Campus phone extensions | 2,180 | 2,180 |
| Personal computers | 2,777 | 2,664 |
| Networked printers | 141 | 126 |
| Networked MFD/copiers | $\mathrm{n} / \mathrm{a}$ | 52 |
| Supporting Student Success: |  |  |
| Student laptop computers | 1522 | 1543 |
| Computers in departmental labs | 85 | 105 |
| Classrooms with 1 port per seat | 37 | 37 |
| Classrooms with Wireless Network | 8 | 8 |
| Classrooms with Digital Projectors | 52 | 52 |
| Other meeting rooms with projectors | 10 | 10 |
| Classrooms with Multi-Media | 21 | 10 |
| Other meeting rooms with Multi-Media | 318 | 21 |
| Courses utilizing Blackboard LMS |  | 10 |
|  |  | 371 |
| Supporting Institutional Effectiveness: |  |  |
| Staff and Faculty | 634 |  |
| Computers | 705 | 63 |
| Phones | 63 | 705 |
| Cell Phones |  | 60 |


[^0]:    Source: Berea College Faculty Manual, August 2009 <www.berea.edu/df/facultymanual/campusgovernance/fccstructure/default.asp>

[^1]:    *Includes only full-time faculty whose duties are primarily teaching. Does not include sabbatical replacements

[^2]:    * 2007-2008 data have been corrected from last year's Fact Book. (The number of faculty has been corrected from 126 to 128

[^3]:    Source: Admissions Office, annual editions of the First-Year Student's Application Report

[^4]:    **Other Freshmen - Includes continuing (students who were enrolled at Berea during the previous term), returning (students previously enrolled, withdrew, and subsequently accepted for readmission), and transfer students (students who have been enrolled at another post secondary institution) who are classified as freshman.

[^5]:    *Denotes cohort numbers that have been adjusted due to the death of a student. In each case, the number in the cohort has been reduced by one.
    **Includes expulsion, disciplinary, labor, convocation, and administrative dismissals.

[^6]:    *Denotes cohort numbers that have been adjusted due to the death of a student. In each case, the number in the cohort has been reduced by one.
    **Includes expulsion, disciplinary, labor, convocation, and administrative dismissals.

[^7]:    *This is a duplicative headcount that includes double degrees and double majors.
    **Please see page 77 for a more complete description of independent majors.
    Note: These totals reflect majors from September 1 through July 1 of each academic year.

[^8]:    * These are duplicative headcounts that include double degrees and double majors. The 1,589 majors represent 1,482 graduates during this five-year time period.
    **Please see page 77 for a more complete description of independent majors.

[^9]:    *These are duplicative headcounts that include double degrees and double majors. Please see page 71 for an unduplicated headcount
    ** Some students graduated with these majors as in "Independent" major prior to this year.
    **Please see page 77 for a more complete description of independent majors
    Note: These totals reflect majors from September 1 through July 1 of each year.

[^10]:    *Other students may have participated in the program but were funded by sources other than the URCPP budget. Additional department-approved undergraduate research experiences take place on and off campus, as well.
    ** One project with one faculty member and one student was discontinued mid-summer when the student transferred.
    Source: Academic Services, December 2009
    [http://www.berea.edu/academicservices/studyopportunites.asp](http://www.berea.edu/academicservices/studyopportunites.asp)

[^11]:    *Alumni include graduates as well as anyone who received academic credit from Berea College, for whom the Alumni Association has a current address.
    **For more detail about the United States, please see page 100.

[^12]:    Source: College Relations, October 2009

