## Student Financial Status and Debt Report June 2020



## Compiled by the

Office of Institutional Research and Assessment

## I. Relevant Definitions

Direct Subsidized loans - Need-based loans which are awarded to students for a variety of reasons: term bills, books, off-campus living expenses, education abroad, etc.

Direct Unsubsidized loans - Non-need-based loans which are primarily used to replace Expected Family Contribution (EFC) for term bill balances and education abroad opportunities

Expected Family Contribution (EFC): A number that is used to determine a student's eligibility for federal student aid. This number results from the financial information the student provides on his or her Free Application for Federal Student Aid (FAFSA). The EFC is reported on the Student Aid Report (SAR). Financial aid administrators determine an applicant's need for federal student aid from the U.S. Department of Education and other sources of assistance by subtracting the EFC from the student's cost of attendance.

Federal grants (grants/educational assistance funds) - Grants provided by federal agencies such as the U.S. Department of Education, including Title IV Pell Grants and Supplemental Educational Opportunity Grants (SEOG). Also includes need-based and merit-based educational assistance funds and training vouchers provided from other federal agencies and/or federallysponsored educational benefits programs, including the Veteran's Administration, Department of Labor, and other federal agencies.

Federal loans - Include subsidized Stafford and unsubsidized, Perkins, and Parents PLUS loans awarded primarily for term bill balances and education abroad opportunities.

Institutional grants - Scholarships and fellowships granted and funded by the institution and/or individual departments within the institution, (i.e., instruction, research, public service) that may contribute indirectly to the enhancement of these programs. Includes scholarships targeted to certain individuals (e.g., based on state of residence, major field of study, athletic team participation) for which the institution designates the recipient.

Institutional loans - Includes all Berea College student loans. These loans are used for a variety of reasons: term bills, medical/dental/optical expenses, education abroad, etc.

Mean: The average of a set of numbers. To calculate the mean, add up all the numbers in the set and then divide by how many numbers there are.
*Based on students who identified themselves as "Black or African American" alone or in combination with another race.
**A non-traditional domestic student is defined as being 24 years of age or older and/or married and/or has a child/children/legal dependent. Domestic students complete the FAFSA which verifies this status. For this report, international students are not included. International students all have an EFC of $\$ 0$ and complete no paperwork that would verify a non-traditional status other than age.

NOTES: 1. All data are in 2019 Constant dollars (unless otherwise noted) and are based on the Bureau of Labor Statistics.
2. Loans (debt) are cumulative loans.

## Student Financial Status and Debt Report, June 2020 <br> Relevant Definitions and Table of Contents

## I. Relevant Definitions, continued:

Median: The mid-point in a group of numbers. The median can, in fact, be zero if half or more of the "scores" in the distribution are zeros. This often occurs in the case of Expected Family Contribution.

Need-based loans - Includes Federal Direct Subsidized, Perkins, and all institutional loans awarded to students for a variety of reasons: term bills, medical/dental/optical expenses, education abroad, etc.

Non-need-based loans - Includes Federal Direct Unsubsidized, Parent PLUS, and alternative student loans. These loans are used primarily to replace Expected Family Contribution (EFC) for term bill balances and education abroad opportunities.

Other loans - Other loans (not subsidized Stafford or unsubsidized) are used for needy students to help meet basic expenses such as medical/dental/optical expenses and education abroad opportunities.

Pell Grant program (Higher Education Act of 1965, Title IV, Part A, Subpart I, as amended.) Provides grant assistance to eligible undergraduate postsecondary students with demonstrated financial need to help meet education expenses.

State and local government grants - State and local monies awarded to the institution under state and local student aid programs, including the state portion of State Student Incentives Grants (SSIG).

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## Student Financial Status and Debt Report, June 2020 Relevant Definitions and Table of Contents

## II. First-Year Students

a. Average Expected Family Contribution (EFC) (in actual dollars)

All First-Year Students
All African-American* First-Year Students
All Other Domestic First-Year Students
All Non-Traditional** Domestic First-Year Students
b. Average Expected Family Contribution (EFC) (in 2019 Constant Dollars)

All First-Year Students
All African-American* First-Year Students
All Other Domestic First-Year Students
All Non-Traditional** Domestic First-Year Students
c. Percent of First-Year Students with an EFC of \$0

All First-Year Students
African American* First-Year Students Compared to All Other Domestic
First-Year Students
All Non-Traditional** Domestic First-Year Students
d. Average Family Income (in 2019 Constant Dollars)

All First-Year Students
All African-American* First-Year Students
All Other Domestic First-Year Students
All Non-Traditional** Domestic First-Year Students
e. Median Family Income (in 2019 Constant Dollars): African American* Students compared to All Other Domestic First-Year Students
f. All First-Year Students:

Percent of who Borrowed Money by Loan Type
Average Direct Subsidized Loan Amount/Percent who Received Loan
Average Direct Unsubsidized Loan Amount and Percent who Received Loan
Average Other Loan Amount and Percent who Received Loan
*Based on students who identified themselves as "Black or African American" alone or in combination with another race.
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## Student Financial Status and Debt Report, June 2020 <br> Relevant Definitions and Table of Contents

## II. First-Year Students, continued:

g. All Non-Traditional** Domestic First-Year Students:

Percent of who Borrowed Money by Loan Type
Average Loan Amount of Borrowers and Percent who Received Any Loan Average Direct Subsidized Loan Amount/Percent who Received Loan Average Direct Unsubsidized Loan Amount and Percent who Received Loan Average Other Loan Amount and Percent who Received Loan
h. Average Labor Earnings (in 2019 Constant Dollars)
i. Percent of Domestic First-Year Students who Received Pell Grant

## Berea College Frame of Reference Institutions’ Comparisons

j. Percent of Fall 2017 First-Year Students who Received Grant Aid by Type
k. Distribution of Grant Aid Received by Fall 2017 First-Year Students

1. Average Amount of Student Loans Given to Fall 2017 First-Year Students and Percent of Students that Received a Loan
m. Average Amount of Pell Grants Received by Fall 2017 First-Year Students and Percent of Students that Received the Pell Grant
*Based on students who identified themselves as "Black or African American" alone or in combination with another race.
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NOTES: 1. All data are in 2019 Constant dollars (unless otherwise noted) and are based on the Bureau of Labor Statistics.
2. Loans (debt) are cumulative loans.

## III. New Transfer Students

a. Average Expected Family Contribution (EFC) (in actual dollars)

All New Transfer Students
All Non-Traditional** Domestic New Transfer Students
b. Average Expected Family Contribution (EFC) (in 2019 Constant Dollars)

All New Transfer Students
All Non-Traditional** Domestic New Transfer Students
c. Percent of New Transfer Students with an EFC of $\$ 0$

All New Transfer Students
All Non-Traditional** Domestic New Transfer Students
d. Average Family Income (in 2019 Constant Dollars)

All New Transfer Students
All Non-Traditional** Domestic New Transfer Students
e. All New Transfer Students:

Percent of who Borrowed Money by Loan Type
Average Direct Subsidized Loan Amount/Percent who Received Loan
Average Direct Unsubsidized Loan Amount and Percent who Received Loan
Average Other Loan Amount and Percent who Received Loan
f. All Non-Traditional** Domestic New Transfer Students:

Percent of who Borrowed Money by Loan Type
Average Loan Amount of Borrowers and Percent who Received Any Loan
Average Direct Subsidized Loan Amount/Percent who Received Loan
Average Direct Unsubsidized Loan Amount and Percent who Received Loan
Average Other Loan Amount and Percent who Received Loan
g. Average Labor Earnings (in 2019 Constant Dollars)
h. Percent of Domestic New Transfer Students who Received Pell Grant
*Based on students who identified themselves as "Black or African American" alone or in combination with another race.
**A non-traditional domestic student is defined as being 24 years of age or older and/or married and/or has a child/children/legal dependent. Domestic students complete the FAFSA which verifies this status. For this report, international students are not included. International students all have an EFC of $\$ 0$ and complete no paperwork that would verify a non-traditional status other than age.

NOTES: 1. All data are in 2019 Constant dollars (unless otherwise noted) and are based on the Bureau of Labor Statistics.
2. Loans (debt) are cumulative loans.

## IV. Degree-Seeking Fall Enrollment

a. Average Expected Family Contribution (EFC) (in actual dollars)

All Degree-Seeking Students
All Non-Traditional** Domestic Degree-Seeking Students
b. Average Expected Family Contribution (EFC) (in 2019 Constant Dollars)

All Degree-Seeking Students
All Non-Traditional** Domestic Degree-Seeking Students
c. Average Expected Family Contribution (EFC) (in actual and 2019 Constant Dollars)

Non-Traditional** Domestic Degree-Seeking Students by Categories
Single Parent
Married with child(ren)
Married; no child(ren)
24 years or older
d. Percent of Degree-Seeking Fall Enrollment with an EFC of \$0

All Degree-Seeking Students
African American* Students Compared to All Other Domestic Students
All Non-Traditional** Domestic Degree-Seeking Students
By Non-Traditional Categories
Single Parent
Married with child(ren)
Married; no child(ren)
24 years or older
e. Average Family Income (in 2019 Constant Dollars)

All Degree-Seeking Students
All Non-Traditional** Domestic Degree-Seeking Students
f. All Degree-Seeking Students:

Percent who Borrowed Money by Loan Type
Average Direct Subsidized Loan Amount and Percent who Received Loan
Average Direct Unsubsidized Loan Amount and Percent who Received Loan
Average Other Loan Amount and Percent who Received Loan
Mean Debt of Borrowers by Classification
*Based on students who identified themselves as "Black or African American" alone or in combination with another race.
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NOTES: 1. All data are in 2019 Constant dollars (unless otherwise noted) and are based on the Bureau of Labor Statistics.
2. Loans (debt) are cumulative loans.

## Iv. Degree-Seeking Fall Enrollment, continued:

g. All Non-Traditional ${ }^{* *}$ Domestic Degree-Seeking Students:

Percent who Borrowed Money by Loan Type
Average Loan Amount of Borrowers and Percent who Received Any Loan
Average Direct Subsidized Loan Amount and Percent who Received Loan
Average Direct Unsubsidized Loan Amount and Percent who Received Loan
Average Other Loan Amount and Percent who Received Loan
h. Non-Traditional ${ }^{* *}$ Domestic Degree-Seeking Students by Categories

Percent who Borrowed Any Money (Single Parent, Married with child(ren), Married; no child(ren) 24 years or older

## Single Parent

Percent who Borrowed Money by Loan Type
Average Loan Amount of Borrowers and Percent who Received Any Loan
Average Direct Subsidized Loan Amount and Percent who Received Loan
Average Direct Unsubsidized Loan Amount and Percent who Received Loan
Average Other Loan Amount and Percent who Received Loan
Married with child(ren)
Percent who Borrowed Money by Loan Type
Average Loan Amount of Borrowers and Percent who Received Any Loan
Average Direct Subsidized Loan Amount and Percent who Received Loan
Average Direct Unsubsidized Loan Amount and Percent who Received Loan
Average Other Loan Amount and Percent who Received Loan
Married; no child(ren)
Percent who Borrowed Money by Loan Type
Average Loan Amount of Borrowers and Percent who Received Any Loan Average Direct Subsidized Loan Amount and Percent who Received Loan Average Direct Unsubsidized Loan Amount and Percent who Received Loan Average Other Loan Amount and Percent who Received Loan
*Based on students who identified themselves as "Black or African American" alone or in combination with another race.
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NOTES: 1. All data are in 2019 Constant dollars (unless otherwise noted) and are based on the Bureau of Labor Statistics.
2. Loans (debt) are cumulative loans.

## Student Financial Status and Debt Report, June 2020 <br> Relevant Definitions and Table of Contents

## Iv. Degree-Seeking Fall Enrollment, continued:

## 24 years or older

Percent who Borrowed Money by Loan Type
Average Loan Amount of Borrowers and Percent who Received Any Loan
Average Direct Subsidized Loan Amount and Percent who Received Loan
Average Direct Unsubsidized Loan Amount and Percent who Received Loan
Average Other Loan Amount and Percent who Received Loan
i. Average Labor Earnings (in 2019 Constant Dollars) and Average Hours

Worked per Week
j. Average Pell Grant Award (in 2019 Constant Dollars) and Percentage Receiving Pell Grants
*Based on students who identified themselves as "Black or African American" alone or in combination with another race.
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NOTES: 1. All data are in 2019 Constant dollars (unless otherwise noted) and are based on the Bureau of Labor Statistics.
2. Loans (debt) are cumulative loans.
V. Graduates
a. Average Expected Family Contribution (EFC) (in actual dollars) [Based on Entering Data]
b. Average Expected Family Contribution (EFC) (in 2019 Constant Dollars) [Based on Entering Data]
c. Average Family Income (in 2019 Constant Dollars) [Based on Entering Data]

State-by-State Comparisons and Kentucky Institution-Specific Comparisons from "The Project on Student Debt," September 2019
d. Percent of 2018 Graduates with Zero Debt by State
e. Average Debt of 2018 Graduates with Loans by State
f. Percent of 2018 Graduates with Zero Debt by Kentucky Institutions
g. Average Debt of 2018 Graduates with Loans by Kentucky Institutions
h. Percentage of Graduates and Their Families with Zero Educational Debt (no loans)

- All Graduates
- Domestic Graduates vs. International Graduates
- Non-Traditional Domestic Graduates
i. Distribution of Graduate Debt and Average Debt (in 2019 Constant Dollars)

Academic Years: 2014-15, 2015-16, 2016-17, 2017-18, and 2018-19
j. Distribution of Graduate Debt and Average Debt of Borrowers;

Domestic vs. International Graduates: 2016-17, 2017-18, and 2018-19
k. Distribution of Graduate Debt and Average Debt of Borrowers
by Cohort Type, Academic Year: 2018-2019

1. Distribution of Graduate Debt and Average Debt of all Graduates

- By Cohort Type by Sex
i. Academic Years: 2014-15, 2015-16, 2016-17, 2017-18, and 2018-19
ii. Five Years Combined
- By Current Non-Traditional Status
*Based on students who identified themselves as "Black or African American" alone or in combination with another race.
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NOTES: 1. All data are in 2019 Constant dollars (unless otherwise noted) and are based on the Bureau of Labor Statistics.
2. Loans (debt) are cumulative loans.

## Student Financial Status and Debt Report, June 2020 <br> Relevant Definitions and Table of Contents

## V. Graduates, continued

m. Average Debt of All Graduates by EFC Categories [Based on Entering Data]

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- By Sex
- By Cohort Type
n. Graduates and Their Families: Average Educational Debt
- All Graduates
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ii. Based on all Graduates
- All Current Non-Traditional Domestic Graduates
i. Based on only those with debt
ii. Based on all Graduates
o. Domestic vs. International Graduates: Mean Debt
- Based on only those with debt
- Based on all graduates
p. Distribution of Debt by Federal vs. Institutional Loans
q. Distribution of Debt by Need-Based vs. Non-Need-Based Loans
*Based on students who identified themselves as "Black or African American" alone or in combination with another race.
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2. Loans (debt) are cumulative loans.

# First-Year Students 



Student Financial Status and Debt Highlights

Percent of First-Year Students Whose Expected Family Contribution to Educational Costs is Zero (\$0)


Federal Pell Grant
Recipients: Domestic Fall 2019 First-Year Students


National
4-Year Private Institutions ( $\mathrm{N}=1,704$ )

## Debt for ALL Graduates

Percent of Graduates with Zero Debt


Debt for All Berea 2018-2019 Graduates (includes those with \$0 Debt)

## Mean \$2,886

 Median \$305 Range \$0 - \$22,458
## Debt for Graduates who Borrowed Money

Average Debt of Borrowers (According to
The Project on Student Debt) (2018 Graduates)


Average Debt of Borrowers


## All First-Year Students:

Average Expected Family Contribution (EFC) in Actual Dollars


NOTE: Includes international students and assumes they have a family contribution of $\$ 0$.
Compiled by the Office of Institutional Research and Assessment, June 2020

## All African-American* First-Year Students: <br> Average Expected Family Contribution (EFC) in Actual Dollars


*Based on students who identified themselves as "Black or African American" alone or in combination with another race.
Compiled by the Office of Institutional Research and Assessment, June 2020

## All Other Domestic First-Year Students: <br> Average Expected Family Contribution (EFC) in Actual Dollars



## All Non-Traditional* Domestic First-Year Students: Average Expected Family Contribution (EFC) in Actual Dollars


*A non-traditional domestic student is defined as being 24 years of age or older and/or married and/or has a child/children/legal dependent. Domestic students complete the FAFSA which verifies this status. For this report, international students are not included as non-traditional students. International students all have an EFC of $\$ 0$ and complete no paperwork that would verify a non-traditional status other than age.

## All First-Year Students: Average Expected Family Contribution (EFC) in 2019 Constant Dollars



NOTE: Includes international students and assumes they have a family contribution of $\$ 0$.
Compiled by the Office of Institutional Research and Assessment, June 2020

## All African-American* First-Year Students: Average Expected Family Contribution in 2019 Constant Dollars


*Based on students who identified themselves as "Black or African American" alone or in combination with another race.
Compiled by the Office of Institutional Research and Assessment, June 2020

## All Other Domestic First-Year Students:

## Average Expected Family Contribution (EFC) in 2019 Constant Dollars



## All Non-Traditional* Domestic First-Year Students: Average Expected Family Contribution (EFC) in 2019 Constant Dollars


*A non-traditional domestic student is defined as being 24 years of age or older and/or married and/or has a child/children/legal dependent. Domestic students complete the FAFSA which verifies this status. For this report, international students are not included as non-traditional students. International students all have an EFC of $\$ 0$ and complete no paperwork that would verify a non-traditional status other than age.

## All First-Year Students:

Percent of First-Year Students with an Expected Family Contribution (EFC) of \$0


NOTE: Includes all international students.

Compiled by the Office of Institutional Research and Assessment, June 2020

## African American First-Year Students* compared to All Other Domestic First-Year Students:

Percent of First-Year Students with an Expected Family Contribution (EFC) of \$0


Entering Fall Term
*Based on students who identified themselves as "Black or African American" alone or in combination with another race.
NOTE: All international students (100\%) have an EFC of \$0.

## All Non-Traditional* Domestic First-Year Students: <br> Percent of First-Year Students with an Expected Family Contribution (EFC) of \$0


*A non-traditional domestic student is defined as being 24 years of age or older and/or married and/or has a child/children/legal dependent. Domestic students complete the FAFSA which verifies this status. For this report, international students are not included as non-traditional students. International students all have an EFC of $\$ 0$ and complete no paperwork that would verify a non-traditional status other than age.

## All First-Year Students:

Average Family Income in 2019 Constant Dollars


NOTE: Includes international students and assumes they have an income of \$0.

## All African-American* First-Year Students: Average Family Income in 2019 Constant Dollars


*Based on students who identified themselves as "Black or African American" alone or in combination with another race.

# All Other Domestic First-Year Students: Average Family Income in 2019 Constant Dollars 



## All Non-Traditional* Domestic First-Year Students: Average Family Income in 2019 Constant Dollars


*A non-traditional domestic student is defined as being 24 years of age or older and/or married and/or has a child/children/legal dependent.
Domestic students complete the FAFSA which verifies this status. For this report, international students are not included as non-traditional students. International students all have an EFC of $\$ 0$ and complete no paperwork that would verify a non-traditional status other than age.

African American Students* Compared to All Other Domestic First-Year Students Median Family Income in 2019 Constant Dollars


Entering Fall Term
*Based on students who identified themselves as "Black or African American" alone or in combination with another race.
Compiled by the Office of Institutional Research and Assessment, June 2020

## Percentage of First-Year Students who Borrowed Money by Loan Type



NOTE: First-Year Students are placed in each loan category as appropriate, so a student could be counted in more than one category.

## All First-Year Students:

## Average Direct Subsidized Loan Amount in 2019 Constant Dollars and Percentage of First-Year Students Who Were Given a Subsidized Loan



NOTE: Direct subsidized loans are need-based loans which are awarded to students for a variety of reasons: terms bills, books, off-campus living expenses, education abroad, etc.

## All First-Year Students:

## Average Direct Unsubsidized Loan Amount in 2019 Constant Dollars and Percentage of First-Year Students Who Were Given an Unsubsidized Loan



NOTE: Direct unsubsidized loans are non-need-based loans which are primarily used to replace family EFC for term bill balances and education abroad opportunities.

## All First-Year Students:

## Average Other Loan Amount in 2019 Constant Dollars and Percentage of First-Year Students Who Were Given Other Loans



NOTE: Includes all loans other than Stafford and Unsubsidized loans. These other loans are used for needy students to help meet basic expenses such as medical/dental/optical expenses and education abroad opportunities.

Percentage of Non-Traditional* Domestic First-Year Students who Borrowed Money by Loan Type

*A non-traditional domestic student is defined as being 24 years of age or older and/or married and/or has a child/children/legal dependent. Domestic students complete the FAFSA which verifies this status. For this report, international students are not included as non-traditional students. International students all have an EFC of \$0 and complete no paperwork that would verify a non-traditional status other than age.

NOTE: First-Year Non-Traditional Students are placed in each loan category as appropriate, so a student could be counted in more than one category.

All Non-Traditional* Domestic First-Year Students:
Average Loan Amount of Borrowers in 2019 Constant Dollars and Percentage of Non-Traditional First-Year Students Who Were Given Any Loan

*A non-traditional domestic student is defined as being 24 years of age or older and/or married and/or has a child/children/legal dependent. Domestic students complete the FAFSA which verifies this status. For this report, international students are not included. International students all have an EFC of $\$ 0$ and complete no paperwork that would verify a non-traditional status other than age.

All Non-Traditional* Domestic First-Year Students:
Average Direct Subsidized Loan Amount in 2019 Constant Dollars and Percentage of Non-Traditional First-Year Students Who Were Given a Subsidized Loan

*A non-traditional domestic student is defined as being 24 years of age or older and/or married and/or has a child/children/legal dependent. Domestic students complete the FAFSA which verifies this status. For this report, international students are not included as non-traditional students. International students all have an EFC of $\$ 0$ and complete no paperwork that would verify a non-traditional status other than age.

NOTE: Direct subsidized loans are need-based loans which are awarded to students for a variety of reasons: term bills, books, education abroad, etc.

## All Non-Traditional* Domestic First-Year Students:

Average Direct Unsubsidized Loan Amount in 2019 Constant Dollars and Percentage of Non-Traditional First-Year Students Who Were Given an Unsubsidized Loan

*A non-traditional domestic student is defined as being 24 years of age or older and/or married and/or has a child/children/legal dependent. Domestic students complete the FAFSA which verifies this status. For this report, international students are not included. International students all have an EFC of $\$ 0$ and complete no paperwork that would verify a non-traditional status other than age.

NOTE: Direct unsubsidized loans are non-need-based loans which are primarily used to replace family EFC for term bill balances and education abroad opportunities.

Compiled by the Office of Institutional Research and Assessment, June 2020

All Non-Traditional* Domestic First-Year Students:
Average Other Loan Amount in 2019 Constant Dollars and Percentage of Non-Traditional First-Year Students Who Were Given Other Loans

*A non-traditional domestic student is defined as being 24 years of age or older and/or married and/or has a child/children/legal dependent. Domestic students complete the FAFSA which verifies this status. For this report, international students are not included as non-traditional students. International students all have an EFC of $\$ 0$ and complete no paperwork that would verify a non-traditional status other than age.

NOTE: Includes all loans other than Stafford/unsubsidized. These are used for needy students to help meet basic expenses such as medical expenses and education abroad.

## All First-Year Students:

Average Labor Earnings (for Fall and Spring Terms) in 2019 Constant Dollars

*Beginning in Fall 2006, students with a 10-hour-per-week contract were required to work a minimum 150 hours per regular term but are not placed on probation if they work at least 140 hours. Starting in academic year 2010-11, students will be placed on probation for hours < 150 .

NOTE: Labor earnings are based only on the regular terms (Fall, Short through 2009, and Spring). It does not include summer earnings.
Compiled by the Office of Institutional Research and Assessment, June 2020

Financial Need of Domestic First-Year Students: Percentage of Students who received Federal Pell Grants

Ten-Year Average: 98\%


NOTE: International students are not included in this chart.

# Percent of Fall 2017 First-Year Students who Received Grant Aid by Type Berea College Frame of Reference Schools 



NOTE: See the definitions section of the table of contents for a full description of the grants awarded.

Compiled from IPEDS (Integrated Postsecondary Education Data System). Most recent data available are from Fall 2017.

# Distribution of Grant Aid Received by Fall 2017 First-Year Students Berea College Frame of Reference Schools 



NOTE: See the definitions section of the table of contents for a full description of the grants awarded

# Average Amount of Student Loans Given 

to Fall 2017 First-Year Students and Percent of Students Who Received a Loan Berea College Frame of Reference Schools


# Average Amount of Pell Grants Received by Fall 2017 First-Year Students and Percent of Students Who Received the Pell Grant Berea College Frame of Reference Schools 



# New Transfer Students 

All New Transfer Students:
Average Expected Family Contribution (EFC) in Actual Dollars


NOTE: Includes international students and assumes they have a family contribution of $\$ 0$.
Compiled by the Office of Institutional Research and Assessment, June 2020

## All Non-Traditional* Domestic New Transfer Students: Average Expected Family Contribution (EFC) in Actual Dollars


*A non-traditional domestic student is defined as being 24 years of age or older and/or married and/or has a child/children/legal dependent. Domestic students complete the FAFSA which verifies this status. For this report, international students are not included as non-traditional students. International students all have an EFC of $\$ 0$ and complete no paperwork that would verify a non-traditional status other than age.

All New Transfer Students:
Average Expected Family Contribution (EFC) in 2019 Constant Dollars


NOTE: Includes international students and assumes they have a family contribution of $\$ 0$.
Compiled by the Office of Institutional Research and Assessment, June 2020

## All Non-Traditional* Domestic New Transfer Students: Average Expected Family Contribution (EFC) in 2019 Constant Dollars


*A non-traditional domestic student is defined as being 24 years of age or older and/or married and/or has a child/children/legal dependent. Domestic students complete the FAFSA which verifies this status. For this report, international students are not included as non-traditional students. International students all have an EFC of $\$ 0$ and complete no paperwork that would verify a non-traditional status other than age.

## All New Transfer Students:

Percent of New Transfer Students with an Expected Family Contribution (EFC) of \$0


NOTE: Includes all international students.

Compiled by the Office of Institutional Research and Assessment, June 2020

## All Non-Traditional* Domestic New Transfer Students: <br> Percent of New Transfer Students with an Expected Family Contribution (EFC) of \$0


*A non-traditional domestic student is defined as being 24 years of age or older and/or married and/or has a child/children/legal dependent. Domestic students complete the FAFSA which verifies this status. For this report, international students are not included as non-traditional students. International students all have an EFC of $\$ 0$ and complete no paperwork that would verify a non-traditional status other than age.

All New Transfer Students:
Average Family Income in 2019 Constant Dollars


NOTE: Includes international students and assumes they have an income of \$0.

## All Non-Traditional* Domestic New Transfer Students: Average Family Income in 2019 Constant Dollars


*A non-traditional domestic student is defined as being 24 years of age or older and/or married and/or has a child/children/legal dependent.
Domestic students complete the FAFSA which verifies this status. For this report, international students are not included as non-traditional students. International students all have an EFC of $\$ 0$ and complete no paperwork that would verify a non-traditional status other than age.

## Percentage of New Transfer Students who Borrowed Money by Loan Type



NOTE: New Transfer Students are placed in each loan category as appropriate, so a student could be counted in more than one category.

All New Transfer Students:
Average Direct Subsidized Loan Amount in 2019 Constant Dollars and Percentage of New Transfer Students Who Were Given a Subsidized Loan


NOTE: Direct subsidized loans are need-based loans which are awarded to students for a variety of reasons: terms bills, books, off-campus living expenses, education abroad, etc.

## All New Transfer Students:

Average Direct Unsubsidized Loan Amount in 2019 Constant Dollars and Percentage of New Transfer Students Who Were Given an Unsubsidized Loan


NOTE: Direct unsubsidized loans are non-need-based loans which are primarily used to replace family EFC for term bill balances and education abroad opportunities.

## All New Transfer Students:

## Average Other Loan Amount in 2019 Constant Dollars and

 Percentage of New Transfer Students Who Were Given Other Loans

NOTE: Includes all loans other than Stafford and Unsubsidized loans. These other loans are used for needy students to help meet basic expenses such as medical/dental/optical expenses and education abroad opportunities.

## Percentage of Non-Traditional* Domestic New Transfer Students who Borrowed Money by Loan Type


*A non-traditional domestic student is defined as being 24 years of age or older and/or married and/or has a child/children/legal dependent. Domestic students complete the FAFSA which verifies this status. For this report, international students are not included as non-traditional students. International students all have an EFC of $\$ 0$ and complete no paperwork that would verify a non-traditional status other than age.

NOTE: First-Year Non-Traditional Students are placed in each loan category as appropriate, so a student could be counted in more than one category.

All Non-Traditional* Domestic New Transfer Students:
Average Loan Amount of Borrowers in 2019 Constant Dollars and Percentage of Non-Traditional New Transfer Students Who Were Given Any Loan

*A non-traditional domestic student is defined as being 24 years of age or older and/or married and/or has a child/children/legal dependent. Domestic students complete the FAFSA which verifies this status. For this report, international students are not included. International students all have an EFC of $\$ 0$ and complete no paperwork that would verify a non-traditional status other than age.

All Non-Traditional* Domestic New Transfer Students:
Average Direct Subsidized Loan Amount in 2019 Constant Dollars and Percentage of Non-Traditional New Transfer Students Who Were Given a Subsidized Loan

*A non-traditional domestic student is defined as being 24 years of age or older and/or married and/or has a child/children/legal dependent. Domestic students complete the FAFSA which verifies this status. For this report, international students are not included as non-traditional students. International students all have an EFC of $\$ 0$ and complete no paperwork that would verify a non-traditional status other than age.

NOTE: Direct subsidized loans are need-based loans which are awarded to students for a variety of reasons: term bills, books, education abroad, etc.

## All Non-Traditional* Domestic New Transfer Students:

Average Direct Unsubsidized Loan Amount in 2019 Constant Dollars and Percentage of Non-Traditional New Transfer Students Who Were Given an Unsubsidized Loan

*A non-traditional domestic student is defined as being 24 years of age or older and/or married and/or has a child/children/legal dependent. Domestic students complete the FAFSA which verifies this status. For this report, international students are not included. International students all have an EFC of $\$ 0$ and complete no paperwork that would verify a non-traditional status other than age.

NOTE: Direct unsubsidized loans are non-need-based loans which are primarily used to replace family EFC for term bill balances and education abroad opportunities.

Compiled by the Office of Institutional Research and Assessment, June 2020

# All Non-Traditional* Domestic New Transfer Students: <br> Average Other Loan Amount in 2019 Constant Dollars and <br> Percentage of Non-Traditional New Transfer Students Who Were Given Other Loans 


*A non-traditional domestic student is defined as being 24 years of age or older and/or married and/or has a child/children/legal dependent. Domestic students complete the FAFSA which verifies this status. For this report, international students are not included as non-traditional students. International students all have an EFC of $\$ 0$ and complete no paperwork that would verify a non-traditional status other than age.

NOTE: Includes all loans other than Stafford/unsubsidized. These are used for needy students to help meet basic expenses such as medical expenses and education abroad

Compiled by the Office of Institutional Research and Assessment, June 2020

All New Transfer Students:
Average Labor Earnings (for Fall and Spring Terms) in 2019 Constant Dollars

*Beginning in Fall 2006, students with a 10-hour-per-week contract were required to work a minimum 150 hours per regular term but are not placed on probation if they work at least 140 hours. Starting in academic year 2010-11, students will be placed on probation for hours $<150$.

NOTE: Labor earnings are based only on the regular terms (Fall and Spring). It does not include summer earnings.
Compiled by the Office of Institutional Research and Assessment, June 2020

Financial Need of Domestic New Transfer Students: Percentage of Students who received Federal Pell Grants

Ten-Year Average: 93\%


NOTE: International students are not included in this chart.

Degree-Seeking Fall Enrollment

## All Degree-Seeking Fall Enrollment: Average Expected Family Contribution (EFC) in Actual Dollars



Fall Term

NOTE: Includes international students and assumes they have a family contribution of $\$ 0$.
Compiled by the Office of Institutional Research and Assessment, June 2020

## All Non-Traditional* Domestic Degree-Seeking Fall Enrollment: Average Expected Family Contribution (EFC) in Actual Dollars



Fall Term
*A non-traditional domestic student is defined as being 24 years of age or older and/or married and/or has a child/children/legal dependent. Domestic students complete the FAFSA which verifies this status. For this report, international students are not included as non-traditional students. International students all have an EFC of \$0 and complete no paperwork that would verify a non-traditional status other than age.

## All Degree-Seeking Fall Enrollment: Average Expected Family Contribution (EFC) in 2019 Constant Dollars



Fall Term

NOTE: Includes international students and assumes they have a family contribution of $\$ 0$.
Compiled by the Office of Institutional Research and Assessment, June 2020

## All Non-Traditional* Domestic Degree-Seeking Fall Enrollment: Average Expected Family Contribution (EFC) in 2019 Constant Dollars


*A non-traditional domestic student is defined as being 24 years of age or older and/or married and/or has a child/children/legal dependent. Domestic students complete the FAFSA which verifies this status. For this report, international students are not included as non-traditional students. International students all have an EFC of $\$ 0$ and complete no paperwork that would verify a non-traditional status other than age.

## Non-Traditional Domestic Degree-Seeking Fall Enrollment by Categories Average Expected Family Contribution (EFC)

## In Actual Dollars

| Single Parent |  |  |  |
| ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
|  | N | Mean | Median |
| 2009 | 40 | $\$ 0$ | $\$ 0$ |
| 2010 | 31 | $\$ 20$ | $\$ 0$ |
| 2011 | 38 | $\$ 38$ | $\$ 0$ |
| 2012 | 40 | $\$ 40$ | $\$ 0$ |
| 2013 | 38 | $\$ 38$ | $\$ 0$ |
| 2014 | 27 | $\$ 0$ | $\$ 0$ |
| 2015 | 21 | $\$ 0$ | $\$ 0$ |
| 2016 | 21 | $\$ 44$ | $\$ 0$ |
| 2017 | 30 | $\$ 0$ | $\$ 0$ |
| 2018 | 34 | $\$ 0$ | $\$ 0$ |


| Married with child(ren) |  |  |  |
| ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
|  | N | Mean | Median |
| 2009 | 39 | $\$ 331$ | $\$ 0$ |
| 2010 | 42 | $\$ 159$ | $\$ 0$ |
| 2011 | 35 | $\$ 519$ | $\$ 0$ |
| 2012 | 24 | $\$ 18$ | $\$ 0$ |
| 2013 | 20 | $\$ 138$ | $\$ 0$ |
| 2014 | 24 | $\$ 0$ | $\$ 0$ |
| 2015 | 30 | $\$ 10$ | $\$ 0$ |
| 2016 | 28 | $\$ 147$ | $\$ 0$ |
| 2017 | 21 | $\$ 26$ | $\$ 0$ |
| 2018 | 13 | $\$ 289$ | $\$ 0$ |


| Married; no child(ren) |  |  |  |
| ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
|  | N | Mean | Median |
| 2009 | 43 | $\$ 1,360$ | $\$ 0$ |
| 2010 | 39 | $\$ 1,493$ | $\$ 0$ |
| 2011 | 23 | $\$ 1,782$ | $\$ 0$ |
| 2012 | 36 | $\$ 557$ | $\$ 0$ |
| 2013 | 38 | $\$ 399$ | $\$ 0$ |
| 2014 | 37 | $\$ 591$ | $\$ 0$ |
| 2015 | 38 | $\$ 533$ | $\$ 0$ |
| 2016 | 39 | $\$ 64$ | $\$ 0$ |
| 2017 | 49 | $\$ 84$ | $\$ 0$ |
| 2018 | 47 | $\$ 82$ | $\$ 0$ |


| 24 years or older |  |  |  |
| ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
|  | N | Mean | Median |
| 2009 | 39 | $\$ 242$ | $\$ 0$ |
| 2010 | 54 | $\$ 337$ | $\$ 0$ |
| 2011 | 88 | $\$ 356$ | $\$ 0$ |
| 2012 | 98 | $\$ 243$ | $\$ 0$ |
| 2013 | 70 | $\$ 76$ | $\$ 0$ |
| 2014 | 77 | $\$ 112$ | $\$ 0$ |
| 2015 | 57 | $\$ 358$ | $\$ 0$ |
| 2016 | 62 | $\$ 174$ | $\$ 0$ |
| 2017 | 47 | $\$ 62$ | $\$ 0$ |
| 2018 | 47 | $\$ 245$ | $\$ 0$ |

In 2019 Constant Dollars

| Single Parent |  |  |  |
| ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
|  | N | Mean | Median |
| 2009 | 40 | $\$ 0$ | $\$ 0$ |
| 2010 | 31 | $\$ 23$ | $\$ 0$ |
| 2011 | 38 | $\$ 42$ | $\$ 0$ |
| 2012 | 40 | $\$ 44$ | $\$ 0$ |
| 2013 | 38 | $\$ 41$ | $\$ 0$ |
| 2014 | 27 | $\$ 0$ | $\$ 0$ |
| 2015 | 21 | $\$ 0$ | $\$ 0$ |
| 2016 | 21 | $\$ 46$ | $\$ 0$ |
| 2017 | 30 | $\$ 0$ | $\$ 0$ |
| 2018 | 34 | $\$ 0$ | $\$ 0$ |


| Married with child(ren) |  |  |  |
| ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
|  | N | Mean | Median |
| 2009 | 39 | $\$ 388$ | $\$ 0$ |
| 2010 | 42 | $\$ 181$ | $\$ 0$ |
| 2011 | 35 | $\$ 578$ | $\$ 0$ |
| 2012 | 24 | $\$ 20$ | $\$ 0$ |
| 2013 | 20 | $\$ 149$ | $\$ 0$ |
| 2014 | 24 | $\$ 0$ | $\$ 0$ |
| 2015 | 30 | $\$ 11$ | $\$ 0$ |
| 2016 | 28 | $\$ 153$ | $\$ 0$ |
| 2017 | 21 | $\$ 26$ | $\$ 0$ |
| 2018 | 13 | $\$ 289$ | $\$ 0$ |


| Married; no child(ren) |  |  |  |
| ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
|  | N | Mean | Median |
| 2009 | 43 | $\$ 1,595$ | $\$ 0$ |
| 2010 | 39 | $\$ 1,697$ | $\$ 0$ |
| 2011 | 23 | $\$ 1,984$ | $\$ 0$ |
| 2012 | 36 | $\$ 611$ | $\$ 0$ |
| 2013 | 38 | $\$ 431$ | $\$ 0$ |
| 2014 | 37 | $\$ 637$ | $\$ 0$ |
| 2015 | 38 | $\$ 568$ | $\$ 0$ |
| 2016 | 39 | $\$ 67$ | $\$ 0$ |
| 2017 | 49 | $\$ 86$ | $\$ 0$ |
| 2018 | 47 | $\$ 82$ | $\$ 0$ |


| 24 years or older |  |  |  |
| ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
|  | N | Mean | Median |
| 2009 | 39 | $\$ 284$ | $\$ 0$ |
| 2010 | 54 | $\$ 383$ | $\$ 0$ |
| 2011 | 88 | $\$ 396$ | $\$ 0$ |
| 2012 | 98 | $\$ 267$ | $\$ 0$ |
| 2013 | 70 | $\$ 82$ | $\$ 0$ |
| 2014 | 77 | $\$ 121$ | $\$ 0$ |
| 2015 | 57 | $\$ 381$ | $\$ 0$ |
| 2016 | 62 | $\$ 181$ | $\$ 0$ |
| 2017 | 47 | $\$ 63$ | $\$ 0$ |
| 2018 | 47 | $\$ 245$ | $\$ 0$ |

## All Degree-Seeking Fall Enrollment:

Percent of Degree-Seeking Fall Enrollment with an Expected Family Contribution (EFC) of \$0


NOTE: Includes all international students.

## African American Students* Compared to All Other Domestic Students:

Percent of Degree-Seeking Fall Enrollment with an Expected Family Contribution (EFC) of \$0


Fall Term
*Based on students who identified themselves as "Black or African American" alone or in combination with another race.
NOTE: All international students (100\%) have an EFC of $\$ 0$.

All Non-Traditional* Domestic Degree-Seeking Fall Enrollment:
Percent of Non-Traditional Degree-Seeking Fall Enrollment with an Expected Family Contribution (EFC) of $\$ 0$

*A non-traditional domestic student is defined as being 24 years of age or older and/or married and/or has a child/children/legal dependent. Domestic students complete the FAFSA which verifies this status. For this report, international students are not included. International students all have an EFC of \$0 and complete no paperwork that would verify a non-traditional status other than age.

Non-Traditional Domestic Degree-Seeking Fall Enrollment by Categories:
Percent of Enrollment with an Expected Family Contribution (EFC) of \$0


## All Degree-Seeking Fall Enrollment: Average Family Income in 2019 Constant Dollars



NOTE: Includes international students and assumes they have a family income of $\$ 0$.

## All Non-Traditional* Domestic Degree-Seeking Fall Enrollment: <br> Average Family Income in 2019 Constant Dollars



## Fall Term

*A non-traditional domestic student is defined as being 24 years of age or older and/or married and/or has a child/children/legal dependent. Domestic students complete the FAFSA which verifies this status. For this report, international students are not included as non-traditional students. International students all have an EFC of $\$ 0$ and complete no paperwork that would verify a non-traditional status other than age.

Percentage of Degree-Seeking Fall Enrollment who Borrowed Money by Loan Type


NOTE: Degree-Seeking Fall Enrollment Students are placed in each loan category as appropriate, so a student could be counted in more than one category.

## All Degree-Seeking Fall Enrollment:

Average Direct Subsidized Loan Amount in 2019 Constant Dollars and Percentage of Fall Enrollment Who Were Given a Subsidized Loan


NOTE: Direct subsidized loans are need-based loans which are awarded to students for a variety of reasons: terms bills, books, off-campus living expenses, education abroad, etc.

Average Direct Unsubsidized Loan Amount in 2019 Constant Dollars and Percentage of Fall Enrollment Who Were Given an Unsubsidized Loan


NOTE: Direct unsubsidized loans are non-need-based loans which are primarily used to replace family EFC for term bill balances and education abroad opportunities.

## All Degree-Seeking Fall Enrollment:

Average Other Loan Amount in 2019 Constant Dollars and Percentage of Fall Enrollment Who Were Given Other Loans


NOTE: Includes all loans other than Stafford and Unsubsidized loans. These other loans are used for needy students to help meet basic expenses such as medical/dental/optical expenses and education abroad opportunities.

## All Degree-Seeking Fall Enrollment by Classification: Mean Academic Year Loan(s) in 2019 Constant Dollars (Based on only those who received a loan)

The percentages on the bars indicate the percent of students who received at least one loan.


NOTE: Includes international students.
Includes all loans (both subsidized and unsubsidized), parent, plus, and institutional loans.

## Percentage of Non-Traditional* Domestic Degree-Seeking Fall Enrollment who Borrowed Money by Loan Type


*A non-traditional domestic student is defined as being 24 years of age or older and/or married and/or has a child/children/legal dependent. Domestic students complete the FAFSA which verifies this status. For this report, international students are not included as non-traditional students. International students all have an EFC of $\$ 0$ and complete no paperwork that would verify a non-traditional status other than age.

NOTE: Degree-Seeking Fall Enrollment Non-Traditional Students are placed in each loan category as appropriate, so a student could be counted in more than one category.

# All Non-Traditional* Domestic Degree-Seeking Fall Enrollment: <br> Average Loan Amount of Borrowers in 2019 Constant Dollars and Percentage of Non-Traditional Fall Enrollment Who Were Given a Loan 


*A non-traditional domestic student is defined as being 24 years of age or older and/or married and/or has a child/children/legal dependent. Domestic students complete the FAFSA which verifies this status. For this report, international students are not included as non-traditional students. International students all have an EFC of $\$ 0$ and complete no paperwork that would verify a non-traditional status other than age.

# All Non-Traditional* Domestic Degree-Seeking Fall Enrollment: Average Direct Subsidized Loan Amount in 2019 Constant Dollars and Percentage of Non-Traditional Fall Enrollment Who Were Given a Subsidized Loan 


*A non-traditional domestic student is defined as being 24 years of age or older and/or married and/or has a child/children/legal dependent. Domestic students complete the FAFSA which verifies this status. For this report, international students are not included as non-traditional students. International students all have an EFC of $\$ 0$ and complete no paperwork that would verify a non-traditional status other than age.
NOTE: Direct subsidized loans are need-based loans which are awarded to students for a variety of reasons.

## All Non-Traditional* Domestic Degree-Seeking Fall Enrollment: Average Direct Unsubsidized Loan Amount in 2019 Constant Dollars and Percentage of Non-Trad Fall Enrollment Who Were Given an Unsubsidized Loan


*A non-traditional domestic student is defined as being 24 years of age or older and/or married and/or has a child/children/legal dependent. Domestic students complete the FAFSA which verifies this status. For this report, international students are not included as non-traditional students. International students all have an EFC of $\$ 0$ and complete no paperwork that would verify a non-traditional status other than age.

NOTE: Direct unsubsidized loans are non-need-based loans which are primarily used to replace family EFC for term bill balances and education abroad opportunities.

Compiled by the Office of Institutional Research and Assessment, June 2020

## All Non-Traditional* Domestic Degree-Seeking Fall Enrollment: <br> Average Other Loan Amount in 2019 Constant Dollars and Percentage of Non-Traditional Fall Enrollment Who Were Given Other Loans


*A non-traditional domestic student is defined as being 24 years of age or older and/or married and/or has a child/children/legal dependent. Domestic students complete the FAFSA which verifies this status. For this report, international students are not included as non-traditional students. International students all have an EFC of $\$ 0$ and complete no paperwork that would verify a non-traditional status other than age.

NOTE: Includes all loans other than stafford and unsubsidized. There are used for students to help meet basic expenses.

| 100\% |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 90\% |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 80\% |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 70\% |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 60\% |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 50\% |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 40\% |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 30\% |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 20\% |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 10\% |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 0\% | 2009 | 2010 | 2011 | 2012 | 2013 | 2014 | 2015 | 2016 | 2017 | 2018 |
| - Single Parent | 85.0\% | 80.6\% | 81.6\% | 82.5\% | 89.5\% | 77.8\% | 57.1\% | 61.9\% | 46.7\% | 47.1\% |
| $\simeq$ Married with child(ren) | 79.5\% | 83.3\% | 82.9\% | 91.7\% | 85.0\% | 66.7\% | 60.0\% | 53.6\% | 66.7\% | 38.5\% |
| $\longrightarrow$ Married, no child(ren) | 72.1\% | 76.9\% | 73.9\% | 75.0\% | 63.2\% | 40.5\% | 28.9\% | 17.9\% | 32.7\% | 34.0\% |
| $\because 24$ years or older | 76.9\% | 72.2\% | 75.0\% | 68.4\% | 74.3\% | 40.3\% | 45.6\% | 25.8\% | 34.0\% | 25.5\% |

NOTES: A non-traditional doemstic student is defined as being 24 years of age or older and/or married and/or has a child/children/legal dependent. Domestic students complete the FAFSA which verifies this status. For this report, international students are not included. International students all have an EFC of \$0 and complete no paperwork that would verify a non-traditional status other than age.

Students age 24 or older but that meet the status for another category are included in that categoriy (i.e., a 25 year old who is married is included only in the "Married, no child(ren)" category and not in the age category)

Percent of Non-Traditional Domestic Degee-Seeking Fall Enrollent Students (Single Parent) who Borrowed Money by Loan Type


NOTE: Students are placed in each loan category as appropriate, so a student could be counted in more than one category.

# Non-Traditional (Single Parent) Domestic Degree-Seeking Fall Enrollment: 

Average Loan Amount of Borrowers in 2019 Constant Dollars and
Percentage of Students Who Were Given a Loan


Non-Traditional (Single Parent) Domestic Degree-Seeking Fall Enrollment:
Average Direct Subsidized Loan Amount in 2019 Constant Dollars and
Percentage of Students Who Were Given a Subsidized Loan


NOTE: Direct subsidized loans are need-based loans which are awarded to students for a variety of reasons: terms bills, books, off-campus living expenses, education abroad, etc.

Non-Traditional (Single Parent) Domestic Degree-Seeking Fall Enrollment: Average Direct Unsubsidized Loan Amount in 2019 Constant Dollars and Percentage of Students Who Were Given an Unsubsidized Loan


NOTE: Direct unsubsidized loans are non-need-based loans which are primarily used to replace family EFC for term bill balances and education abroad opportunities.

## Non-Traditional (Single Parent) Domestic Degree-Seeking Fall Enrollment: <br> Average Other Loan Amount in 2019 Constant Dollars and Percentage of Students Who Were Given Other Loans



NOTE: Includes all loans other than Stafford and Unsubsidized loans. These other loans are used for needy students to help meet basic expenses such as medical/dental/optical expenses and education abroad opportunities.

Percent of Non-Traditional Domestic Degee-Seeking Fall Enrollent Students (Married with child(ren)) who Borrowed Money by Loan Type


NOTE: Students are placed in each loan category as appropriate, so a student could be counted in more than one category.

Non-Traditional Domestic Degree-Seeking Fall Enrollment (Married with child/ren):
Average Loan Amount of Borrowers in 2019 Constant Dollars and
Percentage of Students Who Were Given a Loan


## Non-Traditional Degree-Seeking Fall Enrollment (Married with child/ren): <br> Average Direct Subsidized Loan Amount in 2019 Constant Dollars and <br> Percentage of Students Who Were Given a Subsidized Loan



NOTE: Direct subsidized loans are need-based loans which are awarded to students for a variety of reasons: terms bills, books, off-campus living expenses, education abroad, etc.

Non-Traditional Degree-Seeking Fall Enrollment (Married with child/ren): Average Direct Unsubsidized Loan Amount in 2019 Constant Dollars and Percentage of Students Who Were Given an Unsubsidized Loan


NOTE: Direct unsubsidized loans are non-need-based loans which are primarily used to replace family EFC for term bill balances and education abroad opportunities.

Non-Traditional Degree-Seeking Fall Enrollment (Married with child/ren):
Average Other Loan Amount in 2019 Constant Dollars and Percentage of Students Who Were Given Other Loans


NOTE: Includes all loans other than Stafford and Unsubsidized loans. These other loans are used for needy students to help meet basic expenses such as medical/dental/optical expenses and education abroad opportunities.

# Percent of Non-Traditional Degee-Seeking Fall Enrollent Students (Married; no child/ren) 

 who Borrowed Money by Loan Type

NOTE: Students are placed in each loan category as appropriate, so a student could be counted in more than one category.

Non-Traditional Degree-Seeking Fall Enrollment (Married; no child/ren):
Average Loan Amount of Borrowers in 2019 Constant Dollars and
Percentage of Students Who Were Given a Loan


Non-Traditional Degree-Seeking Fall Enrollment (Married; no child/ren):
Average Direct Subsidized Loan Amount in 2019 Constant Dollars and
Percentage of Students Who Were Given a Subsidized Loan


NOTE: Direct subsidized loans are need-based loans which are awarded to students for a variety of reasons: terms bills, books, off-campus living expenses, education abroad, etc.

Non-Traditional Degree-Seeking Fall Enrollment (Married; no child/ren): Average Direct Unsubsidized Loan Amount in 2019 Constant Dollars and Percentage of Students Who Were Given an Unsubsidized Loan


NOTE: Direct unsubsidized loans are non-need-based loans which are primarily used to replace family EFC for term bill balances and education abroad opportunities.

## Non-Traditional Degree-Seeking Fall Enrollment (Married; no child/ren): <br> Average Other Loan Amount in 2019 Constant Dollars and Percentage of Students Who Were Given Other Loans



NOTE: Includes all loans other than Stafford and Unsubsidized loans. These other loans are used for needy students to help meet basic expenses such as medical/dental/optical expenses and education abroad opportunities.

# Percent of Non-Traditional Degee-Seeking Fall Enrollent Students (Age 24 or older) 

 who Borrowed Money by Loan Type

NOTE: Students are placed in each loan category as appropriate, so a student could be counted in more than one category.

Non-Traditional Degree-Seeking Fall Enrollment (Age 24 or older): Average Loan Amount of Borrowers in 2019 Constant Dollars and Percentage of Students Who Were Given a Loan


Non-Traditional Degree-Seeking Fall Enrollment (Age 24 or older): Average Direct Subsidized Loan Amount in 2019 Constant Dollars and Percentage of Students Who Were Given a Subsidized Loan


NOTE: Direct subsidized loans are need-based loans which are awarded to students for a variety of reasons: terms bills, books, off-campus living expenses, education abroad, etc.

Non-Traditional Degree-Seeking Fall Enrollment (Age 24 or older): Average Direct Unsubsidized Loan Amount in 2019 Constant Dollars and

Percentage of Students Who Were Given an Unsubsidized Loan


NOTE: Direct unsubsidized loans are non-need-based loans which are primarily used to replace family EFC for term bill balances and education abroad opportunities.

Non-Traditional Degree-Seeking Fall Enrollment (Age 24 or older):
Average Other Loan Amount in 2019 Constant Dollars and Percentage of Students Who Were Given Other Loans


NOTE: Includes all loans other than Stafford and Unsubsidized loans. These other loans are used for needy students to help meet basic expenses such as medical/dental/optical expenses and education abroad opportunities.

All Degree-Seeking Fall Enrollment:
Average Labor Earnings (for Fall and Spring Terms) in 2019 Constant Dollars and Average Hours Worked per Week

*Beginning in Fall 2006, students with a 10-hour-per-week contract were required to work a minimum 150 hours per regular term but are not placed on probation if they work at least 140 hours. Starting in academic year 2010-11, students will be placed on probation for hours $<150$.

NOTE: Labor earnings are based only on the regular terms (Fall and Spring). It does not include summer earnings.
Compiled by the Office of Institutional Research and Assessment, June 2020

All Domestic Degree-Seeking Fall Enrollees*
Average Pell Grant Award in 2019 Dollars and Percentage Receiving Pell Grants


Fall Term
*International Students are not included in this graph because they are not eligible for federal aid (Pell Grants).
Compiled by the Office of Institutional Research and Assessment, June 2020

Graduates

## All Graduates:

## Average Expected Family Contribution (EFC) in Actual Dollars

 (Based on Fall Term Entering Student Information - Spring Entrants not included)

NOTE: Includes international students and assumes they have a family contribution of $\$ 0$.
Compiled by the Office of Institutional Research and Assessment, June 2020

## All Graduates:

Average Expected Family Contribution (EFC) in 2019 Constant Dollars (Based on Fall Term Entering Student Information - Spring Entrants not included)


NOTE: Includes international students and assumes they have a family contribution of $\$ 0$.
Compiled by the Office of Institutional Research and Assessment, June 2020

## All Graduates:

## Average Family Income in 2019 Constant Dollars

(Based on Fall Term Entering Student Information - Spring Entrants not included)


NOTE: Includes international students and assumes they have a family income of $\$ 0$.
Compiled by the Office of Institutional Research and Assessment, June 2020

Percent of 2018 Graduates with Zero Debt


Average Debt of 2018 Graduates with Loans by State



NOTE: Data are not available for Alice Lloyd College, Brescia Univ, Kentucky Wesleyan Univ, Lindsey Wilson College, Mid-Continent Univ, Union College, and University of the Cumberlands.

Average Debt of 2018 Graduates with Loans for Kentucky Institutions (Public 4-Year and Private Non-Profit 4-Year)


NOTE: Data are not available for Alice Lloyd College, Brescia Univ, Kentucky Wesleyan Univ, Lindsey Wilson College, Mid-Continent Univ, Union College and University of the Cumberlands.

Percentage of All Graduates and Their Families with Zero Educational Debt (No Loans)


NOTE: Includes parent loans.
Compiled by the Office of Institutional Research and Assessment, June 2020

Percentage of Graduates and Their Families with Zero Educational Debt (No Loans)
Domestic Graduates vs. International Graduates


[^1]
## Percentage of All Non-Traditional* Domestic Graduates with Zero Educational Debt (No Loans)



Graduation Year/Total Number of Non-Traditional* Domestic Graduates
*A graduate is considered "non-traditional" if at any point at Berea the student was considered a non-traditional student. A non-traditional student is defined as being 24 years of age or older and/or married and/or has a child/children/legal dependent. Domestic students complete the FAFSA which verifies this status. International students are not included in this report as non-traditional students. All international students have an EFC of $\$ 0$ and complete no paperwork that would verify the non-traditional status other than age.

Distribution of Graduate Debt and Average Debt in 2019 Constant Dollars
Academic Years 2014-15, 2015-16, 2016-17, 2017-18, and 2018-19

2014-15


2015-16


2016-17



| Based on: | Graduates with Debt |  | All Graduates |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :--- | :---: |
|  | Mean | Median | Mean | Median |
|  |  |  |  |  |
| $2014-15$ | $\$ 8,198$ | $\$ 5,349$ | $\$ 5,545$ | $\$ 2,421$ |
| $2015-16$ | $\$ 7,815$ | $\$ 4,222$ | $\$ 5,150$ | $\$ 2,120$ |
| $2016-17$ | $\$ 6,334$ | $\$ 3,762$ | $\$ 3,696$ | $\$ 1,016$ |
| $2017-18$ | $\$ 6,953$ | $\$ 5,029$ | $\$ 3,835$ | $\$ 1,000$ |
| $2018-19$ | $\$ 5,607$ | $\$ 3,856$ | $\$ 2,886$ | $\$ 305$ |

2017-18


2018-19


## Distribution of Graduate Debt in 2019 Constant Dollars and Average Debt of Borrowers

Domestic Graduates

| Mean: $\$ 5,755$ | $\mathbf{2 0 1 8 - 1 9}$ |
| :--- | :---: |
| Median: $\$ 4,129$ | $\mathbf{( N = 2 7 1 )}$ |



| Mean: $\$ 7,209$ | $\mathbf{2 0 1 7 - 1 8}$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| Median: $\$ 5,400$ | $\mathbf{( N = 2 8 1 )}$ |



```
Mean: $6,669
Median: $4,332
```



International Graduates


| Mean: $\$ 1,902$ | $\mathbf{2 0 1 7 - 1 8}$ |
| :--- | ---: |
| Median: $\$ 1,918$ | $\mathbf{( N = 2 0 )}$ |



| Mean: $\$ 1,506$ | $\mathbf{2 0 1 6 - 1 7}$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| Median: $\$ 692$ | $\mathbf{( N = 2 6 )}$ |



## Distribution of Graduate Debt in 2019 Dollars and Average Debt of Borrowers by Cohort Type

 Academic Year 2018-2019
## African-American Graduates* ( $\mathrm{N}=54$ ) <br> (Mean: \$6,515 Median: \$5,492



All Other Domestic Graduates
( $\mathrm{N}=217$ )
(Mean: \$5,497 Median: \$3,610


International Graduates
( $\mathrm{N}=34$ )
(Mean: \$2,429 Median: \$1,680


Zero Debt

Less than \$1,000
$\$ 1,000$ to $\$ 4,999$
$\$ 5,000$ to $\$ 9,999$
\$10,000 and over

Distribution of Graduate Debt in 2019 Dollars and Average Debt of all Graduates by Cohort Type by Sex

|  | 2018-2019 Graduates |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | African-A <br> Males $(\mathrm{N}=19)$ | merican* <br> Females $(\mathrm{N}=35)$ | All Other Males ( $\mathrm{N}=105$ ) | Domestic <br> Females $(\mathrm{N}=112)$ | F-1 Inter Males $(\mathrm{N}=18)$ |  |
| Zero Debt | 37\% | 26\% | 56\% | 41\% | 72\% | 88\% |
| Less than \$1,000 | 21\% | 3\% | 9\% | 6\% | 0\% | 0\% |
| \$1,000 to \$4,999 | 11\% | 23\% | 18\% | 29\% | 28\% | 6\% |
| \$5,000 to \$9,999 | 21\% | 34\% | 8\% | 13\% | 0\% | 6\% |
| \$10,000 and over | 11\% | 14\% | 10\% | 11\% | 0\% | 0\% |
| Mean (All Graduates) | \$3,057 | \$5,414 | \$2,389 | \$3,258 | \$485 | \$517 |
| Median (All Graduates) | \$509 | \$4,592 | \$0 | \$1,450 | \$0 | \$0 |


|  | 2017-2018 Graduates |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | African-A Males $(\mathrm{N}=11)$ | merican* <br> Females $(N=52)$ | All Other Males $(\mathrm{N}=80)$ | Domestic <br> Females $(N=138)$ | F-1 Inter Males $(N=8)$ | ational Females $(N=12)$ |
| Zero Debt | 45\% | 27\% | 55\% | 43\% | 63\% | 58\% |
| Less than \$1,000 | 0\% | 4\% | 8\% | 4\% | 0\% | 8\% |
| \$1,000 to \$4,999 | 9\% | 37\% | 11\% | 22\% | 38\% | 33\% |
| \$5,000 to \$9,999 | 27\% | 17\% | 15\% | 15\% | 0\% | 0\% |
| \$10,000 and over | 18\% | 15\% | 11\% | 15\% | 0\% | 0\% |
| Mean (All Graduates) | \$5,426 | \$4,506 | \$3,199 | \$4,269 | \$719 | \$788 |
| Median (All Graduates) | \$3,443 | \$2,271 | \$0 | \$1,744 | \$0 | \$0 |


|  | 2016-2017 Graduates |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | African-A Males $(N=20)$ | merican* <br> Females $(N=45)$ | All Other Males $(\mathrm{N}=96)$ | Domestic <br> Females $(N=130)$ | F-1 Inter Males ( $\mathrm{N}=15$ ) | ational Females $(N=11)$ |
| Zero Debt | 45\% | 31\% | 42\% | 42\% | 67\% | 36\% |
| Less than \$1,000 | 5\% | 9\% | 8\% | 4\% | 27\% | 27\% |
| \$1,000 to \$4,999 | 35\% | 33\% | 17\% | 27\% | 7\% | 36\% |
| \$5,000 to \$9,999 | 10\% | 16\% | 14\% | 15\% | 0\% | 0\% |
| \$10,000 and over | 5\% | 11\% | 20\% | 12\% | 0\% | 0\% |
| Mean (All Graduates) | \$2,299 | \$3,771 | \$4,705 | \$3,741 | \$234 | \$1,324 |
| Median (All Graduates) | \$959 | \$2,082 | \$1,145 | \$1,545 | \$0 | \$373 |


|  | 2015-2016 Graduates |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | African-A <br> Males $(N=18)$ | merican* <br> Females $(N=34)$ | All Other Males $(N=83)$ | Domestic <br> Females $(N=139)$ | F-1 Inter Males $(N=11)$ | ational Females $(N=20)$ |
| Zero Debt | 50\% | 32\% | 36\% | 29\% | 36\% | 50\% |
| Less than \$1,000 | 6\% | 6\% | 5\% | 6\% | 36\% | 15\% |
| \$1,000 to \$4,999 | 22\% | 26\% | 22\% | 30\% | 27\% | 35\% |
| \$5,000 to \$9,999 | 17\% | 12\% | 17\% | 16\% | 0\% | 0\% |
| \$10,000 and over | 6\% | 24\% | 20\% | 19\% | 0\% | 0\% |
| Mean (All Graduates) | \$2,752 | \$5,662 | \$5,570 | \$6,000 | \$748 | \$1,206 |
| Median (All Graduates) | \$252 | \$3,335 | \$3,100 | \$2,980 | \$189 | \$346 |

NOTE: F-1 International students are only eligible for institutional loans.
Compiled by the Office of Institutional Research and Assessment, June 2020, Updated November 2022 by Cohort Type by Gender

|  | 2014-2015 Graduates |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | African-A <br> Males $(N=26)$ | merican* <br> Females $(N=42)$ | All Other Males ( $\mathrm{N}=129$ ) | Domestic <br> Females $(N=150)$ | F-1 Inter Males $(N=17)$ | ational Females $(\mathrm{N}=10)$ |
| Zero Debt | 12\% | 14\% | 37\% | 30\% | 65\% | 80\% |
| Less than \$1,000 | 4\% | 0\% | 7\% | 6\% | 12\% | 0\% |
| \$1,000 to \$4,999 | 42\% | 26\% | 25\% | 24\% | 18\% | 0\% |
| \$5,000 to \$9,999 | 15\% | 21\% | 15\% | 21\% | 0\% | 20\% |
| \$10,000 and over | 27\% | 38\% | 16\% | 19\% | 6\% | 0\% |
| Mean (All Graduates) | \$6,872 | \$8,377 | \$5,019 | \$5,756 | \$1,186 | \$1,240 |
| Median (All Graduates) | \$3,746 | \$7,540 | \$1,888 | \$3,067 | \$0 | \$0 |

[^2]NOTE: F-1 International students are only eligible for institutional loans. by Cohort Type by Sex

|  | All Graduates (2014-15 through 2018-19) |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | African-American*  <br>   <br> Males Females <br> $(N=94)$ $(N=208)$ |  | All Other Domestic |  | F-1 International |  |
|  |  |  | Males $(\mathrm{N}=493)$ | Females $(\mathrm{N}=669)$ | Males $(N=69)$ | Females $(N=69)$ |
| Zero Debt | 35\% | 26\% | 45\% | 37\% | 62\% | 62\% |
| Less than \$1,000 | 7\% | 4\% | 7\% | 5\% | 14\% | 10\% |
| \$1,000 to \$4,999 | 27\% | 30\% | 19\% | 26\% | 22\% | 23\% |
| \$5,000 to \$9,999 | 17\% | 20\% | 13\% | 16\% | 0\% | 4\% |
| \$10,000 and over | 14\% | 20\% | 15\% | 15\% | 1\% | 0\% |
| Mean (All Graduates) | \$4,170 | \$5,470 | \$4,195 | \$4,690 | \$672 | \$997 |
| Median (All Graduates) | \$1,648 | \$3,380 | \$785 | \$2,136 | \$0 | \$0 |

[^3]NOTE: F-1 International students are only eligible for institutional loans.

## Distribution of Non-Traditional Graduate Debt in 2018 Dollars and Average Debt of Non-Traditional Graduates* by Current Non-Traditional Status**

|  | Single <br> Parent <br> ( $\mathrm{N}=7$ ) | 2018-2019 <br> Married with child(ren) ( $\mathrm{N}=4$ ) | Graduates <br> Married; no child(ren) $(\mathrm{N}=22)$ | 24 years of age or older $(\mathrm{N}=13)$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Zero Debt | 29\% | 0\% | 36\% | 31\% |
| Less than \$1,000 | 0\% | 0\% | 5\% | 23\% |
| \$1,000 to \$1,999 | 14\% | 25\% | 5\% | 8\% |
| \$2,000 to \$2,999 | 0\% | 25\% | 18\% | 8\% |
| \$3,000 to \$3,999 | 0\% | 0\% | 0\% | 8\% |
| \$4,000 to \$4,999 | 14\% | 0\% | 9\% | 8\% |
| \$5,000 to \$9,999 | 14\% | 50\% | 14\% | 8\% |
| \$10,000 and over | 29\% | 0\% | 14\% | 8\% |
| Mean of those with debt | \$9,802 | \$3,704 | \$5,709 | \$3,549 |
| Median of those with debt | \$7,901 | \$3,784 | \$4,502 | \$2,954 |
| Mean (All Graduates) | \$7,002 | \$3,704 | \$3,633 | \$2,457 |
| Median (All Graduates) | \$4,534 | \$3,784 | \$2,287 | \$757 |


|  | 2017-2018 Graduates |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Single <br> Parent <br> ( $\mathrm{N}=6$ ) | Married with child(ren) $(N=7)$ | Married; <br> no child(ren) $(N=24)$ | $\begin{array}{\|c} 24 \text { years of } \\ \text { age or } \\ \text { older } \\ (N=20) \\ \hline \end{array}$ |
| Zero Debt | 33\% | 0\% | 42\% | 45\% |
| Less than \$1,000 | 17\% | 0\% | 0\% | 5\% |
| \$1,000 to \$1,999 | 0\% | 0\% | 0\% | 15\% |
| \$2,000 to \$2,999 | 0\% | 29\% | 13\% | 0\% |
| \$3,000 to \$3,999 | 0\% | 0\% | 13\% | 0\% |
| \$4,000 to \$4,999 | 0\% | 0\% | 4\% | 0\% |
| \$5,000 to \$9,999 | 17\% | 14\% | 17\% | 20\% |
| \$10,000 and over | 33\% | 57\% | 13\% | 15\% |
| Mean of those with debt | \$9,715 | \$11,772 | \$6,297 | \$8,300 |
| Median of those with debt | \$9,030 | \$12,969 | \$5,060 | \$6,037 |
| Mean (All Graduates) | \$6,477 | \$11,772 | \$3,673 | \$4,565 |
| Median (All Graduates) | \$2,818 | \$12,969 | \$2,438 | \$775 |


|  | Single <br> Parent $(\mathrm{N}=3)$ | 2016-2017 <br> Married with child(ren) $(\mathrm{N}=8)$ | Graduates <br> Married; no child(ren) $(\mathrm{N}=13)$ | 24 years of age or older $(\mathrm{N}=27)$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Zero Debt | 33\% | 0\% | 54\% | 33\% |
| Less than \$1,000 | 0\% | 0\% | 0\% | 0\% |
| \$1,000 to \$1,999 | 0\% | 13\% | 8\% | 7\% |
| \$2,000 to \$2,999 | 0\% | 13\% | 0\% | 15\% |
| \$3,000 to \$3,999 | 0\% | 0\% | 23\% | 7\% |
| \$4,000 to \$4,999 | 0\% | 0\% | 0\% | 0\% |
| \$5,000 to \$9,999 | 33\% | 38\% | 8\% | 22\% |
| \$10,000 and over | 33\% | 38\% | 8\% | 15\% |
| Mean of those with debt | \$10,514 | \$10,110 | \$7,018 | \$6,315 |
| Median of those with debt | \$10,514 | \$8,452 | \$3,713 | \$6,005 |
| Mean (All Graduates) | \$7,009 | \$10,110 | \$3,239 | \$4,210 |
| Median (All Graduates) | \$6,557 | \$8,452 | \$0 | \$2,252 |


|  | 2015-2016 Graduates |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Single <br> Parent <br> ( $\mathrm{N}=6$ ) | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Married } \\ & \text { with } \\ & \text { child(ren) } \\ & (\mathrm{N}=12) \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Married; } \\ \text { no } \\ \text { child(ren) } \\ (\mathrm{N}=14) \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | 24 years of age or older ( $\mathrm{N}=2^{\prime}$ ) |
| Zero Debt | 0\% | 17\% | 21\% | 33\% |
| Less than \$1,000 | 0\% | 0\% | 0\% | 5\% |
| \$1,000 to \$1,999 | 0\% | 8\% | 21\% | 10\% |
| \$2,000 to \$2,999 | 0\% | 0\% | 14\% | 5\% |
| \$3,000 to \$3,999 | 0\% | 25\% | 14\% | 0\% |
| \$4,000 to \$4,999 | 0\% | 0\% | 0\% | 10\% |
| \$5,000 to \$9,999 | 17\% | 25\% | 7\% | 19\% |
| \$10,000 and over | 83\% | 25\% | 21\% | 19\% |
| Mean of those with debt | \$18,418 | \$13,548 | \$6,782 | \$8,624 |
| Median of those with debt | \$16,473 | \$8,051 | \$3,912 | \$5,367 |
| Mean (All Graduates) | \$18,418 | \$11,290 | \$5,329 | \$5,749 |
| Median (All Graduates) | \$16,473 | \$5,833 | \$2,735 | \$2,619 |


|  | Single <br> Parent <br> ( $\mathrm{N}=9$ ) | 2014-2015 <br> Married with child(ren) ( $\mathrm{N}=6$ ) | Graduates <br> Married; no child(ren) $(\mathrm{N}=20)$ | 24 years of age or older $(\mathrm{N}=35)$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Zero Debt | 0\% | 0\% | 25\% | 26\% |
| Less than \$1,000 | 0\% | 0\% | 0\% | 6\% |
| \$1,000 to \$1,999 | 0\% | 0\% | 5\% | 3\% |
| \$2,000 to \$2,999 | 0\% | 0\% | 15\% | 3\% |
| \$3,000 to \$3,999 | 0\% | 0\% | 0\% | 6\% |
| \$4,000 to \$4,999 | 0\% | 17\% | 0\% | 11\% |
| \$5,000 to \$9,999 | 0\% | 17\% | 20\% | 31\% |
| \$10,000 and over | 100\% | 67\% | 35\% | 14\% |
| Mean of those with debt | \$23,448 | \$18,770 | \$9,962 | \$7,059 |
| Median of those with debt | \$18,633 | \$18,105 | \$9,600 | \$6,021 |
| Mean (All Graduates) | \$23,448 | \$18,770 | \$7,471 | \$5,244 |
| Median (All Graduates) | \$18,633 | \$18,105 | \$7,572 | \$4,281 |


|  | FIVE YEARS COMBINED |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Single $(N=31)$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Married } \\ & \text { with } \\ & \text { child(ren) } \\ & (\mathrm{N}=37) \end{aligned}$ | Married; <br> no child(ren) (N = 93) | $\left\|\begin{array}{c} 24 \text { years of } \\ \text { age or } \\ \text { older } \\ (N=116) \end{array}\right\|$ |
| Zero Debt | 16\% | 5\% | 35\% | 33\% |
| Less than \$1,000 | 3\% | 0\% | 1\% | 6\% |
| \$1,000 to \$1,999 | 3\% | 8\% | 6\% | 8\% |
| \$2,000 to \$2,999 | 0\% | 11\% | 13\% | 6\% |
| \$3,000 to \$3,999 | 0\% | 8\% | 9\% | 4\% |
| \$4,000 to \$4,999 | 3\% | 3\% | 3\% | 6\% |
| \$5,000 to \$9,999 | 13\% | 27\% | 14\% | 22\% |
| \$10,000 and over | 61\% | 38\% | 18\% | 15\% |
| $5-\mathrm{yr}$ avg of Means | \$14,379 | \$11,581 | \$7,154 | \$6,769 |
| 5-yr avg of Medians | \$12,510 | \$10,272 | \$5,357 | \$5,277 |
| 5-yr Mean (All Graduates) | \$12,471 | \$11,129 | \$4,669 | \$4,445 |
| 5-yr avg: Median (All Graduates) | \$9,803 | \$9,829 | \$3,006 | \$2,137 |

*A graduate is considered "non-traditional" if at any point at Berea the student was considered a non-traditional student.
**Status is determined by the latest non-traditional status (e.g., a student was age 25 when she/he came to Berea but had a child in her/his senior year so would be counted as single parent).

NOTE: A non-traditional student is defined as being 24 years of age or older and/or married and/or has a child/children/legal dependent. Domestic students complete the FAFSA which verifies this status. International students are not included in this report. All international students have an EFC of $\$ 0$ and complete no paperwork that would verify the non-traditional status other than age.

Average Debt in 2019 Dollars of All Graduates by EFC Categories (Based on Fall Term Entering Student EFC - does not include Spring Entrants) Graduates 2014-15 through 2018-19 $(\mathrm{N}=1602)$


Average Debt in 2019 Dollars of All Graduates by EFC Categories by Sex (Based on Fall Term Entering Student EFC - does not include Spring Entrants) Graduates 2014-15 through 2018-19


Average Debt in 2019 Dollars of All Graduates by EFC Categories by Cohort Type (Based on Fall Term Entering Student EFC - does not include Spring Entrants) Graduates 2014-15 through 2018-19

*Students who identified themselves as "Black or African American" alone or in combination with another race.


Data include international students and parent loans.


Data include international students and parent loans.

Non-Traditional Domestic Graduates*: Average Educational Debt in 2019 Constant Dollars
(Based on only those with debt)

*A graduate is considered "non-traditional" if at any point at Berea the student was considered a non-traditional student.
NOTE: A non-traditional student is defined as being 24 years of age or older and/or married and/or has a child/children/legal dependent. Domestic students complete the FAFSA which verifies this status. International students are not included in this report as non-traditional students. All international students have an EFC of $\$ 0$ and complete no paperwork that would verify the non-traditional status other than age.

Non-Traditional Domestic Graduates*: Average Educational Debt in 2019 Constant Dollars
(Based on all graduates)


## Average Debt of Graduates

*A graduate is considered "non-traditional" if at any point at Berea the student was considered a non-traditional student.
NOTE: A non-traditional student is defined as being 24 years of age or older and/or married and/or has a child/children/legal dependent. Domestic students complete the FAFSA which verifies this status. International students are not included in this report. All international students have an EFC of \$0 and complete no paperwork that would verify the non-traditional status other than age.

Domestic vs. International Graduates:
Mean Debt in 2019 Constant Dollars
(Based only on those with debt)


Domestic vs. International Graduates:
Mean Debt in 2019 Constant Dollars
(Based on all graduates)


Graduates:
Distribution of Debt by Federal vs. Institutional Loans


NOTES: Includes international students and parent loans.
Federal loans include Subsidized and Unsubsidized Stafford, Perkins and Parent PLUS loans awarded primarily for term bill balances and education abroad opportunities.
Institutional loans include all Berea College student loans. These loans are used for a variety of reasons: term bills, medical/dental/optical expenses, education abroad, etc.

Graduates:
Distribution of Debt by Need-Based vs. Non-Need-Based Loans


NOTES: Includes international students and parent loans.
Need-based loans include Federal Subsidized Stafford, Perkins and all institutional loans awarded to students for a variety of reasons: term bills, medical/dental/optical expenses, education abroad, etc.
Non-need-based loans include Federal Unsubsidized Stafford, Parent PLUS, and alternative student loans. These loans are used primarily to replace Expected Family Contribution (EFC) for term bill balances and edcuation abroad opportunities.


[^0]:    *Based on students who identified themselves as "Black or African American" alone or in combination with another race.
    **A non-traditional domestic student is defined as being 24 years of age or older and/or married and/or has a child/children/legal dependent. Domestic students complete the FAFSA which verifies this status. For this report, international students are not included. International students all have an EFC of $\$ 0$ and complete no paperwork that would verify a non-traditional status other than age.

[^1]:    NOTE: Includes parent loans as well.

[^2]:    *Based on students who identified themselves as "Black or African American" alone or in combination with another race.

[^3]:    *Based on students who identified themselves as "Black or African American" alone or in combination with another race.

